



analyze. trade. evolve.

MotiveWave™  
What's New in Version 6.0

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# 1 Introduction

Welcome to MotiveWave™ version 6.0! There have been many new features and improvements to MotiveWave and we are excited to launch the latest version of our software.

## 1.1 New Product Lineup

As part of Version 6.0, we have streamlined our editions and products to make it easier to choose the product right for you.

- We have introduced 2 new editions (Standard, and Elliott Wave Lite).
- We have retired 3 editions (Charts, Charts Plus, and Strategy).
- All Add-On Modules have been absorbed into one or more editions, so we have also retired the Add-On Modules.

Our product lineup is now simply 5 different editions to choose from.

You can still upgrade to a higher edition at any time (as long as you have active support and updates). We will still put the cost you paid for the lower edition (minus any taxes, discounts or currency conversions) towards the upgrade to the higher edition, so you will only need to pay the remaining difference.

If you own any of the retired editions or modules, don't worry, they are still supported and you can continue using them. They are just no longer offered for new purchases. Please contact Sales if you have any questions concerning the product lineup change and how it affects you.

### 1.1.1 Standard Edition

The Standard Edition is our new base charting edition and is a robust, advanced charting platform. The Standard edition features are:

- 30+ Supported Brokers and Data Feed Providers
- One Broker/Data Feed per Workspace
- Cloud Workspaces
- Comprehensive set of Chart Tools, which include:
  - General Analysis Components like Trend Line (and extended), Horizontal Line (and extended), Vertical Line (and extended), Price Labels, Time Labels, Fork, Modified Schiff Fork, Channel (and extended), Range, Time and Price Range, Arrows, Support and Resistance Areas, Support and Resistance Zones, P&L Calculator/PL Targets, Cycle, Time Cycle, Wedges, Angles, Curves, Regression Tools, Circles (Radius, Diameter), Triangle, Quad Polygon, Sine Wave, Quadrant Lines, Tirone Levels, Speed Lines, Cross Line
  - Fibonacci retracement, extension and expansion tools
  - Advanced Commentary & Markers like Callouts (Balloon, Line, Box), Annotation, Note, Comment, Ellipse, Boxes, Arrows (Straight, Curved), Shapes, Numbers, Letters
  - Formatting and Visibility Options
- 283+ Built-in Studies/Indicators, including Multiple Time Frame Studies, Multiple Instrument Studies (Instrument Overlay/Graph, Spread, Ratio), and ability to Choose a Different Instrument for a Study Graph
- Free Java SDK for [programming your own custom studies/indicators/strategies](#).
- Unlimited Chart Templates and Chart Linking

- 19 Chart Bar Types, which are:
  - OHLC bars, HLC bars
  - Candlesticks, Trend Candlesticks, 3D Candlesticks, Hollow Candlesticks, Flat Candlesticks
  - OHLC Heikin-Ashi, Candle Heikin-Ashi, Trend Heikin-Ashi, Hollow Heikin-Ashi
  - Percent Change, Line, Line (Shaded), Line (Gradient)
  - Bars, Flat Bars, 3D Bars, No Bars
- Data Import/Export
- Repository
- Console Pages
- Timeframe Visibility Options
- Simple Price Alerts
- Replay Mode
- Order Flow Tools—only includes Volume Profile (*Does NOT include Order Flow 10 Studies Pack - TPO, Depth of Market, Bid/Ask Volume, DOM History, Big Trades Study, DOM Power, Speed of Tape, Speed Gauge, Delta Volume, Cumulative Delta*)
- Bar Schemes
- Harmonic Components
  - Bull/Bear versions of manual Harmonic Components like Gartley, Butterfly, Crab, Deep Crab, Bat, Alternate Bat, Shark, Cypher, AB=CD, Alternate AB=CD, 5-0, 3 Drives
- Gann Components/Tools
  - Gann Fan, Wedge, Angles (1x1, 2x1, 3x1, 4x1, 8x1, 16x1, 1x2, 1x3, 1x4, 1x8, 1x16), Arc, Half Arc, Circle, Cross Square, Rotatable Square, Grid, Gann Box, Ratio Grid, Gann time and ratio analysis, Pyrapoint, square price scaling, and more

### 1.1.2 Elliott Wave Lite Edition

The Elliott Wave Lite Edition is the other new charting platform addition to our product lineup and is perfect for the Elliott Wave market analyst. The Elliott Wave Lite Edition includes everything in the Standard Edition above as well as:

- Analysis Packs
- Elliott Wave Tools Pack
  - Manual Elliott Wave Tools
    - EW Components - Allows you to drag a pattern onto the chart and then 'wire up' the points where you want them. You can readjust where the pattern is at any time.
    - EW Tools - Simply choose the pattern you want to draw from a dropdown menu, then click on the chart where you want each of the points. As you click the points, MotiveWave will draw in the labels and lines for you. You can readjust where the pattern is at any time.
  - Elliott Wave Markers - A simpler version of the Elliott Wave components, which may be used to place an Elliott Wave label (just a label, no lines) on the chart. This can be useful for showing an alternative wave count on the same chart as the primary count.
  - Semi-Automatic Elliott Wave Tools
    - Auto Wave Tool - Select a section of the chart and MotiveWave will automatically fill in the best patterns within that section. You can adjust where the pattern is at any time.

- Auto Analyzer - Need help getting started with a wave count? Auto Analyze will automatically plot Elliott Wave patterns over a specified range of data to a specified level of decomposition on one chart, either based on a Data Window or a Start Date.
- Automatic Elliot Wave Tools
  - Auto Elliott Wave Study - Looking for fully automated wave counts? The Auto Elliott Wave Study will create and automatically update a wave count in real time, as new historical bars are generated.
- Wave Ratio and Time Analysis
  - Fibonacci ratios between waves are an essential tool for forecasting price movements. MotiveWave supports all price and time ratios (examples: 2 vs 1, 4 vs 3, B vs A, C vs A+B, X vs W). Multiple ratios can be displayed at the same time and conveniently accessed using keyboard shortcuts.
- Decompose Waves
  - MotiveWave allows you to easily decompose wave formations to multiple levels on all of our Elliott Wave tools
  - Depending on the Elliott Wave tool you're using, you can tell MotiveWave to automatically decompose to a specific number of levels, to decompose to all possible levels, or MotiveWave will also highlight the possible patterns available to use to decompose a specific pattern you're looking at, if you want to choose the decompose pattern yourself.

### 1.1.3 Trade Edition

Along with the many new implemented features and enhancements mentioned below for Version 6.0, we've also added these additional features into the Trade Edition (vs. Version 5.4.25), as part of our product lineup change:

- Exit Strategies (new name, previously entry/exit strategies)
- Unlimited Chart Templates
- Unlimited Chart Linking (previously limited to Link All/Red Group)
- Replay Mode
- Data Import/Export
- Heikin Ashi
- Percent Change Charts
- Console Pages
- Square Price Scaling
- Bar Schemes
- Simple Price Alerts
- Timeframe Visibility Options
- General Analysis Components
  - Trend Line (and extended), Horizontal Line (and extended), Vertical Line (and extended), Price Labels, Time Labels, Fork, Modified Schiff Fork, Channel (and extended), Range, Time and Price Range, Arrows, Support and Resistance Areas, Support and Resistance Zones, P&L Calculator/PL Targets, Cycle, Time Cycle, Wedges, Angles, Curves, Regression Tools, Circles



(Radius, Diameter), Triangle, Quad Polygon, Sine Wave, Quadrant Lines, Tirone Levels, Speed Lines, Cross Line

- Advanced Commentary & Markers
  - Callouts (Balloon, Line, Box), Annotation, Curly Braces, Brackets, Note, Comment, Ellipse, Boxes, Arrows (Straight, Curved), Shapes, Numbers, Letters
  - Formatting and Visibility Options
- Harmonic Components
  - Bull/Bear versions of manual Harmonic Components like Gartley, Butterfly, Crab, Deep Crab, Bat, Alternate Bat, Shark, Cypher, AB=CD, Alternate AB=CD, 5-0, 3 Drives
- Gann Components/Tools
  - Gann Fan, Wedge, Angles (1x1, 2x1, 3x1, 4x1, 8x1, 16x1, 1x2, 1x3, 1x4, 1x8, 1x16), Arc, Half Arc, Circle, Cross Square, Rotatable Square, Grid, Gann Box, Ratio Grid, Gann time and ratio analysis, Pyrapoint, square price scaling, and more

### 1.1.4 Professional Edition

Along with the many new implemented features and enhancements mentioned below for Version 6.0, we've also added these additional features into the Professional Edition (vs. Version 5.4.25), as part of our product lineup change.

- Exit Strategies (new name, previously entry/exit strategies)
- Analysis Packs
- Custom Order Shortcuts
- Timeframe Visibility Options
- Harmonic Components/Tools
  - Bull/Bear versions of manual Harmonic Components like Gartley, Butterfly, Crab, Deep Crab, Bat, Alternate Bat, Shark, Cypher, AB=CD, Alternate AB=CD, 5-0, 3 Drives
  - Auto Gartley tool
  - Auto AB=CD tool
- Auto Harmonic Study
- Harmonic Scanner
- Gann Components/Tools
  - Gann Fan, Wedge, Angles (1x1, 2x1, 3x1, 4x1, 8x1, 16x1, 1x2, 1x3, 1x4, 1x8, 1x16), Arc, Half Arc, Circle, Cross Square, Rotatable Square, Grid, Gann Box, Ratio Grid, Gann time and ratio analysis, Pyrapoint, square price scaling, and more

### 1.1.5 Ultimate Edition

The Ultimate Edition continues to be our top of the line charting, trading, and Elliott Wave platform, which includes all of our features.

The main difference between Professional and Ultimate, is that Ultimate includes all Elliott Wave functionality and Hurst Cycles.

## 2 Cloud Workspaces

Cloud workspaces are hosted on MotiveWave's server and can be accessed from any computer using the same license key. Cloud workspaces hold all of their data in the MotiveWave™ cloud (including settings, instruments analysis etc.) but also hold a local copy so that the workspace can be opened in "offline" mode. Any changes that are made to the workspace in "offline" mode will be synchronized with the cloud workspace the next time you open the workspace in "online" mode.

### 2.1 Synchronization

Workspace synchronization involves uploading new or changed files and removing deleted files from the cloud repository. For efficiency, untouched files will not be included in the synchronization process. Synchronization occurs at the following times:

1. **Startup** – When the workspace is first loaded, it will be synchronized with the cloud to ensure that the latest files are loaded to the local disk.
2. **Interval** – MotiveWave™ will run the synchronization process at a constant interval (current every minute) to check for changes and upload them to the cloud. This happens in the background and will not affect your usage of MotiveWave™.
3. **Shutdown** – When closing the workspace, any remaining changes will be synchronized with the cloud.
4. **Manual** – At any point you can force the synchronization to occur by choosing **Configure -> Synchronize Workspace** from the Console menu bar.

### 2.2 Limitations

Cloud workspaces currently have the following limitations:

- Trial Accounts:
  - Maximum of 1 Cloud Workspace
  - Maximum workspace size is 50 MB
- Paid Accounts:
  - Maximum of 3 Cloud Workspace
  - Maximum workspace size is 200 MB

### 2.3 Creating/Editing Cloud Workspaces

A cloud workspace can be created by choosing "MotiveWave Cloud" from the location drop down in the Create Workspace dialog (see screen shot below). Existing workspaces may also be moved to the cloud in the Edit Workspace dialog. Note: you cannot change the name of a cloud workspace.

The Manage Workspace dialog has been modified to show local vs cloud workspaces (see below).

Create Workspace

**General Information**

A workspace contains connection details, configuration settings and analyses. Workspace contents can be stored locally (on the hard drive) or in the MotiveWave Cloud (accessible from other computers). **Note:** Limitations to the size and number of cloud workspaces may apply.

Workspace Name  Eg: 'jsmith123' or 'simulated acct'

Location MotiveWave Cloud

Local Disk

**Connections**

MotiveWave Cloud

The table below contains all of the brokers/data services that are configured for this workspace. Click **Add Connection** to add a new connection or select an existing connection and click **Modify** to change its properties.

Name	Service
IB	Interactive Brokers
CC	CryptoCompare

Manage Workspaces

Workspaces are used to manage connection(s) to brokers and/or data services and to store information such as analyses, scans, open charts, layouts, instruments or watch lists. The table below contains existing workspaces.

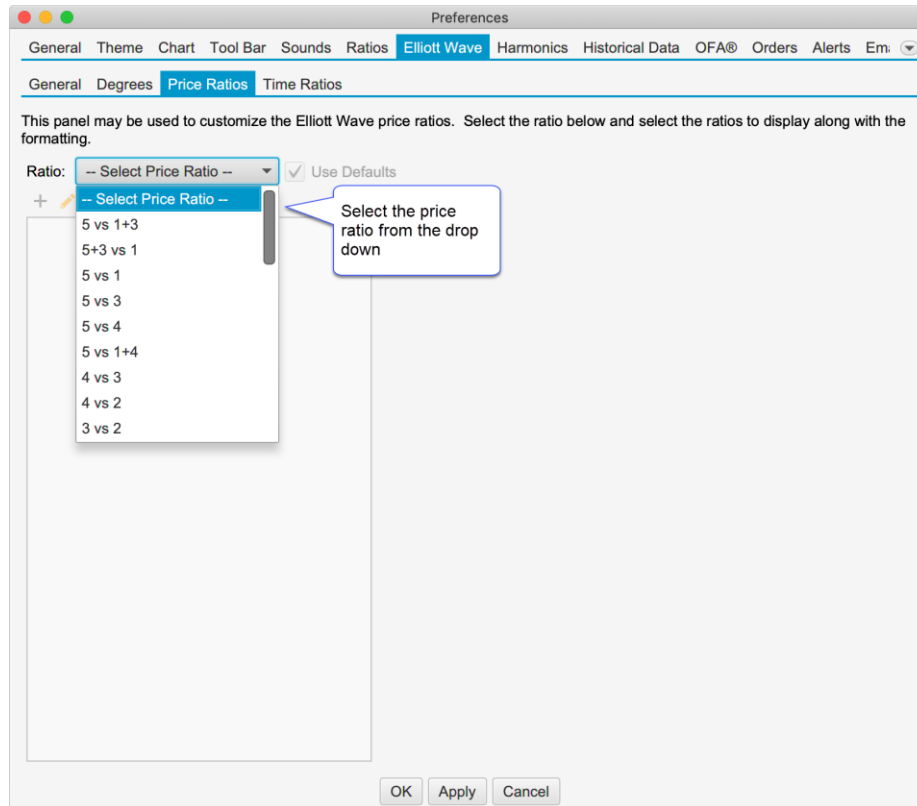
Name	Service	Location	+
Demo	Interactive Brokers	MotiveWave Cloud	
ib	Interactive Brokers	Local Disk	
goog	Google/Yahoo	Local Disk	
iq-ib	IQFeed	Local Disk	
fxiq	FOREX.com	Local Disk	
IQ_TS	IQFeed	Local Disk	
CQGA	CQG	MotiveWave Cloud	
rithmic	Rithmic	Local Disk	
cctest	Coinigy	Local Disk	
tradier	Tradier	Local Disk	
truedata	TrueData	Local Disk	
cqg-iq	CQG	Local Disk	

### 3 Elliott Wave Custom Ratios

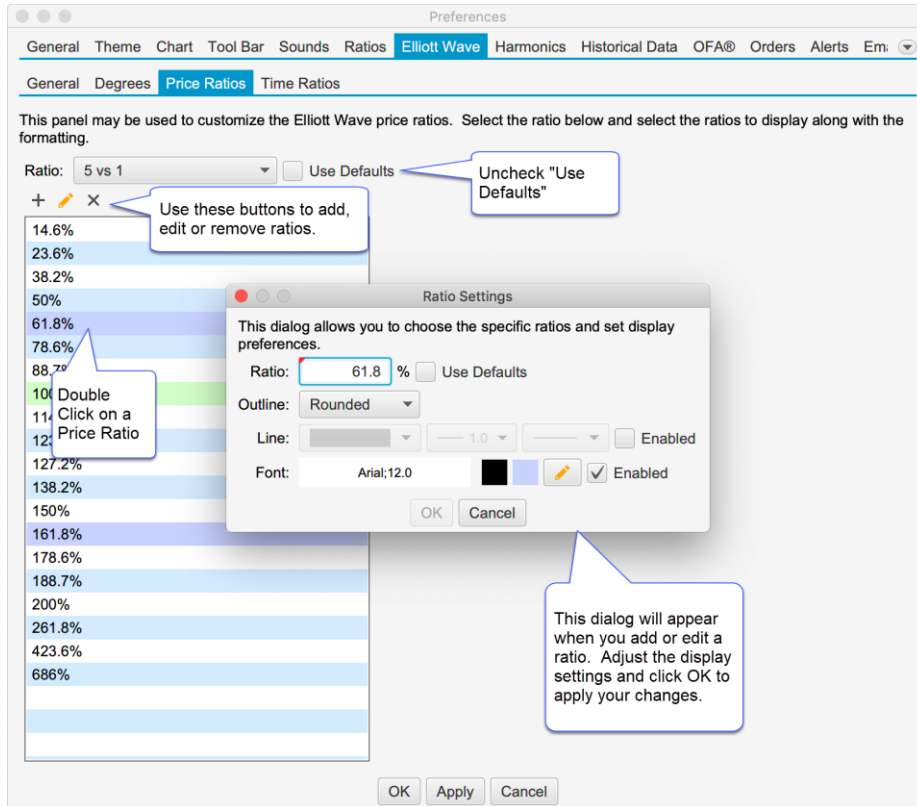
Price and time ratios for Elliott Waves may be customized from the Preferences Dialog (Configure -> Preferences from the Console menu bar, see Elliott Wave tab).

#### 3.1 Price Ratios

Select the **Price Ratios** sub tab from the **Elliott Wave** tab in the Preferences Dialog. Choose a Wave Ratio by selecting it from the drop down.

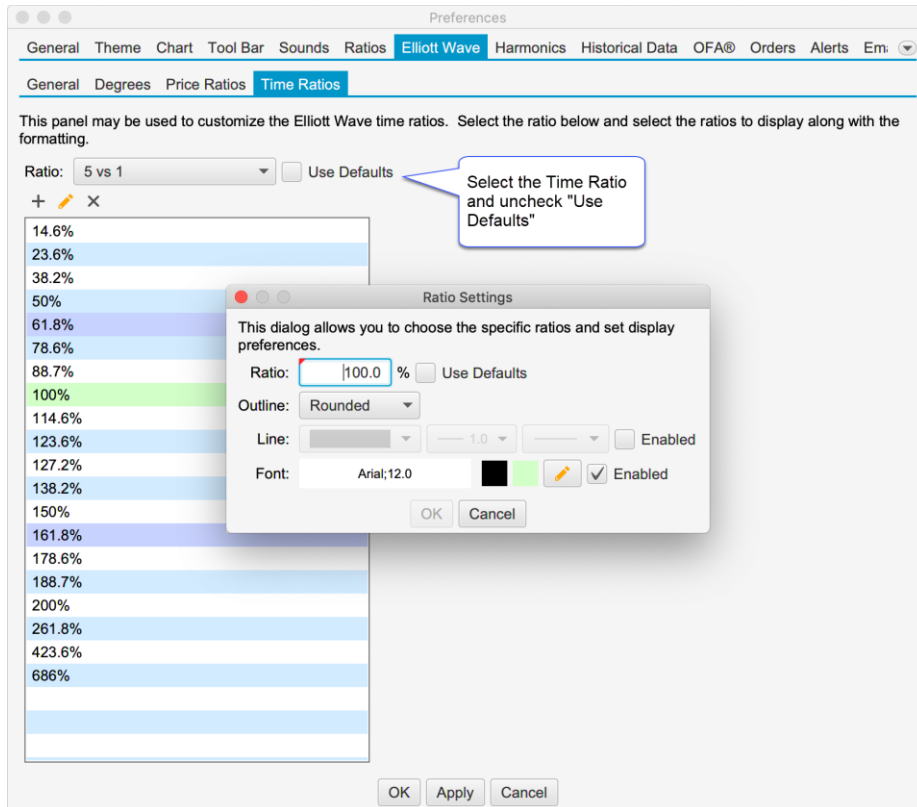


Once you have chosen a wave ratio, the existing settings will be populated in the list box. Uncheck the "Use Defaults" button to modify these ratios.



### 3.2 Time Ratios

Similar to the Price Ratios, the Time Ratios can be customized from the **Time Ratios** tab:

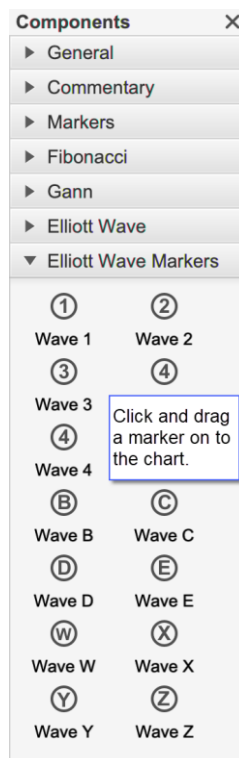


## 4 Elliott Wave Enhancements

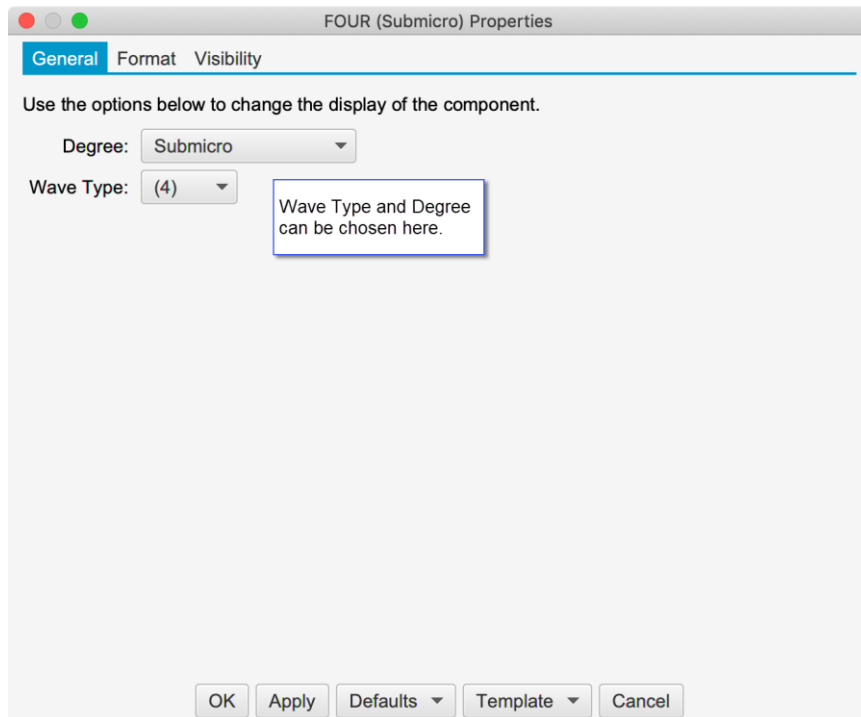
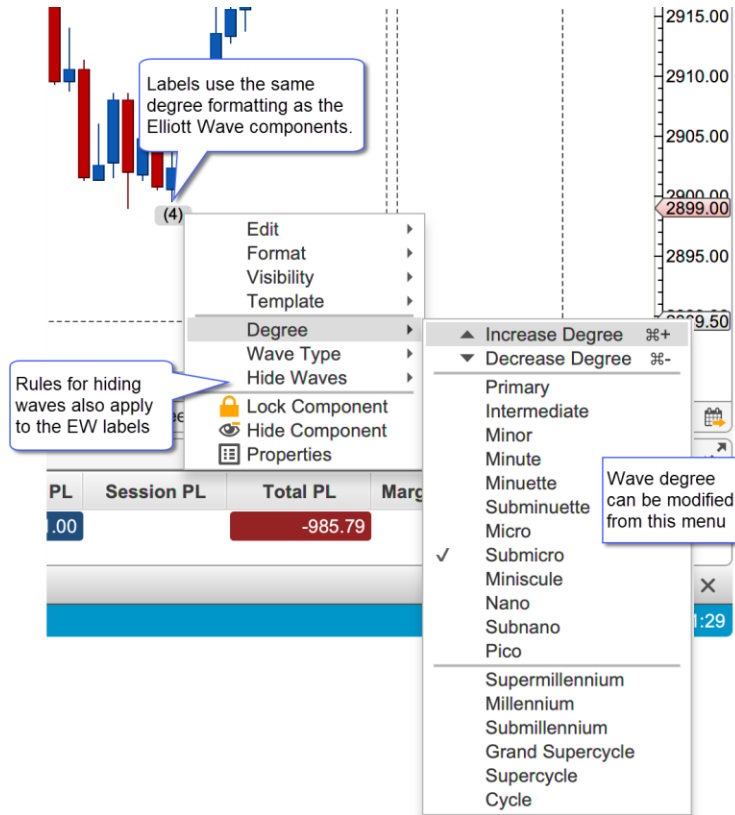
### 4.1 Elliott Wave Markers

Elliott Wave markers are a simpler version of the Elliott Wave components and may be used to place an Elliott Wave label on the chart. This can be useful for showing an alternative wave count on the same chart as the primary count.

The labels use the same degree label formatting as the Elliott Wave components. These labels also use the same rules for hiding waves above or below a specified degree.

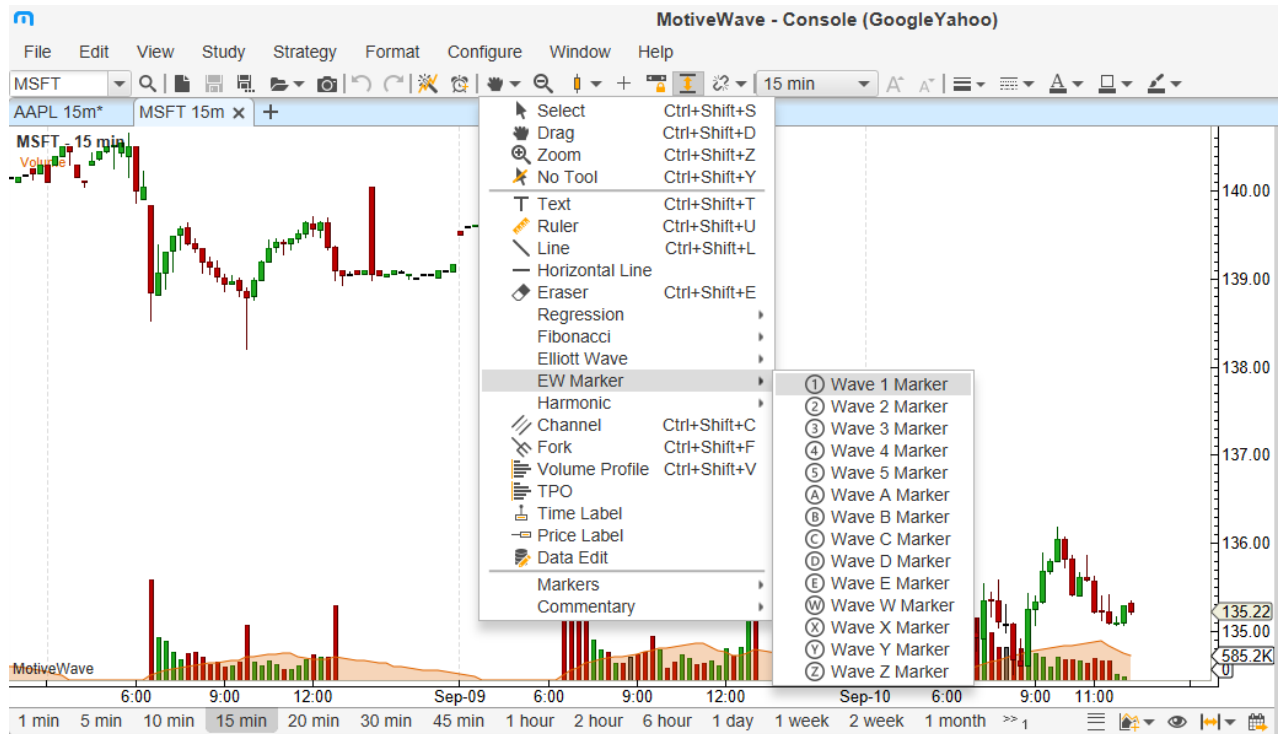


The degree of the label can be chosen from the right click (context) menu or from the Properties dialog (double click on the marker).



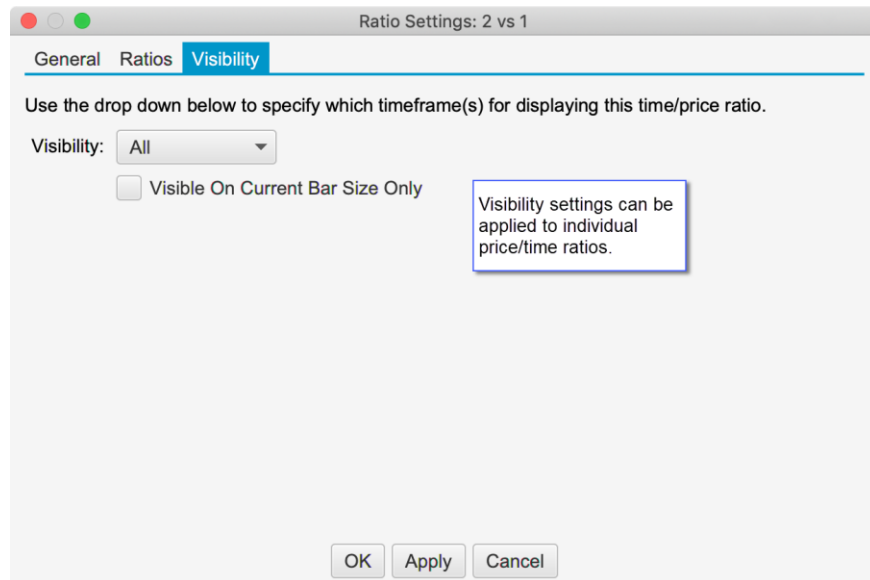
### 4.1.1 Mouse Tools

Mouse tools have been added for the Elliott Wave Markers.



### 4.2 Ratio Visibility

The visibility for individual price and time ratios can be set from the Ratio Properties dialog (double click on a ratio label). This will hide or show ratios depending on the selected bar size for the chart.

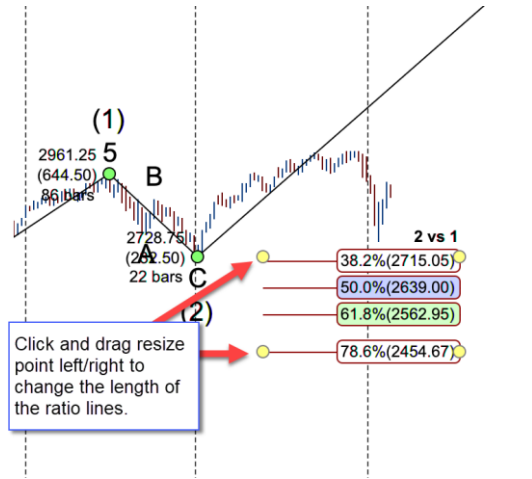


### 4.3 Left Adjust for Ratio Lines

The left side of ratio lines can now be adjusted using the mouse. Two yellow resize points are available on the left side of the ratio lines that can be dragged left or right.

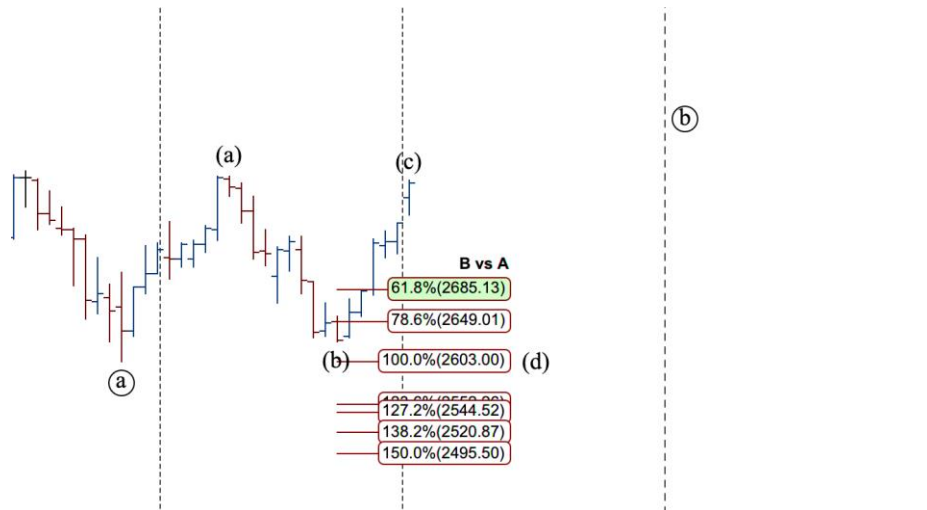
**Note:** this feature also exists on other ratio components (such as retracements, extensions and expansions).





### 4.4 Wave B vs A for Triangles

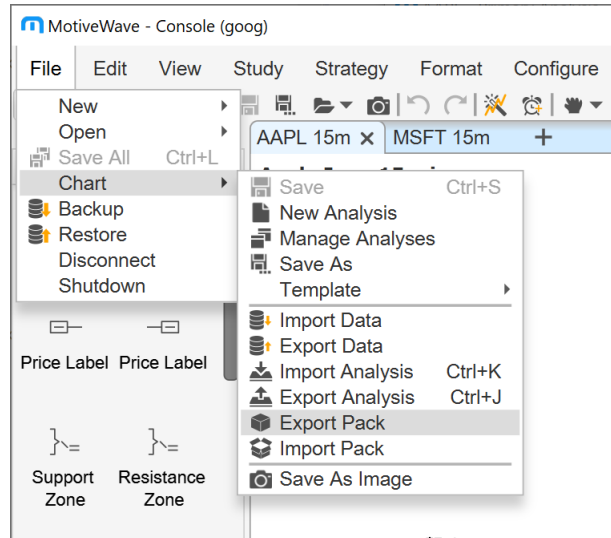
The price wave ratio B vs A has been added for triangle patterns. The main purpose of this ratio is to monitor a developing triangle that may turn into an ABC correction.



## 5 Analysis Packs

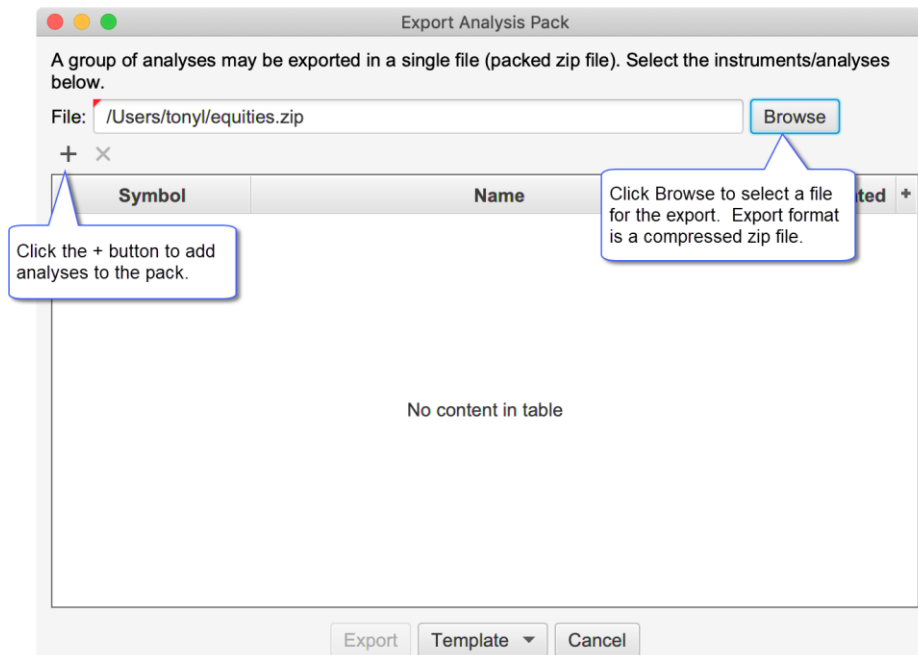
The Analysis Packs feature provides a more convenient method for sharing or transferring a set of analyses from one computer to another. This is similar to the import/export analysis feature but allows you to include multiple analyses across one or more instruments.

The Export/Import Pack options can be found under the **File -> Chart** menu of the Console menu bar:

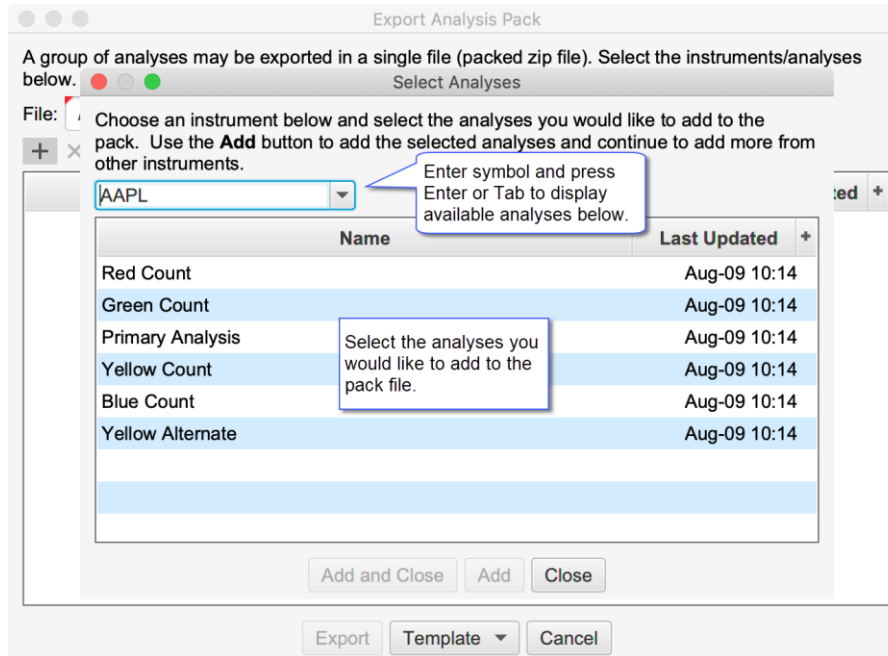


### 5.1 Exporting a Pack

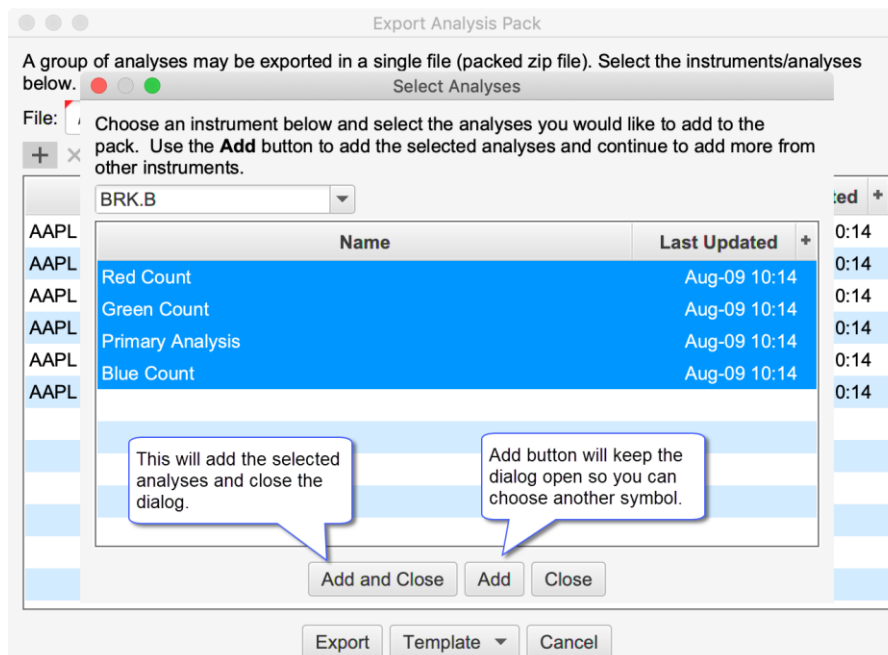
Use the **Export Analysis Pack** dialog (see below) to select a set of analyses and create a pack file. The pack file is a compressed zip file. Click on the + button to select analyses to add to the pack.



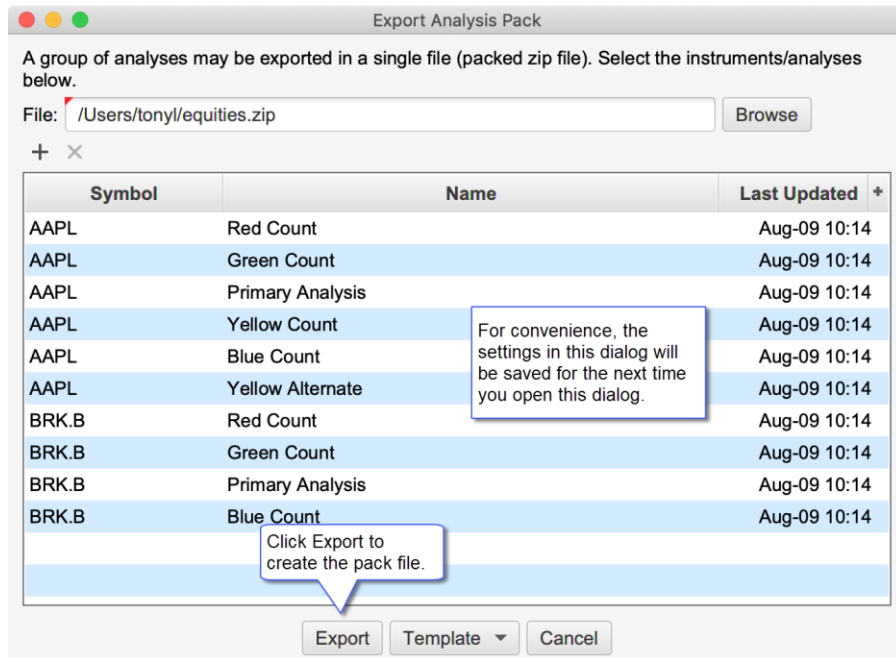
When you click on the + button the **Select Analyses** dialog will be displayed (see below). Type the symbol in the input box and press **Enter** or **Tab** to display the available analyses. Select the analyses you would like to include and press the **Add and Close** or the **Add** button.



For convenience, the **Add** button will keep the dialog open so you can choose another symbol. When you are finished, click **Add and Close** to dismiss this dialog.

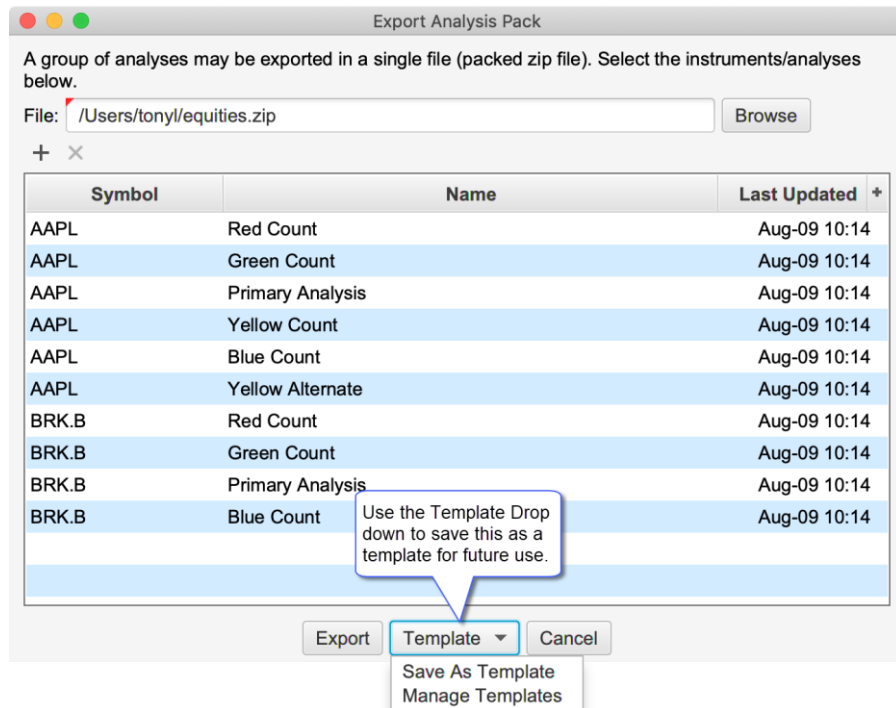


When you have completed selecting all of the analyses for the pack, click on the **Export** button at the bottom of the **Export Analysis Pack** dialog. For convenience all of the settings in this dialog will be saved for the next time you use it.

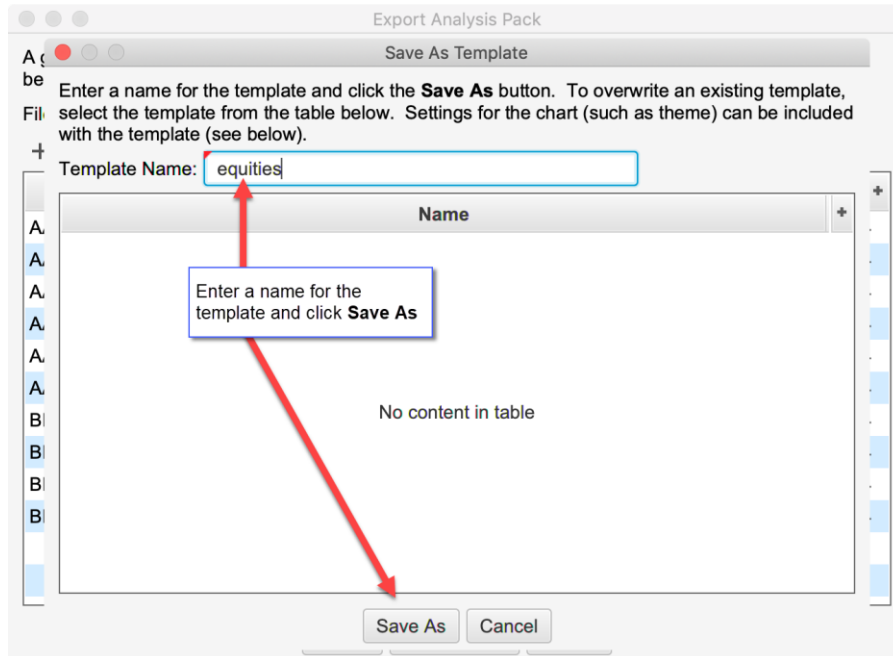


### 5.1.1 Export Templates

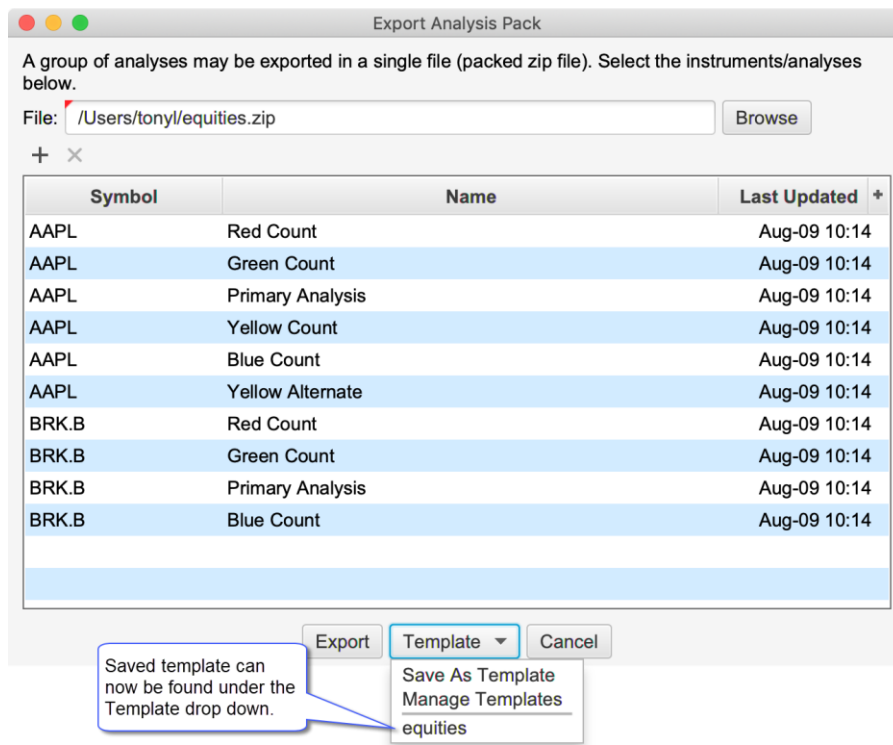
Templates are useful in cases where you frequently export different sets of analyses to one or more users or transfer files between computers.



This will launch the Save As Template dialog. Enter a name for the template and click the Save As button (see below).



The template can then be applied by choosing it from the Template drop down at the bottom of the dialog.



## 5.2 Importing a Pack

Use the **Import Analysis Pack** dialog to import analyses from a pack into your workspace. A prefix can optionally be added to each analysis. This can be useful to identify where the analyses came from or to avoid naming conflicts with existing analyses in your workspace. You can selectively choose which analyses to import. By default, all will be selected.

Import Analysis Pack

A group of analyses may be imported from a pack (zip) file. Select the pack from by pressing the browse button below. Select the analyses you would like to import and press the **Import** button below.

Optionally, a prefix may be added to the beginning of the each analysis name to separate them from existing analyses.

File:

Prefix:

Overwrite Existing Analyses

Optionally add a prefix to each analysis name to avoid name conflicts with existing analyses

Click the Browse button to locate the pack file.

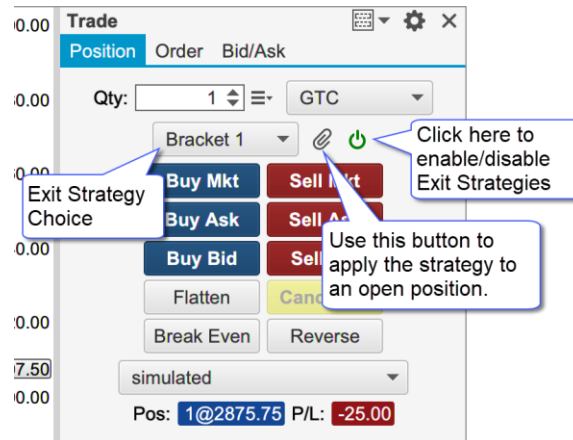
Symbol	Name	Last Updated
BRK.B	Red Count	Aug-09 10:14
BRK.B	Green Count	Aug-09 10:14
BRK.B	Primary Analysis	Aug-09 10:14
BRK.B	Blue Count	Aug-09 10:14
AAPL	Red Count	Aug-09 10:14
AAPL	Green Count	Aug-09 10:14
AAPL	Primary Analysis	Aug-09 10:14
AAPL	Yellow Count	Aug-09 10:14
AAPL	Blue Count	Aug-09 10:14
AAPL	Yellow Alternate	Aug-09 10:14

Select the analyses you would like to import from the Pack (all selected by default)

## 6 Exit Strategies

Exit strategies define how an existing position will be closed using a combination of one or more orders. This new feature replaces the existing Entry/Exit Strategies in previous versions of MotiveWave™.

The Exit Strategy control can be found in the **Trade Panel** as well as the **DOM Panel**. In the screen shot below, the Exit Strategy control is shown in the **Position** tab of the Trade Panel.



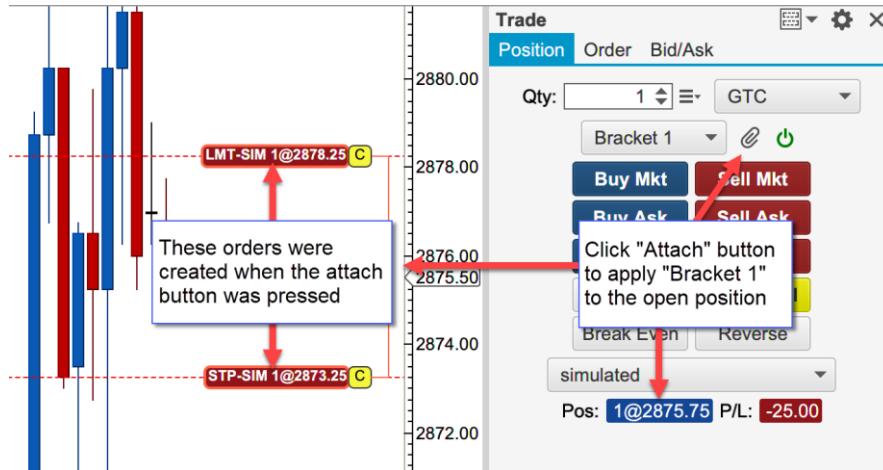
### 6.1 Executing Exit Strategies

Exit Strategies are applied when clicking on one of the entry order buttons in the panel. Use the green power button in the right-hand side of the control to disable this feature (disabled by default). For example, in the screen shot below if you click on the **Buy Mkt** button, the **Bracket 1** strategy will automatically be applied once the market order is filled.



### 6.2 Apply Strategy to Existing Position

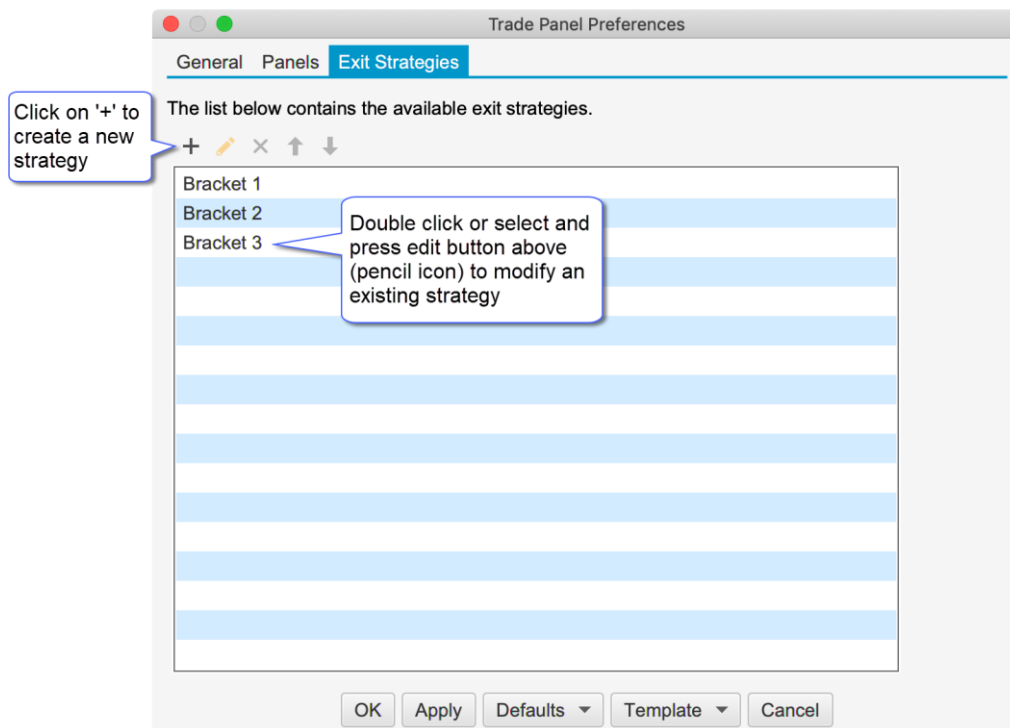
In the case where a position already exists, you can press the attach button (paper clip) to apply the selected strategy to the open position. In the screen shot below the **Bracket 1** strategy has been applied to the existing open position (1@2875.75). This created two orders: a stop and a limit submitted as OCO (One Cancels Other).



### 6.3 Configuring Exit Strategies

Exit Strategies may be configured from Trade Panel settings or from the DOM Panel settings (see Exit Strategies tab).

Click on the + button to create a new strategy. Existing strategies may be modified by double clicking on them. Three default strategies are available (which may be modified). These strategies implement 1, 2 and 3 bracket orders (stop loss + limit). Existing strategies can also be copied.

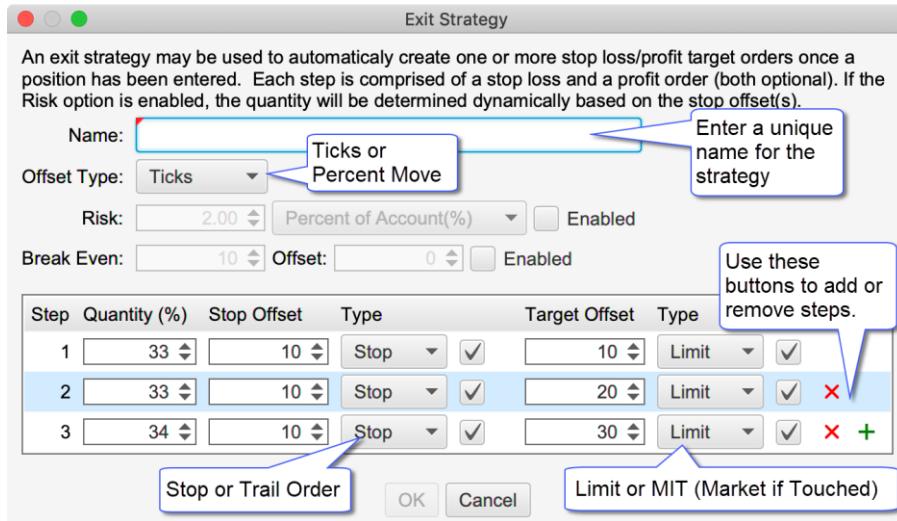


The following dialog is displayed when modifying or creating a new strategy. This dialog has the following options:

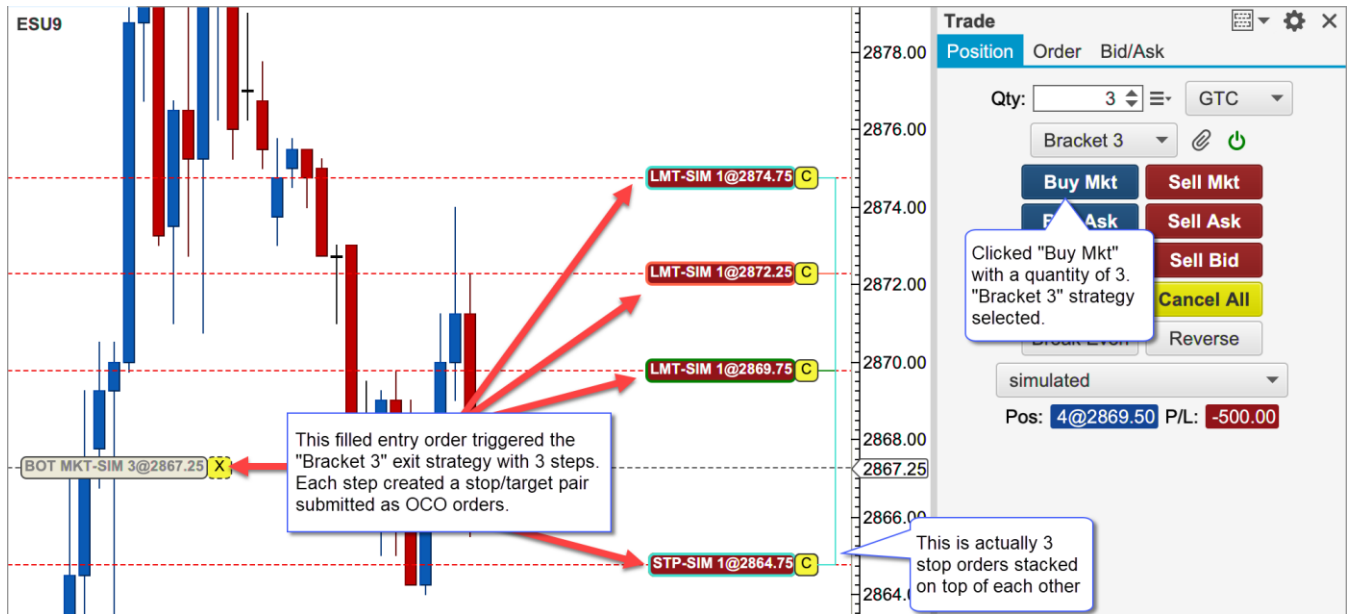
1. **Name** – Each strategy must have a unique name
2. **Offset Type** – Defines the type of offset used (see Stop Offset and Target Offset). There are two options:
  - a. **Ticks** – use a specific number of ticks (minimum price movement for an instrument) from the entry price.



- b. **Percent** – use a percent of the average entry price. This is often used for stocks. For example, if you set an offset of 1 percent and your average entry on a stock was \$10, then the offset would be  $\$10 \times 0.01 = 0.10$ .
- 3. **Risk** – Use these options to automatically set the size (quantity) based on a risk value. There are two risk options that may be used:
  - a. **Percent of Account (%)** – Dynamically calculates the maximum loss based on a percentage of current account balance.
  - b. **Fixed Amount** - Sets the maximum stop loss to the given amount.
- 4. **Break Even** – Sets the number of ticks/percent for the trade to move in a positive (profit) direction before moving the stop loss to break even.
  - a. **Offset** - An additional offset may be specified to set the stop loss above/below the entry price (often used to account for commissions and or spreads).
- 5. **Step Table** – Use this table to define the number of steps (order levels) in this strategy. Each step may have a stop loss and/or target (profit) orders. If both a stop and target order are defined for a step, these orders are submitted as an OCO (one cancels other) order. When one of the orders gets filled the other will be cancelled.
  - a. **Quantity (%)** – This defines the size (quantity) of the order as a percentage of the entry quantity. Quantities are rounded to the minimum step size for the instrument. If all of the steps add up to 100% of the entry quantity then the remaining quantity is assigned to the last step.
  - b. **Stop Offset** – Offset from the average entry price where the stop/trail order will be placed. For a buy (long) position this will be the avg entry – stop offset. For a sell (short) position this will be the entry + stop offset.
  - c. **Type (Stop Loss)** – Two options are available for the stop loss order:
    - i. **Stop** – Regular stop order. When the stop price is hit the order will be filled at market price
    - ii. **Trail** – Trailing stop order. The order will follow the price to maintain a maximum of the stop offset away.
  - d. **Check Box** – Use this option to enable or disable the stop order for this step
  - e. **Target Offset** – Offset from the average entry price where the target order will be placed. For a buy (long) position this will be the avg entry + target offset. For a sell (short) position, this will be the avg entry – target offset.
  - f. **Type (Target)** – Two options are available for the target order:
    - i. **Limit** – Limit order. This type of order guarantees the fill price but does not guarantee that the order will be filled when the target price is reached (limit orders are typically filled in the order that they are received by the broker).
    - ii. **MIT** – Market if Touched order. This type of order guarantees that the order will be filled when the price is reached. However, the fill price is not (filled at market price).
  - g. **Check Box** – Use this option to enable or disable the target order for this step.
  - h. **‘+’ or ‘x’ button** – use these buttons to add or remove steps.



The screen shot below shows the **Bracket 3** strategy executed from the **Buy Mkt** button in the Trade Panel. Three stop/target order pairs were created using the offsets defined above (10 ticks for each stop and 10, 20, 30 ticks for the target orders). Offsets are placed from the average entry price for the filled market order.

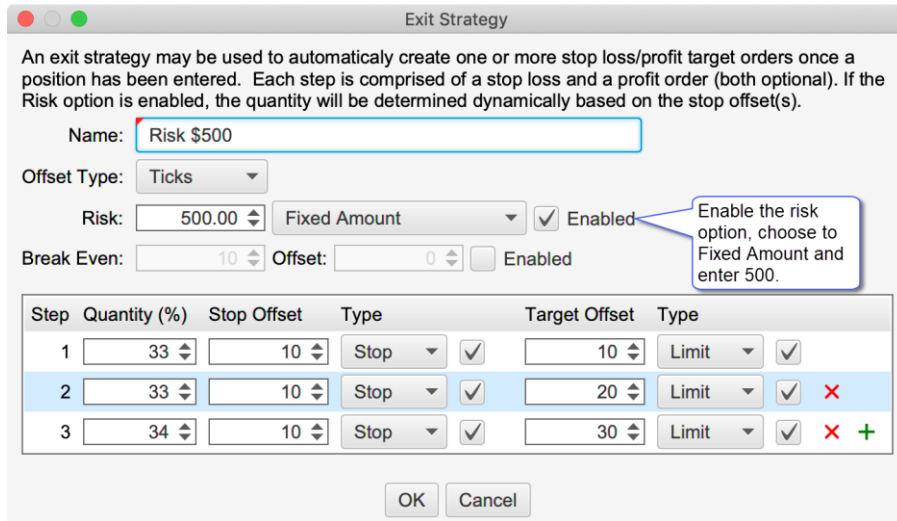


### 6.4 Risk Based Strategies

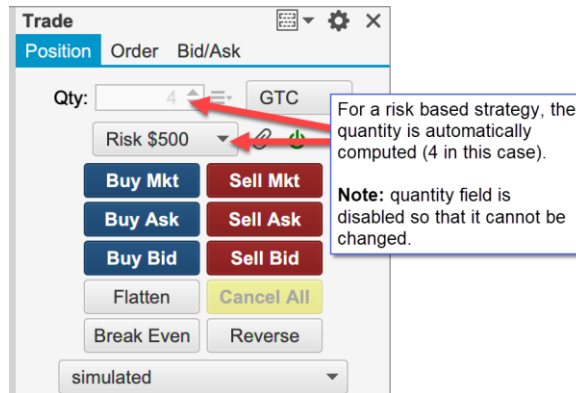
Risk based Exit Strategies are useful for controlling the amount of capital at risk during a trade (see Risk field in the Exit Strategy dialog in the previous section). The risk is controlled by automatically choosing the quantity when placing an entry order. There are two types of risk-based strategies:

1. **Percent of Account** – The amount at risk is a percentage of the active account balance. For example, if you had an account balance of \$50K and the risk setting for the strategy was 2%, then the amount at risk would be  $50K \times 0.02 = \$1000$ .
2. **Fixed Amount** – With this option you can specify exactly how much money you want to risk in a trade (ie: \$500).

The example below displays the settings for an Exit Strategy that risks a maximum of \$500.

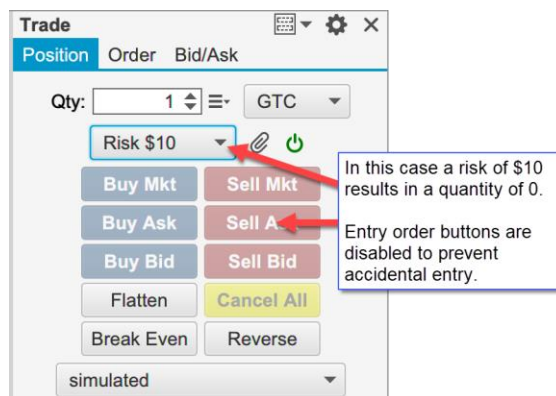


The quantity will be automatically computed when a risk-based strategy is chosen. The quantity field is also disabled so that it cannot be changed. In the screen shot below the “Risk \$500” strategy that we defined above has been chosen. Using the stop offsets in the strategy, a quantity of 4 is computed and set in the Qty field.



Depending on the instrument you are trading (and your stop offset settings), it may not be possible to set a quantity that will match exactly the risked amount. In cases like these the quantity value will be rounded down to the nearest valid quantity.

If the risk amount is too low, the quantity may work out to 0. In this case the order entry buttons will be disabled to prevent placing an order since the maximum risk amount cannot be met.



## 7 Trade Panel

**Note:** Customizable features (including defaults and templates) are only available in the Professional Edition and above. Editions below this will use the default trade panel layout.

### 7.1 Default Layout

The default layout is very similar to the layout in previous versions of MotiveWave™. This layout consists of three tabs:

1. **Position** – Used to create and manage open positions. Several new buttons have been added to this layout. A Time in Force choice and Exit Strategy control have also been added.
2. **Order** – Use this tab to place and modify existing orders. Stop/Tail and Limit orders can also be attached for a stop loss and profit target.
3. **Bid/Ask** – This tab contains a buy/sell box for quickly placing market orders.

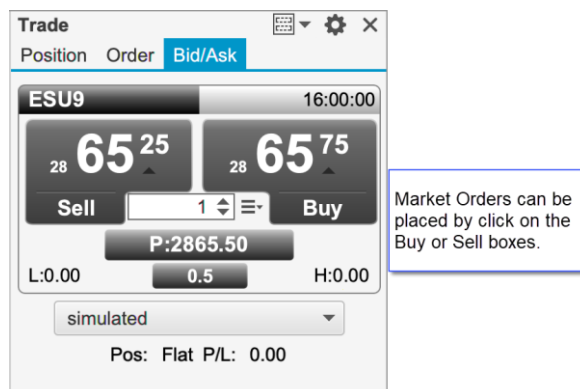
The image displays two screenshots of the MotiveWave Trade Panel interface, illustrating the 'Position' and 'Order' tabs.

**Position Tab (Top Screenshot):**

- Customizable Tabs:** Callouts point to the 'Position', 'Order', and 'Bid/Ask' tabs.
- Templates:** A callout points to the gear icon in the top right corner.
- Click here to customize the layout:** A callout points to the gear icon.
- Widgets:** A callout points to the main content area of the Position tab.
- Fields:** Qty: 4, GTC (Time in Force), Bracket 1 (Exit Strategy), Buy Mkt, Sell Mkt, Buy Ask, Sell Ask, Buy Bid, Sell Bid, Flatten, Cancel All, Break Even, Reverse, simulated (Order Type), Pos: Flat P/L: 0.00.

**Order Tab (Bottom Screenshot):**

- Order Ticket Form - use this to create a new order or modify the properties of an active order:** A callout points to the Buy/Sell buttons and the Quantity field.
- Use these fields to attach a stop/limit to the entry order (bracket orders, submitted as OCO):** A callout points to the Limit, Stop, and Trail fields.
- Fields:** Buy, Sell, Quantity: 1, Type: MKT, Expires: DAY, Limit: 0.00, Stop: 0.00, Trail: 0.00, Submit, Cancel, simulated, Pos: Flat P/L: 0.00.

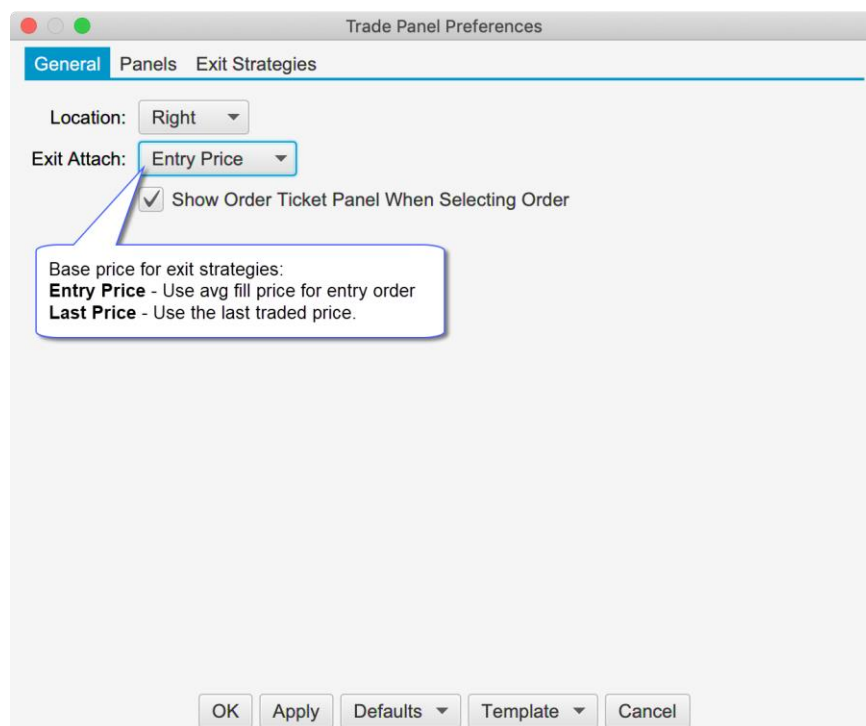


## 7.2 Trade Panel Preferences

Click on the preferences icon (gear) in the top right corner of the Trade Panel to modify the preferences.

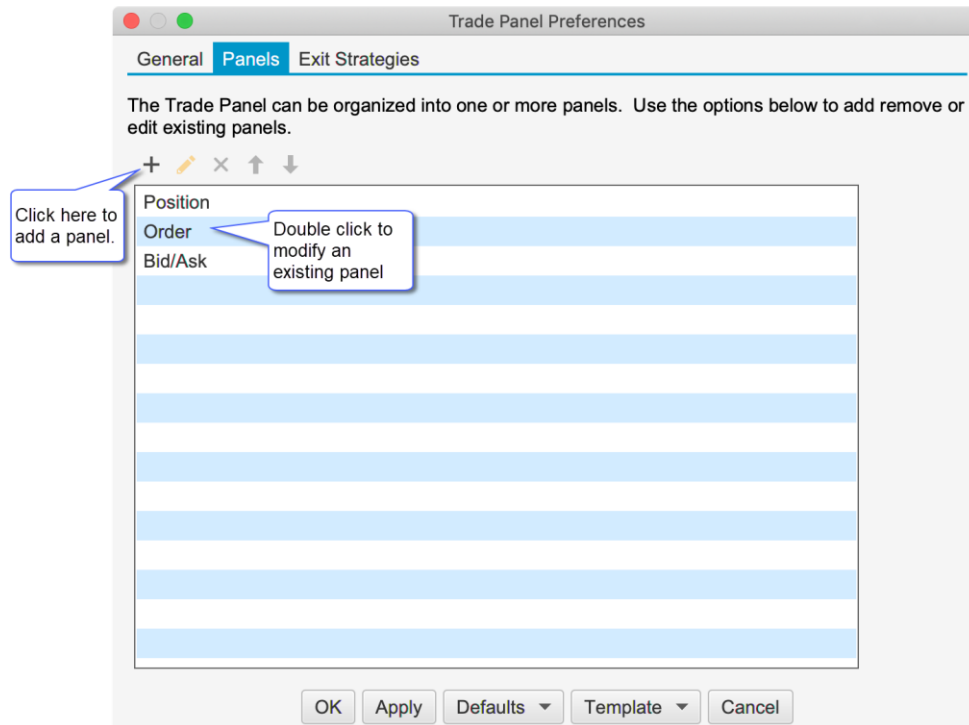
The General tab contains the following options:

1. **Location** – Left or Right side of the chart
2. **Exit Attach** – Determines the base price for computing offset values in the Exit Strategies:
  - a. **Entry Price** – Average Entry Price for the Position. this is the same as the average fill price for an entry order.
  - b. **Last Price** – Last traded price
3. **Show Order Ticket Panel When Selecting an Order** – If this is checked, the Order tab will be shown when an order is selected in the chart. The order ticket form will be filled with the order properties.



### 7.2.1 Customizing the Layout

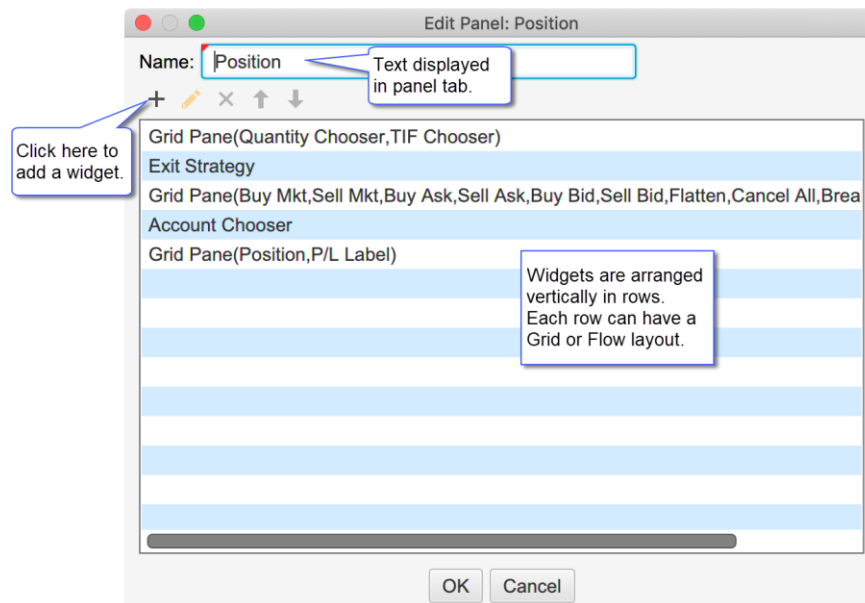
The layout of the Trade Panel can be customized from the Panels tab. Existing panels can be modified or deleted. New panels can be added by clicking on the + button.



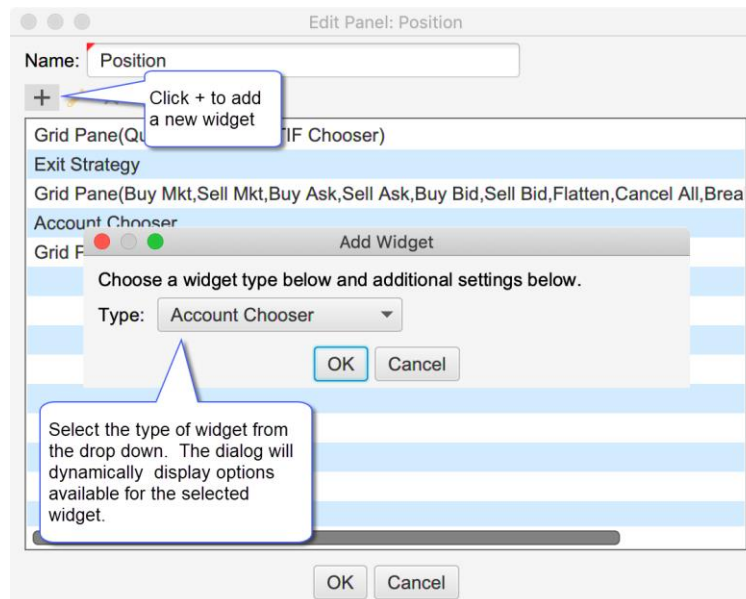
The Edit Panel dialog contains a table of widgets (form controls). Each row in the table represents a row in the panel (arranged vertically). Optionally a row can have one of the following layouts:

1. **Grid** – Widgets within the grid are centered in the row with a fixed number of columns. Optionally a widget may span multiple columns.
2. **Flow** – Widgets are arranged from left to right in a row. If there is not enough space, the widgets are wrapped around to the next line.

The screen shot below shows the Edit Panel dialog for the existing Position panel. Rows may be added to the layout by clicking on the + button. Existing rows may be modified or removed by selecting and pressing the edit/delete buttons.



The screenshot below shows how to add a new widget to a panel. The vertical order of the widgets can be adjusted by dragging them up/down or selecting and using the up/down arrow buttons.



### 7.2.1.1 Widgets

A widget is a generic name for a control, button, label or layout/formatting that can be added to a panel. The following widgets are currently supported:

#### Controls

Controls are used to execute actions or set properties. The following controls are currently supported:

1. **Account Chooser** – Selects the active account for the chart. This account will be used for placing, modifying or cancelling active orders.
2. **Buy/Sell Box** – Buy/Sell box for placing market orders. This control also contains a quantity chooser and labels for display information such as Day High/Low/Last Price etc.
3. **Exit Strategy** – Selector for the active exit strategy and buttons for attaching to an existing position and enabling/disabling the control
4. **Order Ticket** – Order ticket form. This may be used to create new orders or modify/cancel existing orders
5. **Quantity Chooser** – Allows you to set the quantity for placing an order.
6. **Quantity Selector** – Contains preset quantities (in horizontal tab format) for quickly selecting a quantity for order placement.
7. **TIF Chooser** – Selects the Time in Force attribute for placing new orders.

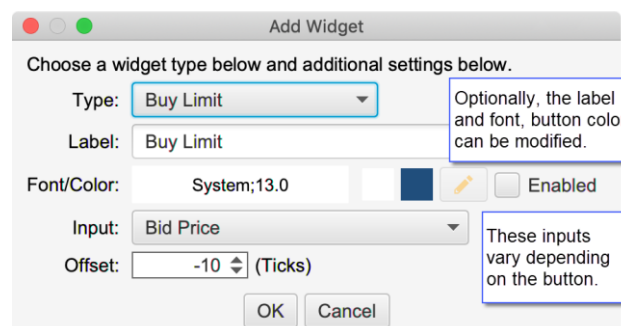
#### Buttons

Buttons are used to execute an action such as placing or cancelling an order. The label, font and color can be customized for any button. Some buttons include additional parameters (such as offset) for customizing the behavior.

1. **Break Even** – Creates a stop or limit order at the break-even price for an open position (stop if you are showing a profit, limit if showing a loss). The optional Offset will add an offset (in ticks) to your breakeven price, this can be used for breakeven +1 tick to cover commission costs.
2. **Breakout** – Creates two stop orders above and below the current market price with the given offset. When one of the orders is filled the other is canceled (OCO orders). This may be used to enter the market in the direction of trend when it breaks out of a fixed range.

3. **Break Down/Fade Up** – Creates a sell stop order below the market and a sell limit above the market with the given offset. These orders are submitted as OCO (One Cancels Other)
4. **Break Up/Fade Down** - Creates a buy stop order above the market and a buy limit below the market with the given offset. These orders are submitted as OCO (One Cancels Other)
5. **Buy Ask** – Submits a buy limit order at the ask price. Optionally an offset may be set to place the order a given number of ticks below the ask.
6. **Buy Bid** – Submits a buy limit order at the bid price. Optionally an offset may be set to place the order a given number of ticks below the bid.
7. **Buy Limit** – Submits a buy limit order at a given number of ticks from the input value (Bid Price, Ask Price, Last Price, Day High, Day Low, Open or Previous Close)
8. **Buy MIT** – Similar to Buy Limit, but places a Market If Touched order instead.
9. **Buy Mkt** – Places a Buy Mkt order
10. **Buy Stop** – Similar to Buy Limit, but places stop order instead.
11. **Cancel All** – Cancels all active orders for the given instrument and account.
12. **Cancel Buys** – Cancels all active buy orders for the given instrument and account.
13. **Cancel Sells** – Cancels all active sell orders for the given instrument and account.
14. **Fade** – Creates a Sell Limit above the market and Buy Limit below the market using a given number of offset ticks (submitted as OCO orders). This may be used to trade an instrument that is range bound (stays within a given price range).
15. **Flatten** – Closes an open position at market price (for the given instrument and account).
16. **Flatten All** – Same as Flatten, but also cancels active orders.
17. **Reverse** – Closes an open position and opens a new position in the opposite direction (with the same quantity).
18. **Sell Ask** – Similar to Buy Ask, but submits a Sell order instead.
19. **Sell Bid** – Similar to Buy Bid, but submits a Sell order instead.
20. **Sell Limit** – Similar to Buy Limit, but submits a Sell order instead.
21. **Sell MIT** – Similar to Buy MIT, but submits a Sell order instead.
22. **Sell Mkt** – Similar to Buy Mkt, but submits a Sell order instead.
23. **Sell Stop** – Similar to Buy Stop, but submits a Sell order instead.

The screen shot below shows an example of a button dialog. The available parameters (such as input or offset) will be different depending on which button is selected.



## Labels

Labels display live information:

1. **P/L Label** – Current Profit/Loss for the given instrument and account.
2. **P/L Price Label** – Current Profit/Loss measured in price movements instead of a dollar amount.
3. **Position** – Current open position and entry price for the given instrument and account.
4. **Spread** – Difference between the best bid and best ask prices for the given instrument.

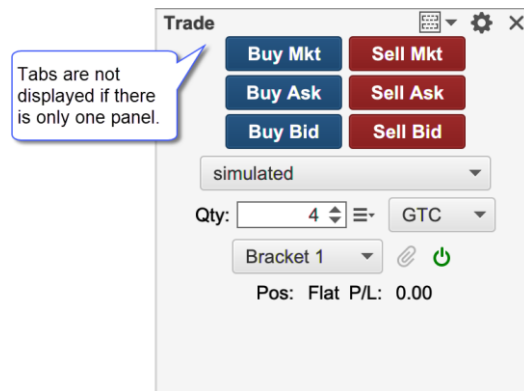


## Formatting

Formatting widgets are useful for controlling how the other widgets are arranged on the panel:

1. **Flow Pane** – Contains a set of widgets that are arranged from left to right. When there is no more room to display on the current row, the remaining widgets are wrapped onto the next line.
2. **Grid Pane** – Contains a set of widgets that are arranged in a grid with a fixed number of columns. The number of rows depends on how many widgets are in the pane.
3. **Horizontal Spacer** – Adds horizontal space between widgets
4. **Divider** – Draws a horizontal divider (typically displayed on a single row)
5. **Vertical Spacer** – Adds vertical space between rows.

The screen shot below shows an example of customizing the trade panel. In this case there is only one panel, so the tabs are not displayed.

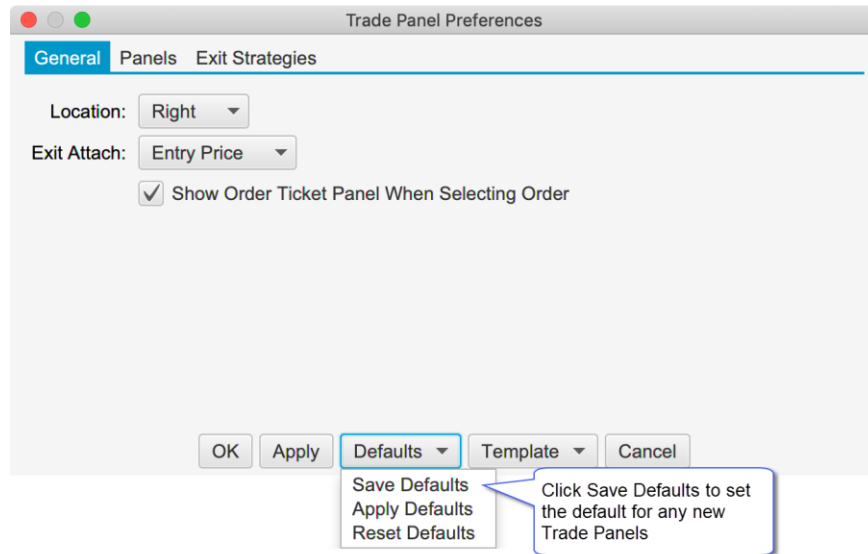


### 7.2.1.2 Cancel Existing Orders

An option has been added to cancel existing orders on the same account before executing a button action. This applies to the following custom buttons in the Trade Panel/DOM: Break Even, Flatten and Reverse.

## 7.3 Defaults

When the trade panel is modified, the changes are only applied to the active trade panel within the chart. The default layout can be modified from the Preferences Dialog (click on the gear icon in the top right corner of the trade panel). At the bottom of the dialog, click on the Defaults button. This will set the default for any new Trade Panels that are created (but will not affect existing Trade Panels).

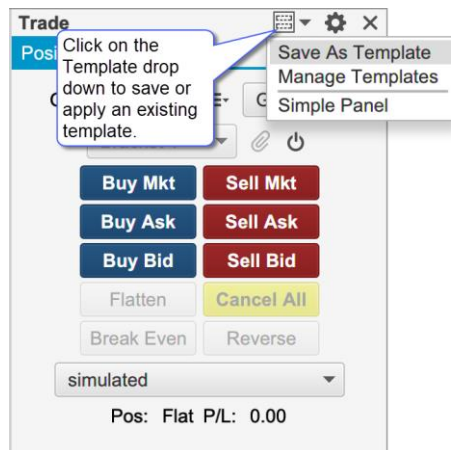


## 7.4 Reverse Button

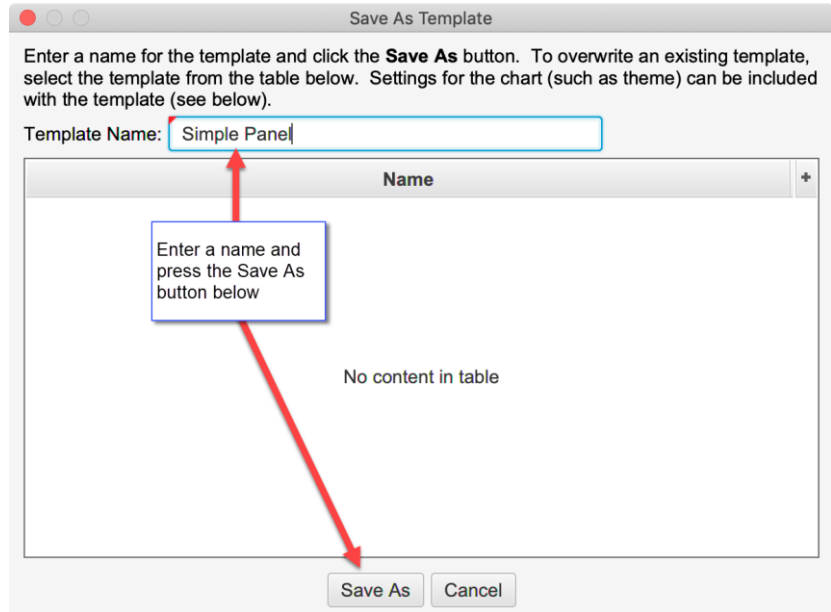
The functionality of this button has been changed to cancel all open orders (for the instrument/account) before reversing the position.

## 7.5 Templates

Templates can be very useful for creating and applying multiple layouts. If you are trading different instruments you may want to have one or more Trade Panel layouts. From the template drop down button at the top of the Trade Panel there are options to Save, Manage or apply templates (there is also a Template button at the bottom of the Trade Panel Preferences dialog).



In the screen shot below we are saving the customized Trade Panel that we created in a previous section as "Simple Panel". This new template can then be applied to another trade panel by selecting it in the Templates button drop down.



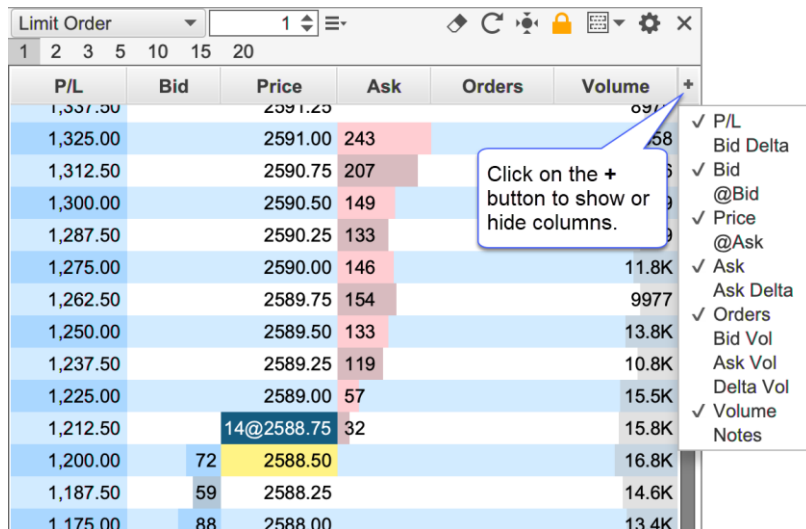
## 8 Advanced Depth of Market (DOM)

Some significant enhancements have been added to the Depth of Market panel (DOM). The default DOM layout is similar to the version 5 DOM with the exception of a single order column and 3 extra buttons added to the tool bar.



### 8.1 DOM Columns

Columns may be added/removed from the DOM table by click on the '+' button in the top right corner of the table (to the right of the column headers).



The following columns are available:

1. **P/L** – Profit/Loss calculated for each price level using the current open position.
2. **Bid Delta** – Tracks the difference in contracts added/removed from the current bid size (see Bid column) for all depth levels in the DOM book (see bid column). These values are calculated on every DOM book update and are reset when the last price changes.
3. **Bid** – Displays the quantities of the current buy orders at the given price.
4. **@Bid** – Tracks the contracts traded at the bid price since that last reset (see reset button on the tool bar).
5. **Price** – Displays the price level for the row. If “**Show Pips Only**” is enabled (see General tab of the Properties dialog), this will be rounded to the nearest pip (FOREX only).
6. **@Ask** – Tracks the contracts traded at the ask price since that last reset (see reset button on the tool bar).
7. **Ask** – Displays the quantities of the current sell orders at the given price.
8. **Ask Delta** – Tracks the difference in contracts added/removed from the current ask size (see Ask column) for all depth levels in the DOM book (see bid column). These values are calculated on every DOM book update and are reset when the last price changes.
9. **Orders** – Displays active orders at each price level. If “**Single Order Column**” is unchecked (see General tab of the Properties dialog below), then there will be two of these columns (buy and sell orders).
10. **Bid Vol** – Daily volume traded at the bid price.
11. **Ask Vol** – Daily volume traded at the ask price
12. **Delta Vol** – Difference between the ask and bid volume at the given price.
13. **Volume** – Daily volume traded at the given price.
14. **Notes** – Displays a text note that you can add to each price level (click on the field and type). All notes can be removed by pressing the eraser button on the tool bar.

## 8.2 Preferences

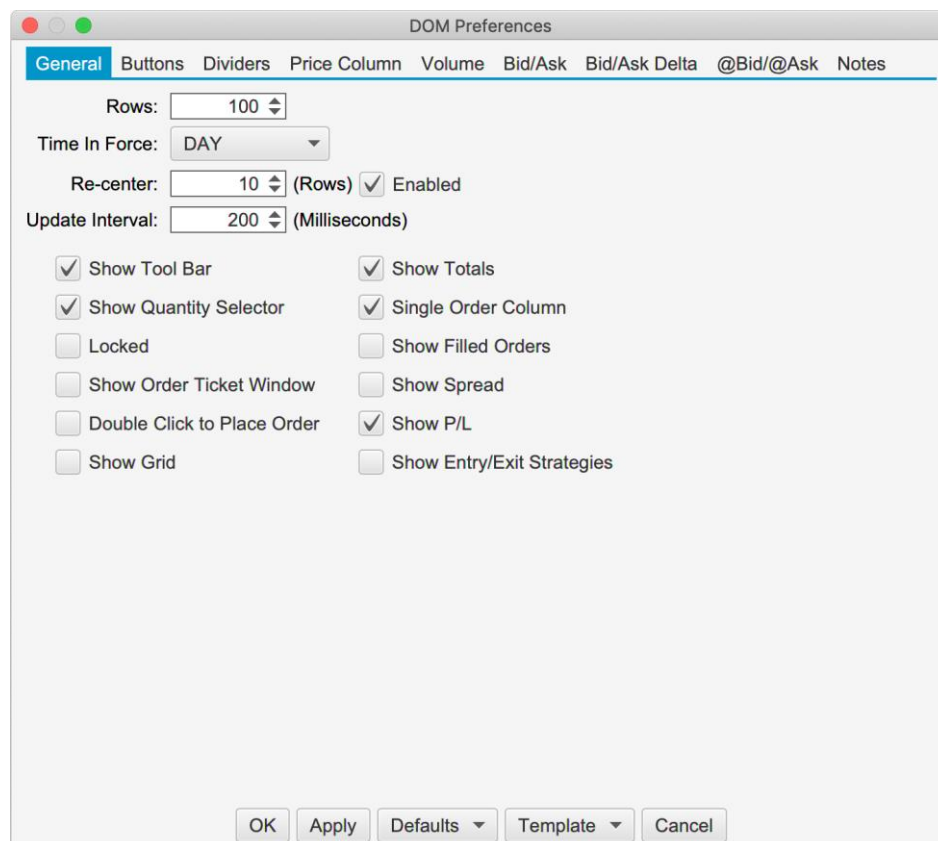
Configuration information for the DOM panel can be found in the DOM Preferences dialog (click on the gear icon in the toolbar). The dialog contains several tabs which are described in the following sections.

### 8.2.1 General Preferences

The following configuration options are available from the General tab:

1. **Rows** – Number of rows to display in the DOM (default 100).
2. **Time in Force** – Time in force setting for orders placed from the DOM.
3. **Re-center** – Defines the range (number of rows above/below the current center) for resetting the center point for the DOM. When the last price (or midpoint) crosses the top or bottom of the range the DOM will be centered on the current price.
4. **Update Interval** – Sets the update threshold for depth of market updates (bid/ask quantities). By default, the table will be updated a maximum of once every 200 milliseconds.
5. **Show Tool Bar** – Toggles the display of the tool bar at the top of the DOM panel. If this is turned off, the preferences button (gear icon) will display in the button bar at the bottom.
6. **Show Quantity Selector** – Toggles the display of the preset order quantities.
7. **Locked** – If the DOM is locked, you cannot place or modify orders. Uncheck this option if you want to manage orders in the DOM.

8. **Show Order Ticket Window** – Displays the order ticket window when placing an order from the DOM.
9. **Double Click to Place Order** – Place orders on double click (as opposed to single click).
10. **Show Grid** – Toggles the display of the grid in the DOM table.
11. **Show Totals** – Toggles the display of the totals for Bid/Ask Sizes and the delta at the bottom of the DOM table.
12. **Show Pips Only** – Rounds each price level in the table to the nearest pip. (FOREX only, not shown in the screen shot below).
13. **Single Order Column** – Displays all orders in a single column (instead of having separate buy and sell order columns).
14. **Show Filled Orders** – Displays filled orders in the order column(s).
15. **Show Spread** – Toggles the display of the spread field.
16. **Show P/L** – Toggles the display of the current unrealized profit/loss label.
17. **Show Entry/Exit Strategies** – Toggles the display of the Entry/Exit strategy panel (for customized order entry/exit).

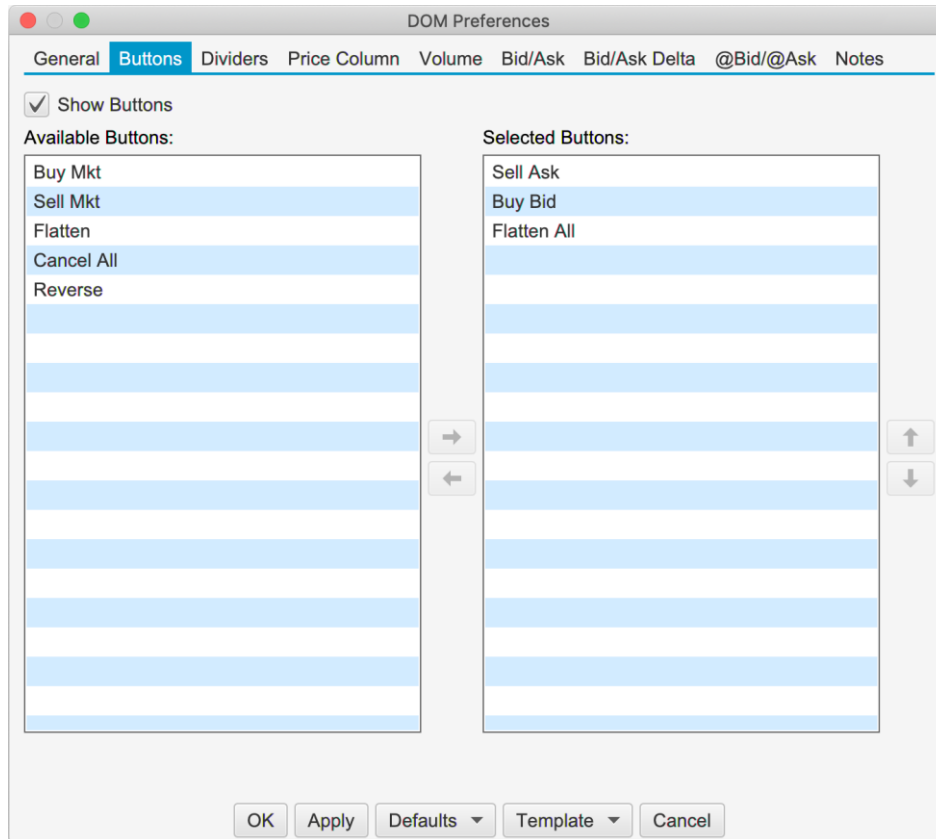


## 8.2.2 Buttons

The order buttons available at the bottom of the DOM may be customized from the “Buttons” tab of the preferences dialog. Orders placed using these buttons will use the current quantity in the tool bar and the **Time in Force** setting from the General tab.

1. **Show Buttons** – Toggles the display of the order button section (see bottom of DOM panel).
2. **Buy Bid** – Creates a limit order at the current bid price.
3. **Sell Ask** – Creates a sell limit order at the current ask price.
4. **Flatten All** – Cancels all open orders (for the given instrument and account) and closes the open position at market price. This is the same as pressing Cancel All and Flatten (see below).

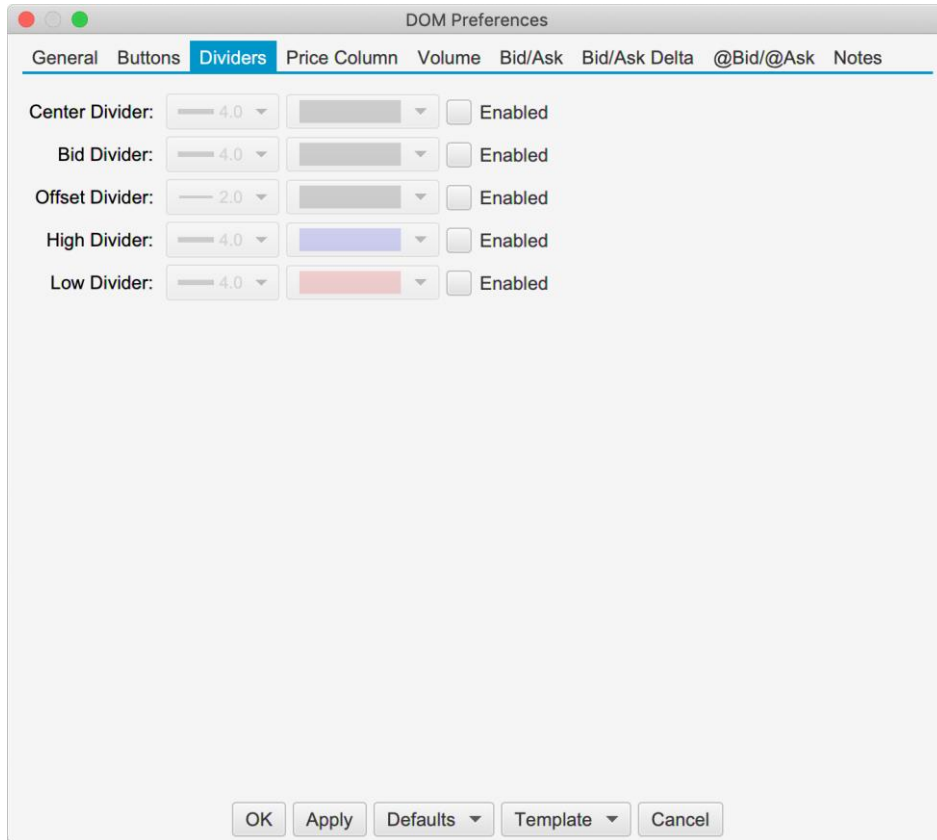
5. **Buy Mkt** – Places a buy market order.
6. **Sell Mkt** – Places a sell market order.
7. **Flatten** – Closes the open position at market price.
8. **Cancel All** – Cancels all open orders for the given instrument and account.
9. **Reverse** – Reverses the current position. For example, if you were long 3 contracts, this will close the open position and create a short position of 3 contracts at market price.



### 8.2.3 Dividers

Dividers may be used to highlight key price levels in the DOM table. The divider is placed between the rows and can be assigned a thickness and color:

1. **Center** – Center of the DOM. This will change when the DOM is re-centered.
2. **Bid** – Divider is placed just above the current bid price.
3. **Offset** – Shows the re-center threshold above and below the center price (see re-center option in General tab).
4. **High** – Daily high price. The divider is placed above this row.
5. **Low** – Daily low price. The divider is placed below this row.



The example below shows the bid, center and offset dividers enabled in the DOM. The offset dividers indicate when a re-center will occur (green dividers below).

25.00		2565.00	191		7261
12.50		2564.75	162		7472
		2564.50	121		10.9K
-12.50		2564.25	38		8651
-25.00	42	3@2564.00			8608
-37.50	137	2563.75			6318
-50.00	138	2563.50			8453
-62.50	123	2563.25			10.5K
-75.00	118	2563.00			12.0K
		2562.75			14.2K
		2562.50			19.5K
		2562.25			16.4K
		2562.00			19.8K
-137.50	178	2561.75			20.6K
-150.00		2561.50			14.4K
-162.50		2561.25			14.0K
-175.00		2561.00			15.0K
-187.50		2560.75			11.1K
-200.00		2560.50			11.9K
-212.50		2560.25			12.1K
-225.00		2560.00			15.6K
-237.50		2559.75			14.1K

**Offset Dividers**  
When the price moves outside of this range, the DOM will be re-centered (if enabled)

Bid Divider

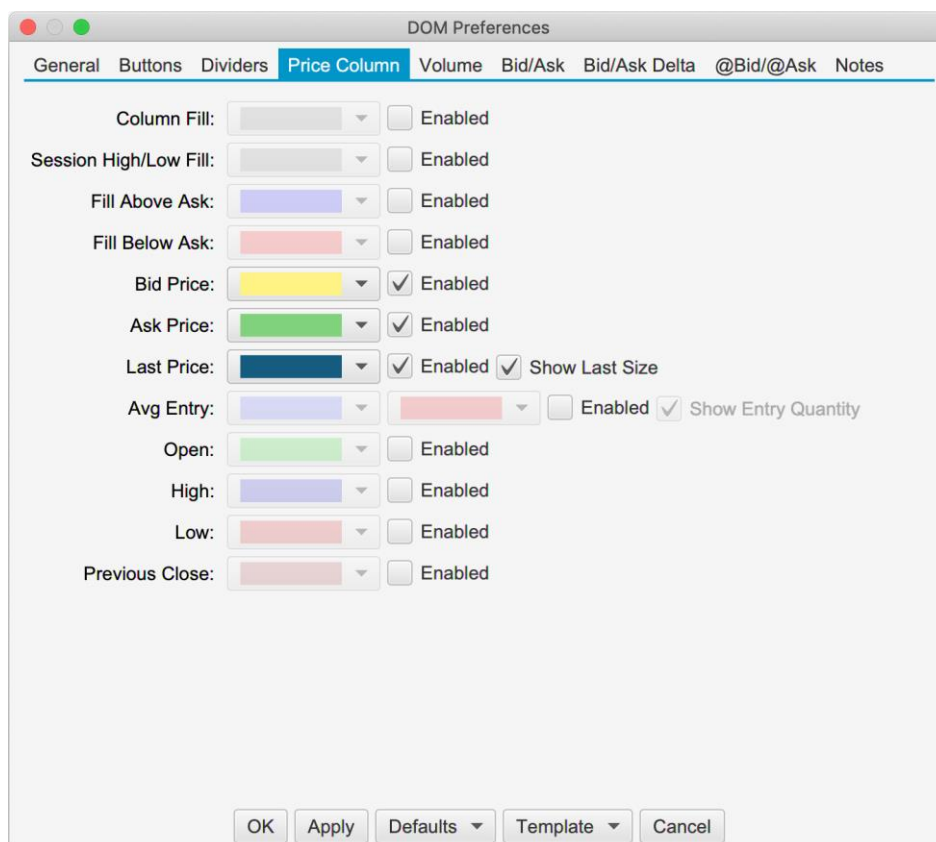
Center Divider

### 8.2.4 Price Column

Below are the options available for configuring the price column. Note: background fills that span several rows will use striping to help visualize the distinction between rows in the table:



1. **Column Fill** – Default background fill for price column. This is the color used to fill the price cells unless they are overridden by another setting.
2. **Session High/Low Fill** – Fill for the price rows that are between the high and low for the day's trading session.
3. **Fill Above Ask** – Fill for the prices above the current ask price.
4. **Fill Below Ask** – Fill for the prices below the current bid price.
5. **Bid Price** – Fill for the cell that contains the current bid price.
6. **Ask Price** – Fill for the cell that contains the current ask price.
7. **Last Price** – Fill for the cell that contains the last traded price. If "Show Last Size" is enabled, it will be added to the price cell. For example, 5@2570.00.
8. **Avg Entry** – Highlight for the price cell that contains the avg entry price for your open position. There are two color options. The first is for a long position and the second is for a short position. If "Show Entry Quantity" is enabled, it will be added to the price cell. For example, -5@2580.25
9. **Open** – Fill for the opening price for the day.
10. **High** – Fill for the highest traded price for the day.
11. **Low** – Fill for the lowest traded price for the day.
12. **Previous Close** – Fill for the closing price from the previous day.



The example below shows some shading options for the price column:

37.50		2569.25	184		14.
25.00		2568.75	144		11.
12.50		2568.50	144		11.
00.00		2568.50	144		75.
37.50		2568.25	128		69.
75.00		1@2568.00	128		73.
32.50	64	2567.75	128		58.
50.00	86	2567.50	128		63.
37.50	150	2567.25	128		83.
25.00	178	2567.00	128		11.
12.50	154	2566.75	128		82.
00.00	286	2566.50	128		95.
37.50	158	2566.25	128		11.
75.00	182	2566.00	128		87.
32.50	180	2565.75	128		87.
50.00	175	2565.50	128		74.
37.50		2565.25	128		84.
25.00		2565.00	128		88.
12.50		2564.75	128		94.
		1@2564.50	128		13.
00.00		2564.25	128		11.

## 8.2.5 Volume

The volume-based columns (Volume, Bid Vol, Ask Vol and Delta Vol) may be customized from the Volume tab:

### Display Section:

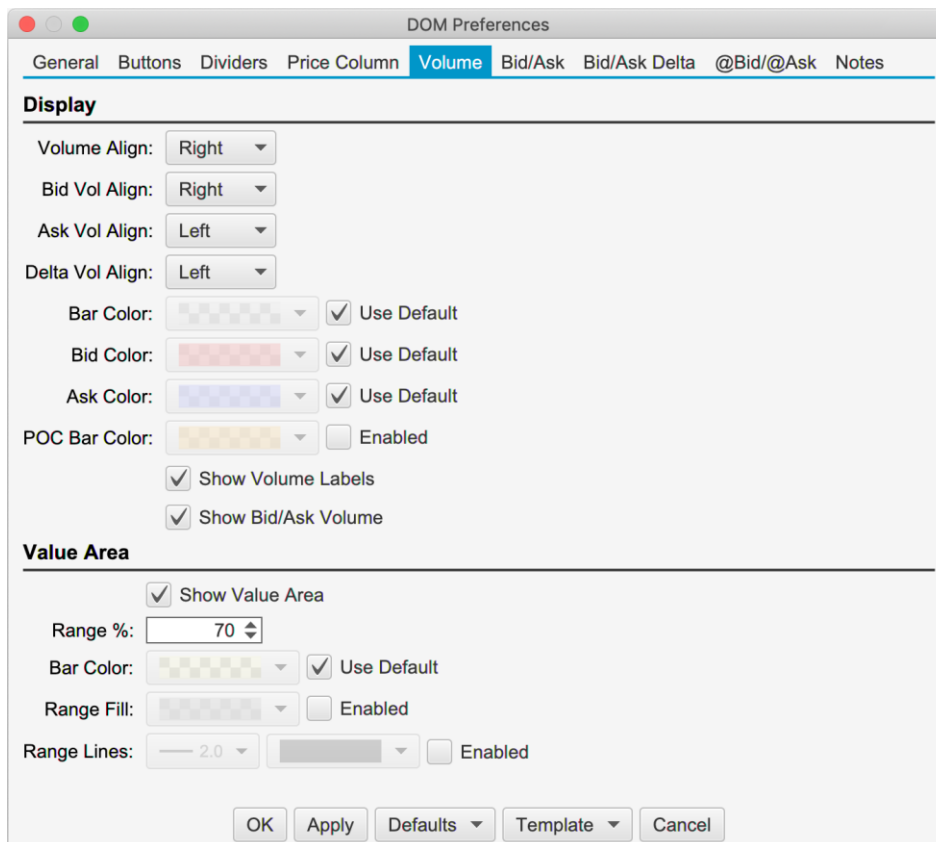
1. **Volume Align** – Cell alignment for the Volume column.
2. **Bid Vol Align** – Cell alignment for the Bid Vol column.
3. **Ask Vol Align** – Cell alignment for the Ask Vol column.
4. **Delta Vol Align** – Cell alignment for the Delta Vol column.
5. **Bar Color** – Bar color for the Volume column. This is not used if Show Bid/Ask Volume is checked
6. **Bid Color** – Bar color for the Bid Vol column. If Show Bid/Ask Volume is checked, this will be the fill for the bid volume portion in the Volume column.
7. **Ask Color** – Bar color for the Ask Vol column. If Show Bid/Ask Volume is checked, this will be the fill for the ask volume portion in the Volume column.
8. **POC Bar Color** – Color for the Point of Control cell (highest volume) in the DOM Table.
9. **Show Volume Labels** – Toggles the display of the text labels in the volume columns
10. **Show Bid/Ask Volume** – Toggles the display of bid/ask volume for the Volume column. If this is selected each bar in the Volume column will be divided into bid and ask volume.

### Value Area Section:

The value area identifies the rows surrounding the Point of Control (POC) (row with the highest volume) that encompass X% (typically 70%) of the total trading volume (for the day).

1. **Show Value Area** – Toggles the display of the value area.
2. **Range %** - Percentage of the volume to include in the value area.

3. **Bar Color** – Shade color for the bars that are part of the value area. Typically, this is a semi-transparent color if you want to highlight bid/ask volume at the same time.
4. **Range Fill** – Background fill for the cells that are part of the value area.
5. **Range Lines** – Displays dividers at the top and bottom of the value area.



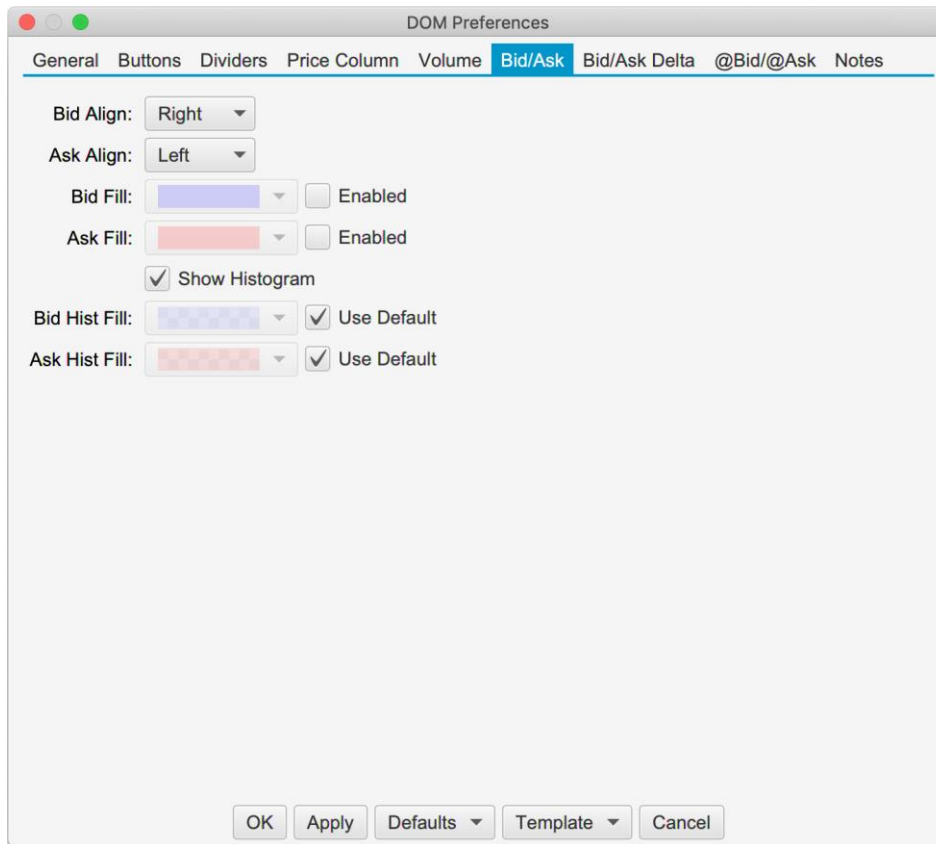
The example below shows the Bid Vol/Ask Vol and Volume columns in the DOM table. The Value Area (Show Value Area check box) has been enabled and the “Show Bid/Ask Volume” has also been enabled for the Volume column.

Bid	Price	Ask	Orders	Bid Vol	Ask Vol	Volume	+
	2576.00			10.3K	10.6K	20.9K	
	2575.75			7940	8875	16.8K	
	2575.50			7962	8131	16.1K	
	2575.25			9020	9436	18.5K	
	2575.00			13.7K	10.0K	23.7K	
	2574.75			13.9K	13.9K	27.8K	
	2574.50			14.1K	14.3K	28.5K	
	2574.25			12.0K	14.9K	26.9K	
	2574.00					19.2K	
	2573.75					17.1K	
	2573.50					15.9K	
	2573.25			9158	8044	17.2K	
	2573.00			9949	10.6K	20.6K	
	2572.75			7895	7734	15.6K	
	2572.50	7		8428	9234	17.7K	
	2572.25	14		8965	7368	16.3K	
	2572.00	8		12.3K	11.5K	23.7K	
	2571.75	9		9491	10.5K	19.9K	
	2571.50	5				25.4K	
	2571.25	5				22.1K	
	2571.00	6				26.1K	
	2570.75	5		14.0K	12.4K	26.4K	
	2570.50	6		12.9K	12.9K	25.9K	
	2570.25	73		11.8K	12.2K	24.0K	
	2570.00			11.4K	11.8K	23.2K	
39	1@2569.75			9346	10.3K	19.6K	
20	2569.50			7950	9216	17.2K	

## 8.2.6 Bid/Ask Sizes

The Bid/Ask columns display total quantity of the active buy and sell orders at each price level. The number of depth rows available depends on the instrument, but is typically 10 price levels for each of the bid and ask columns (total of 20 price rows). An optional histogram can be displayed to help visualize how the quantities are distributed.

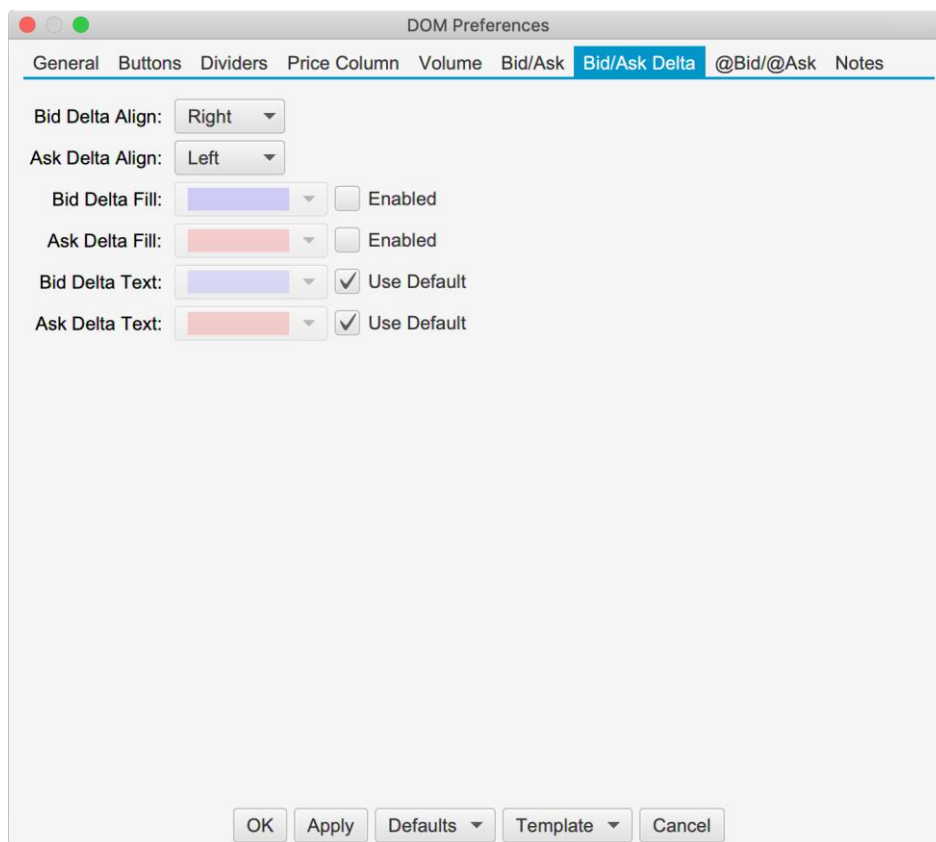
1. **Bid Align** – Alignment of the Bid column.
2. **Ask Align** – Alignment of the Ask column.
3. **Bid Fill** – Fill color for the bid column (striping will be applied).
4. **Ask Fill** – Fill color for the ask column (striping will be applied).
5. **Show Histogram** – Shows the histogram for both the Bid and Ask columns using the Bid/Ask Align settings above.
6. **Bid Hist Fill** – Fill color for the Bid histogram.
7. **Ask Hist Fill** – Fill color for the Ask histogram.



### 8.2.7 Bid/Ask Delta

The Bid Delta and Ask Delta columns display the difference in the Bid/Ask quantities at each price level since the last price changed. These values are updated with each depth book update.

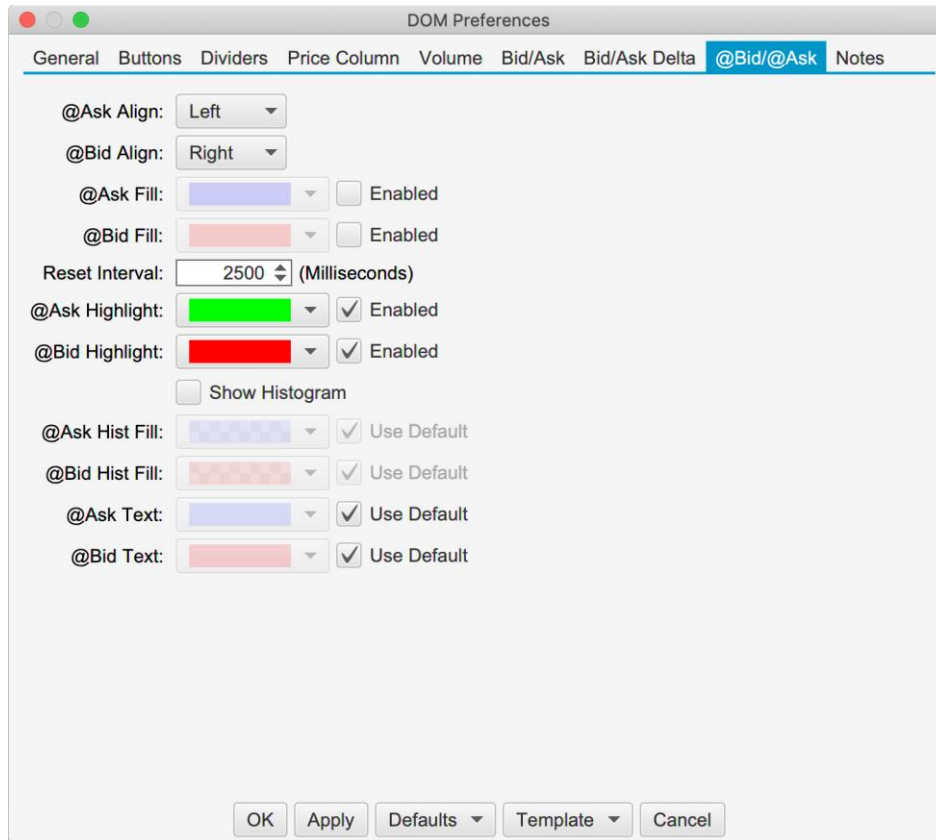
1. **Bid Delta Align** – Alignment for the Bid Delta column.
2. **Ask Delta Align** – Alignment for the Ask Delta column.
3. **Bid Delta Fill** – Background fill color for the Bid Delta column (striping will be applied).
4. **Ask Delta Fill** – Background fill color for the Ask Delta column (striping will be applied).
5. **Bid Delta Text** – Text color for the Bid Delta column.
6. **Ask Delta Text** – Text color for the Ask Delta column.



### 8.2.8 @Bid/@Ask

The @Bid and @Ask columns track the bid and ask volume at each price level since the last reset. These columns can be reset manually by pressing the reset button in the tool bar.

1. **@Ask Align** – Alignment of the @Ask column.
2. **@Bid Align** – Alignment of the @Bid column.
3. **@Ask Fill** – Background fill color for the @Ask column (striping will apply).
4. **@Bid Fill** – Background fill color for the @Bid column (striping will apply).
5. **Reset Interval** – The DOM panel tracks how long it's been since a trade occurred at each price level. The @Bid (on bid trade) or @Ask (on ask trade) value is reset to 0 when the elapsed time exceeds the reset interval. For example, consider a case where the DOM panel is showing 1164 contracts traded at an ask price of 2575.50 (since the last reset). When the next trade that occurs at the ask for 2575.50 and the elapsed time exceeds the reset interval, the @Ask value will be reset to 0 before adding the new ask volume.
6. **@Ask Highlight** – Highlight color for the @Ask cell when the last trade occurs at the ask price. The highlight is cleared on the next trade.
7. **@Bid Highlight** – Highlight color for the @Bid cell when the last trade occurs at the bid price. The highlight is cleared on the next trade.
8. **Show Histogram** – Toggles the display of the histogram for the @Bid/@Ask columns.
9. **@Ask Hist Fill** – Fill color for the @Ask histogram (striping will apply).
10. **@Bid Hist Fill** – Fill color for the @Bid histogram (striping will apply).
11. **@Ask Text** – Text color for the @Ask column.
12. **@Bid Text** – Text color for the @Bid column.



The example below shows the @Bid and @Ask columns displayed in the DOM panel. Since the last trade occurred at the ask price, the @Ask cell is highlighted green (where the trade occurred).

Limit Order		1				
P/L	Bid	@Bid	Price	@Ask		
612.50		1025	2576.75	6		
600.00		327	2576.50	259		
587.50		94	2576.25	31		
575.00		494	2576.00	109		
562.50		1337	2575.75	1164		
550.00		802	2575.50	23	31	
537.50		1118	2575.25	249	31	
525.00		54	2575.00	70	177	
512.50		377	2574.75	1	72	
500.00		184	2574.50	40	53	
487.50		761	2574.25	22	42	
475.00		30	2574.00	49	56	
		12	1@2573.75	2		
		1	2573.50	27		
		12	2573.25	6		
		2	2573.00	16		
		6	2572.75	11		
400.00	45	2	2572.50	27		
387.50	32	2	2572.25	50		
375.00	51	1	2572.00	15		
362.50	31	1	2571.75	39		
350.00	34	24	2571.50	12		
337.50	42	24	2571.25	11		
325.00		1	2571.00	14		

Resets all @Bid and @Ask rows to 0

Contracts traded at the bid price since the last reset

Contracts traded at the ask price since the last reset

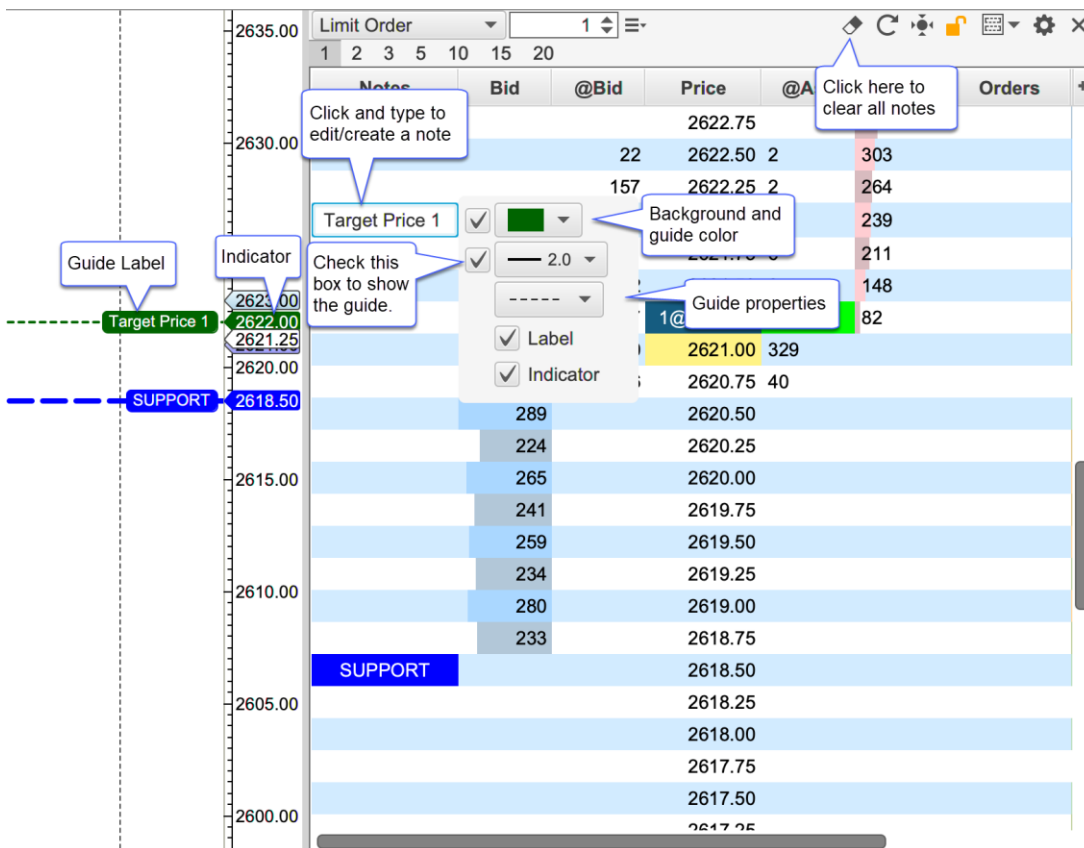
@Bid or @Ask value is reset to 0 if the reset interval has been exceeded since the last trade occurred at this price

Highlight shows the last trade occurred at the ask price

### 8.2.9 Notes

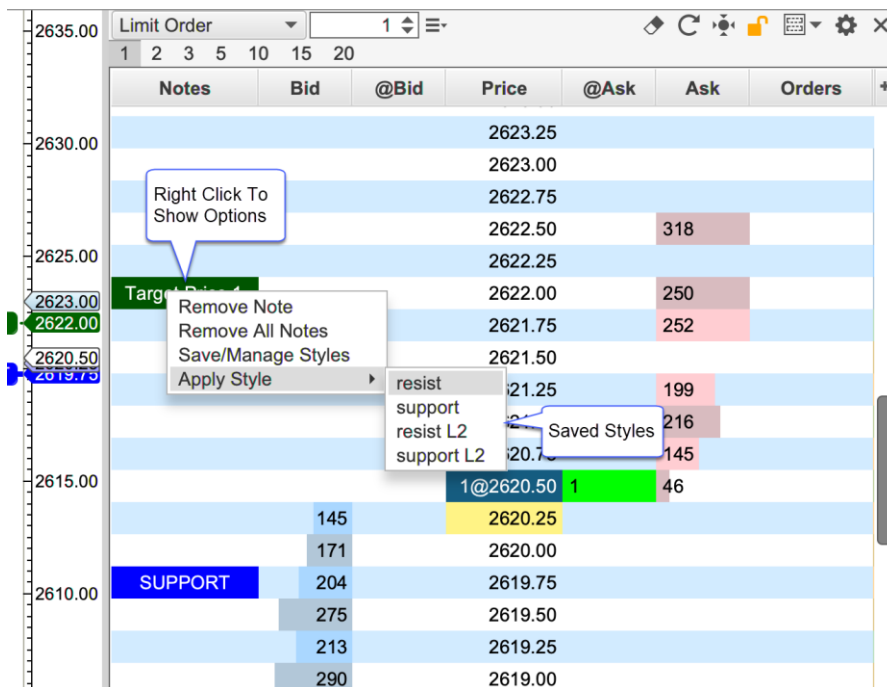
The Notes column allows you to type a custom note for any price level. Notes are persisted when restarting MotiveWave™. For convenience all notes can be removed by pressing the eraser button in the tool bar (see below). If the DOM is attached to a chart, a guide may optionally be placed in the chart for each note. The guides and notes are synchronized between the DOM and the chart. Moving or removing a guide in the chart will affect the note in the DOM (and vice versa). The screen shot below illustrates some of the options available when adding or editing a note.



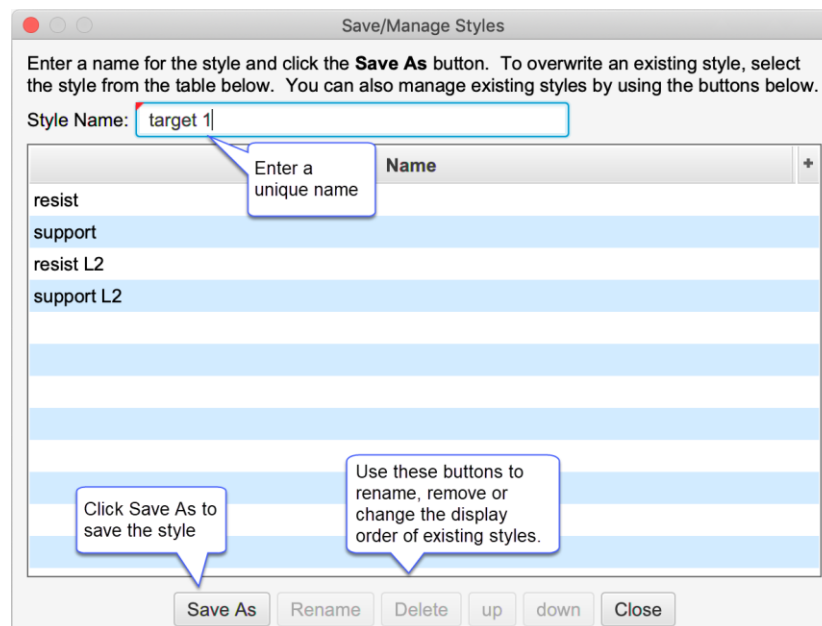


### 8.2.9.1 Note Styles

For convenience, notes including their formatting and guide settings may be saved as a style that can be applied later. Right click on an existing note to save or manage existing styles. An existing style can be applied to a note from the **Apply Style** menu.



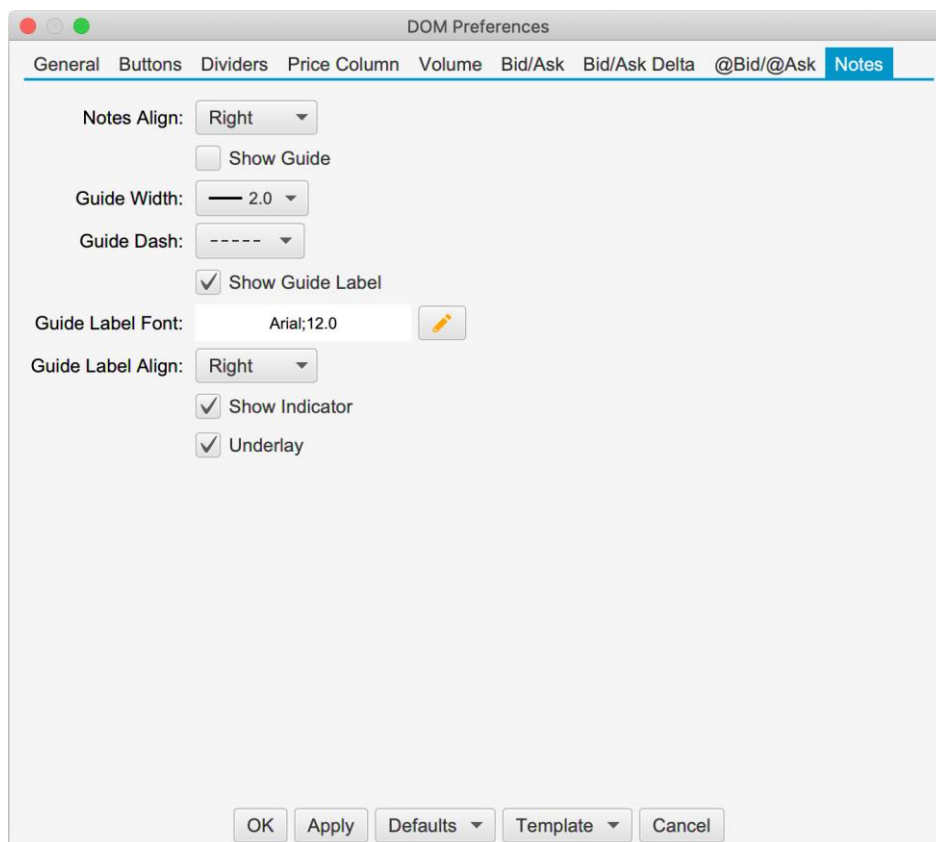
The dialog below will appear if you choose the **Save/Manage Styles** option. From this dialog, you can save a style and or manage existing styles. Use the up/down buttons to change the display order in the **Apply Styles** menu.



### 8.2.9.2 Note Preferences and Defaults

Note settings can be configured in the DOM Preferences dialog under the Notes tab:

1. **Notes Align** – Cell alignment for the Notes column.
2. **Show Guide** – This is the default setting for the showing the guide in the chart. This only applies to a DOM that is attached to a chart.
3. **Guide Width** – Default width for the guide line.
4. **Guide Dash** – Default dash pattern for the guide line.
5. **Show Guide Label** – Default setting for showing the label in the guide. The label will contain the same text in the Notes column.
6. **Guide Label Font** – Font for the guide labels.
7. **Guide Label Align** – Alignment for the guide labels.
8. **Show Indicator** – Default setting for showing the guide indicator in the price axis.
9. **Underlay** – Optionally draws the guides behind the price bars. This will also draw the guide indicators behind the other indicators on the chart.



## 8.3 Templates

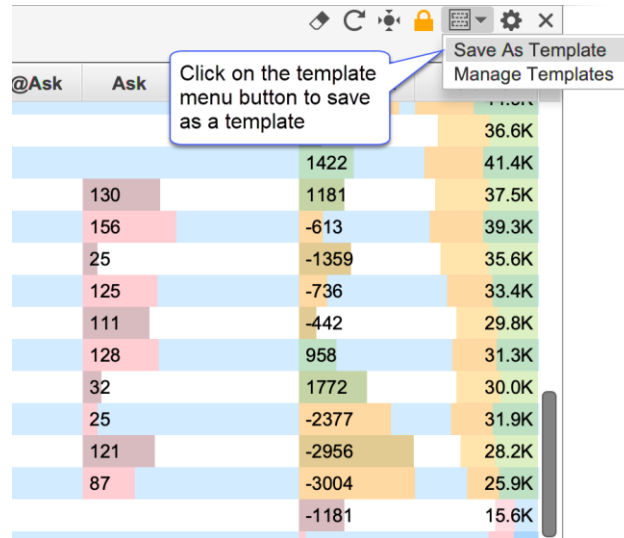
Templates allow you to save a specific configuration for later use. A DOM template includes the following:

1. **Width** – Width of the DOM panel.
2. **Table Columns** – Visible table columns and widths.
3. **Configuration Settings** – All settings in the DOM Preferences dialog.

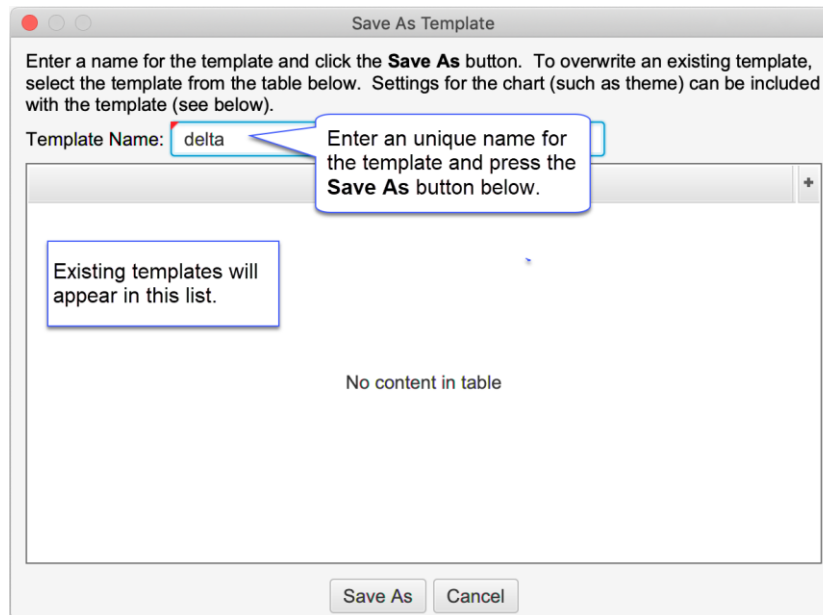
Templates can be saved, managed and applied from the tool bar or the DOM Preferences dialog.

### 8.3.1 Saving Templates

From the tool bar, click on the Templates menu button (see screen shot below) and choose the **Save As Template** option. Alternatively, this can be done from the DOM preferences dialog (see **Template** menu button at the bottom of the dialog).

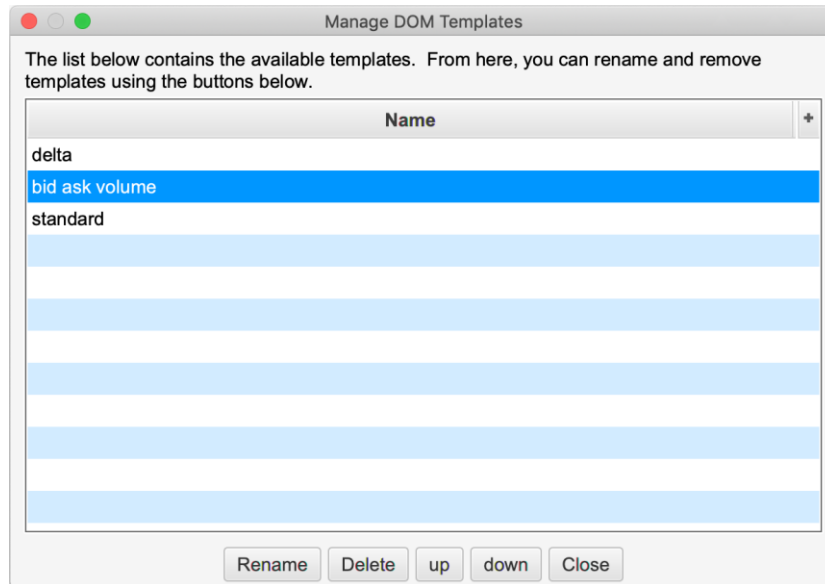


Enter a unique name for the template and press the Save As button at the bottom of the dialog. Existing templates will be displayed in the list box. You can overwrite an existing template by selecting it.



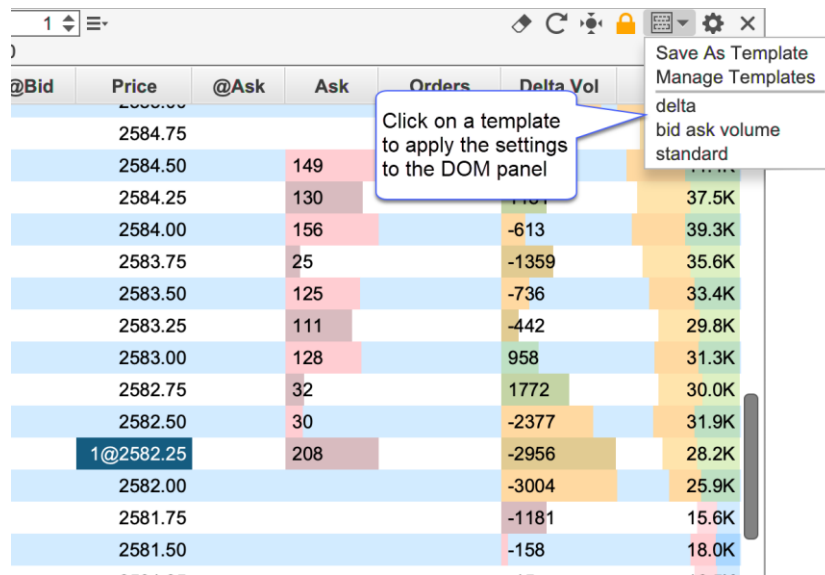
### 8.3.2 Managing Templates

The Manage Templates option will open the dialog below. This dialog will allow to you to rename templates, delete them or change the order in which they appear in the templates drop down.



### 8.3.3 Applying Templates

A template can be applied to the DOM panel with 2 mouse clicks. Open the templates drop down and select the name of the template you would like to apply. The settings from the template (including the width of the panel and visible columns) will be applied.



## 8.4 DOM Enhancements

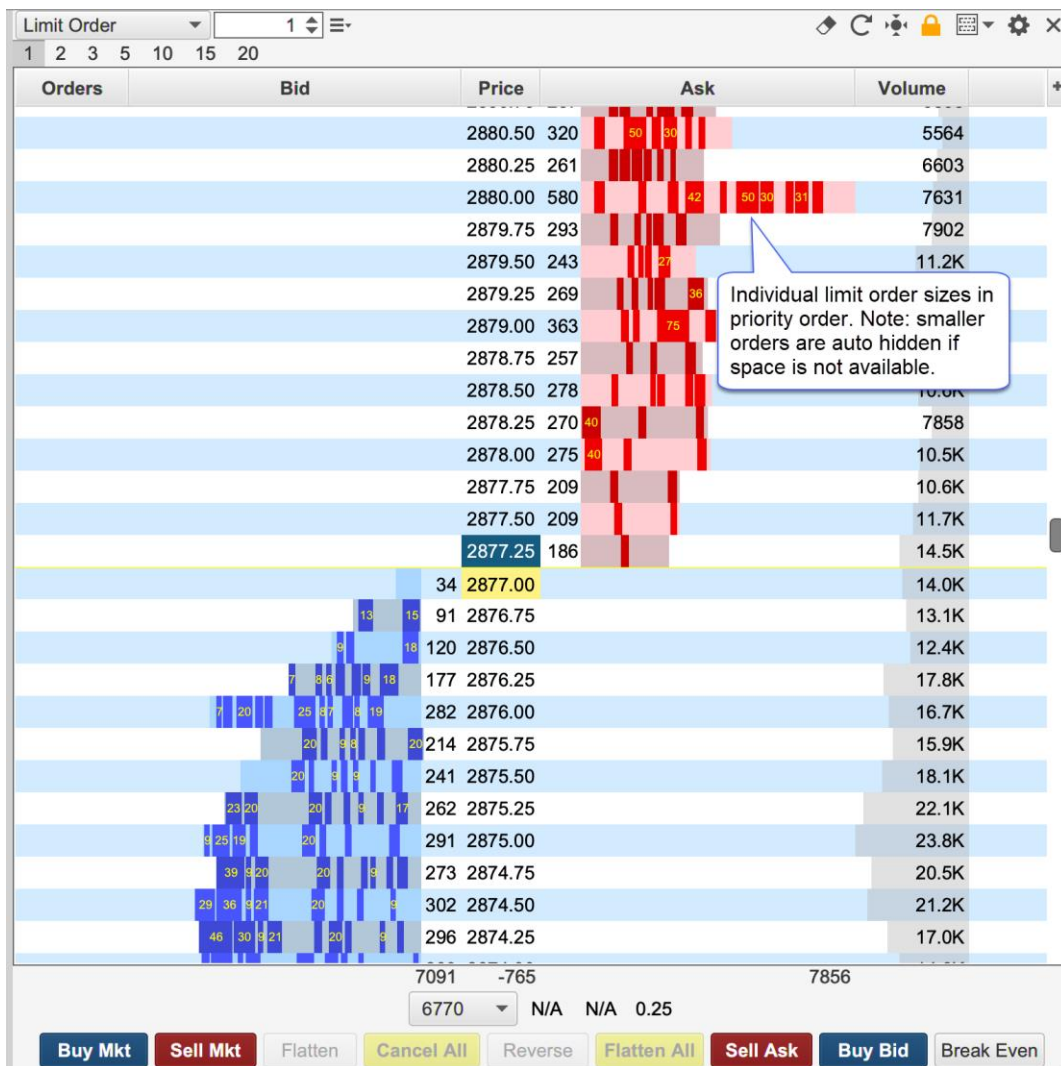
Several new enhancements have been added to the Depth of Market (DOM) panel. Note: many of these features are currently exclusive to Rithmic accounts (due to lack of support in other APIs).

### 8.4.1 Market By Order

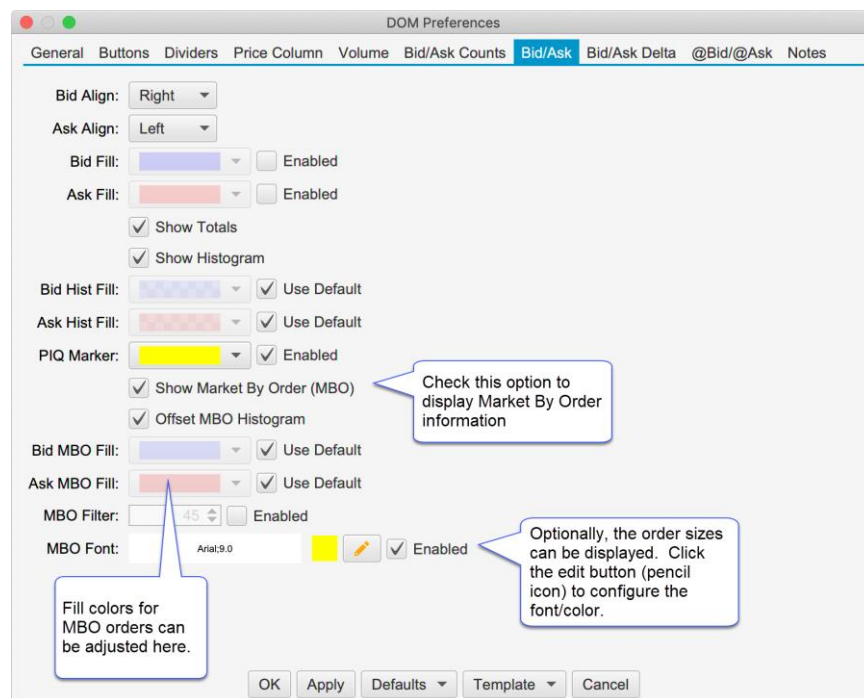
Market by Order displays individual order sizes in the Bid/Ask Columns (Rithmic Only). For more details on Market By Order, see: <https://www.cmegroup.com/education/market-by-order-mbo.html> Note: this information is also available in the SDK.

The screen shot below shows an example of the Market by Order feature on the S&P E-

mini contract. Limit order sizes are displayed in priority order. Smaller order sizes are auto hidden for simplicity. If you would like to see more detail, increase the width of the Bid or Ask columns by clicking/dragging the edge of the column in the table header.



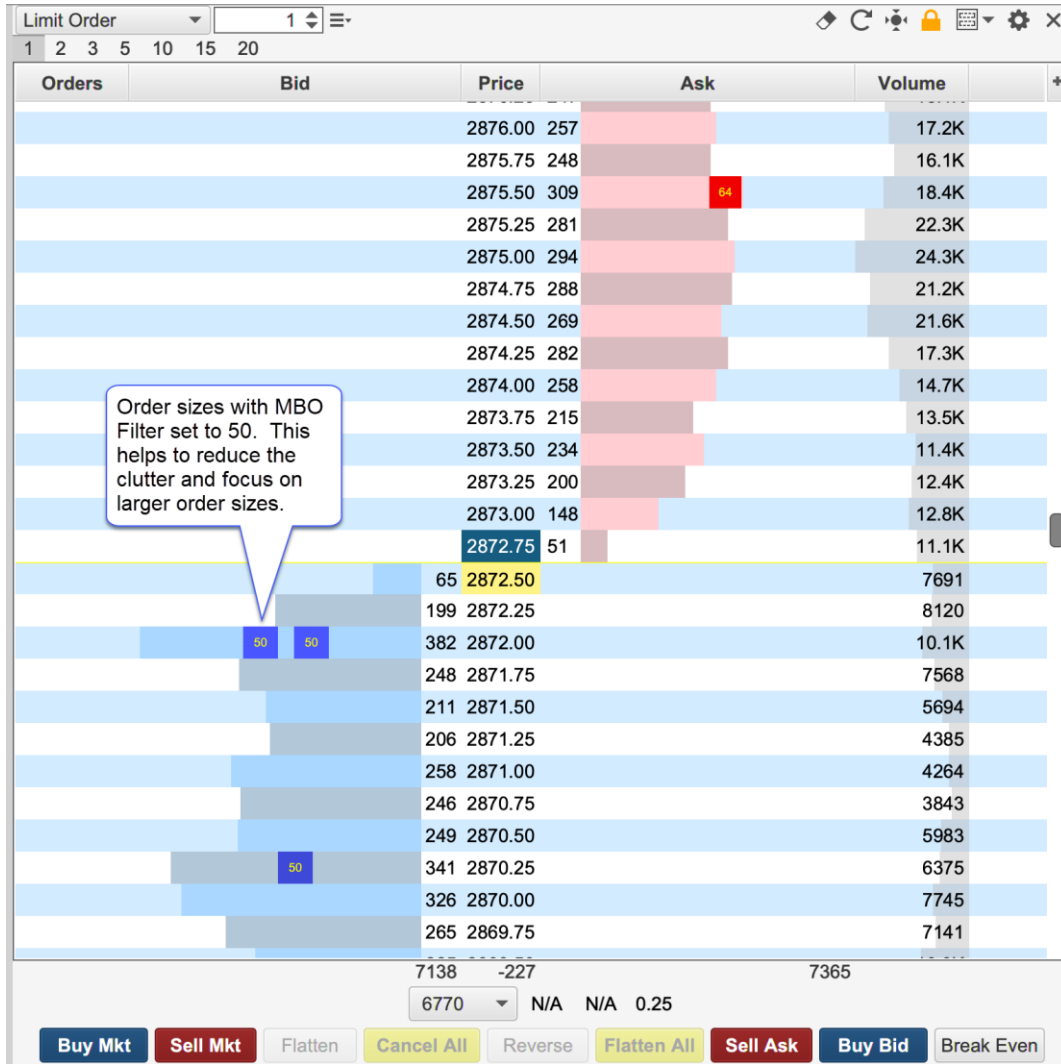
Configuration settings for this feature can be found in the **Bid/Ask** tab of the DOM Preferences Dialog (click on the Gear icon in the tool bar).



The following options are available for configuring Market by Order:

- **Show Market by Order (MBO)** – Toggles the display of the order sizes in the Bid and Ask columns
- **Offset MBO Histogram** – Offsets the histogram to the left/right of the Bid or ask size to avoid obscuring order sizes at the front of the priority queue.
- **Bid MBO Fill** – Fill color for visible order sizes in the Bid column
- **Ask MBO Fill** – Fill color for the visible order sizes in the Ask Column
- **MBO Filter** – Optionally, filters orders that are smaller than the given size
- **MBO Font** – Optionally display the order size (if space available). Click on the edit button to configure the font size/color.

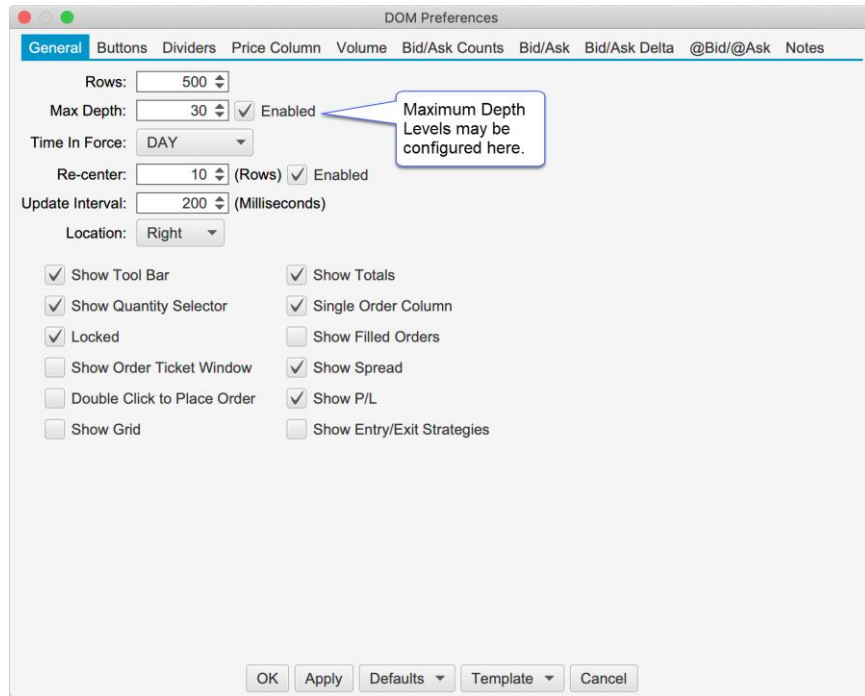
The screen shot below shows the MBO filter option with the size set to 50:



### 8.4.2 More Depth Levels

Additional Bid/Ask levels (beyond the standard 10) may be displayed (Rithmic only). See DOM Preferences Dialog, General tab:



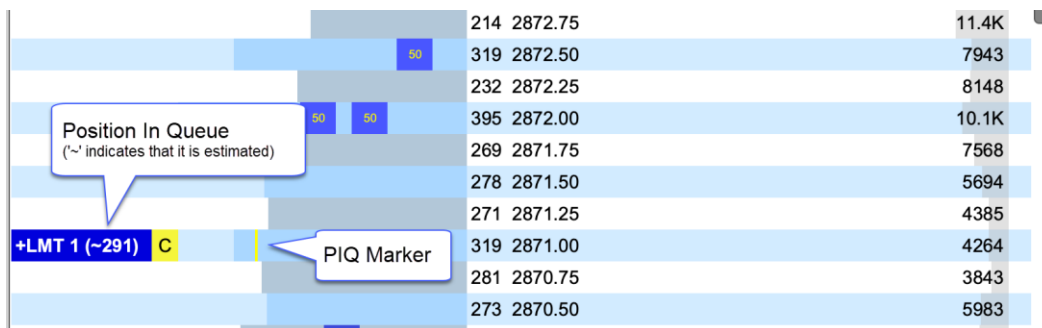


### 8.4.3 Position in Queue (Limit Orders)

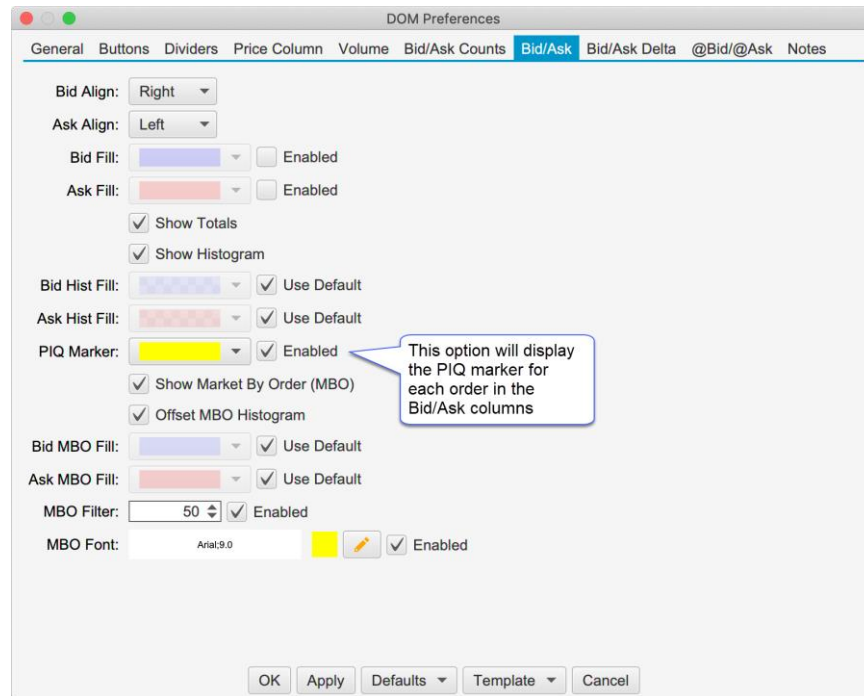
Actual position in queue is available for Live Rithmic accounts only. This makes use of the MBO feature to determine where the limit order is in the queue and calculates the number of contracts ahead of it by adding up the order sizes.

For all other accounts, the estimated position in queue (EPIQ) is displayed (prefixed by '~' in the DOM order column). EPIQ is calculated by monitoring the change in the bid/ask depth levels. When an order is first created it is assumed to be at the back of the queue (ie EPIQ = depth size). When the depth size gets smaller a percentage of that size is removed from the PIQ relative to its current position (i.e.  $EPIQ = EPIQ - (EPIQ / \text{previous size}) * (\text{previous size} - \text{new size})$ ).

The following screen shot shows the position in queue in the **Order** column of the DOM:

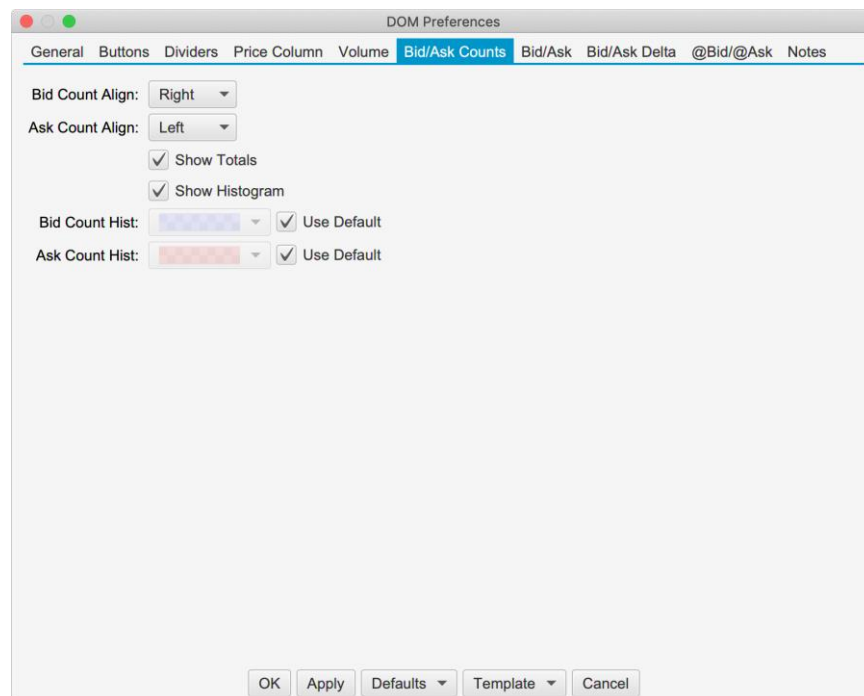


The PIQ marker can be configured in the Bid/Ask tab of the DOM Preferences Dialog:



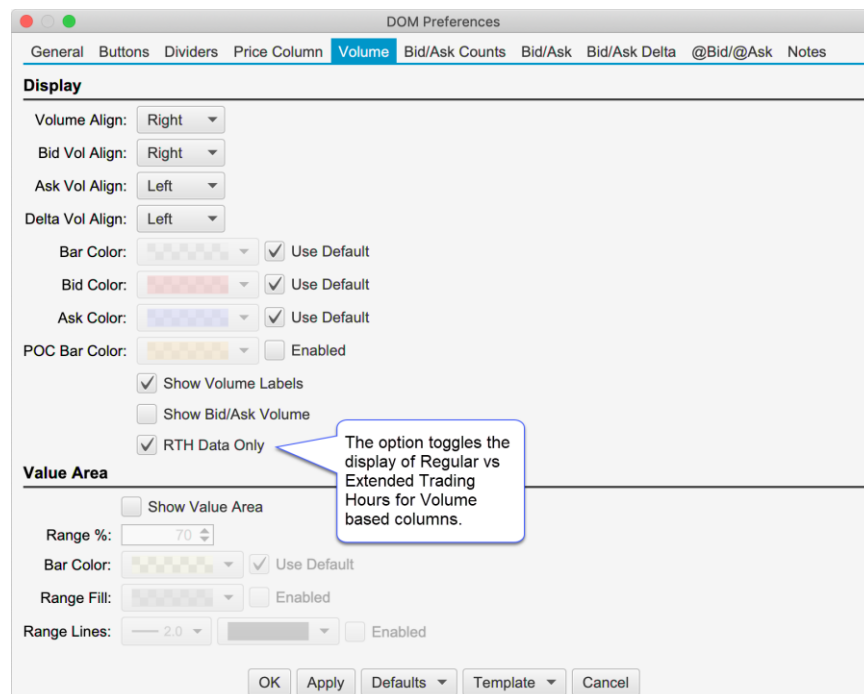
#### 8.4.4 Bid/Ask Counts

The Bid/Ask Counts columns display the number of active orders at each price level (as opposed the depth quantity). **Note:** these columns are available on Rithmic accounts only.



#### 8.4.5 Regular vs Extended Session for Volume Profile

Optionally the volume profile columns (Volume, Bid/Ask Volume, Delta) may be set to computed from the Regular or Extended trading session. The screen shot below shows where this setting can be found:



### 8.4.6 Default DOM Layout

The default layout for the DOM has changed in (see screen shot below). The order type chooser has been removed (this functionality is covered by the Exit Strategy feature). The Entry/Exit strategy option has been replaced by the Exit Strategy control (see bottom of DOM).

Order type drop down removed, replaced with quantity chooser.

P/L	Bid	Price	Ask	Orders	Volume +
29,300.00		2906.50	414		62
29,400.00		2906.25	265		67
29,500.00		2906.00	354		65
29,600.00		2905.75	427		79
29,700.00		2905.50	210		79
29,800.00		2905.25	254		77
29,900.00		2905.00	346		111
30,000.00		2904.75	209		101
30,100.00		2904.50	211		114
30,200.00		2904.25	102		148
30,300.00	6	1@2904.00			189
30,400.00	90	2903.75			120
30,500.00	157	2903.50			87
30,600.00	187	2903.25			110
30,700.00	209	2903.00			104
30,800.00	192				85
30,900.00	246				66
31,000.00	313				67

Default layout for Bottom Panel. This can be configured for Professional Edition and higher.

simulated Pos: -8@2979.75 P/L: 30,300.00

Buy Mkt Sell Mkt Flatten Cancel All Reverse

Bracket 1

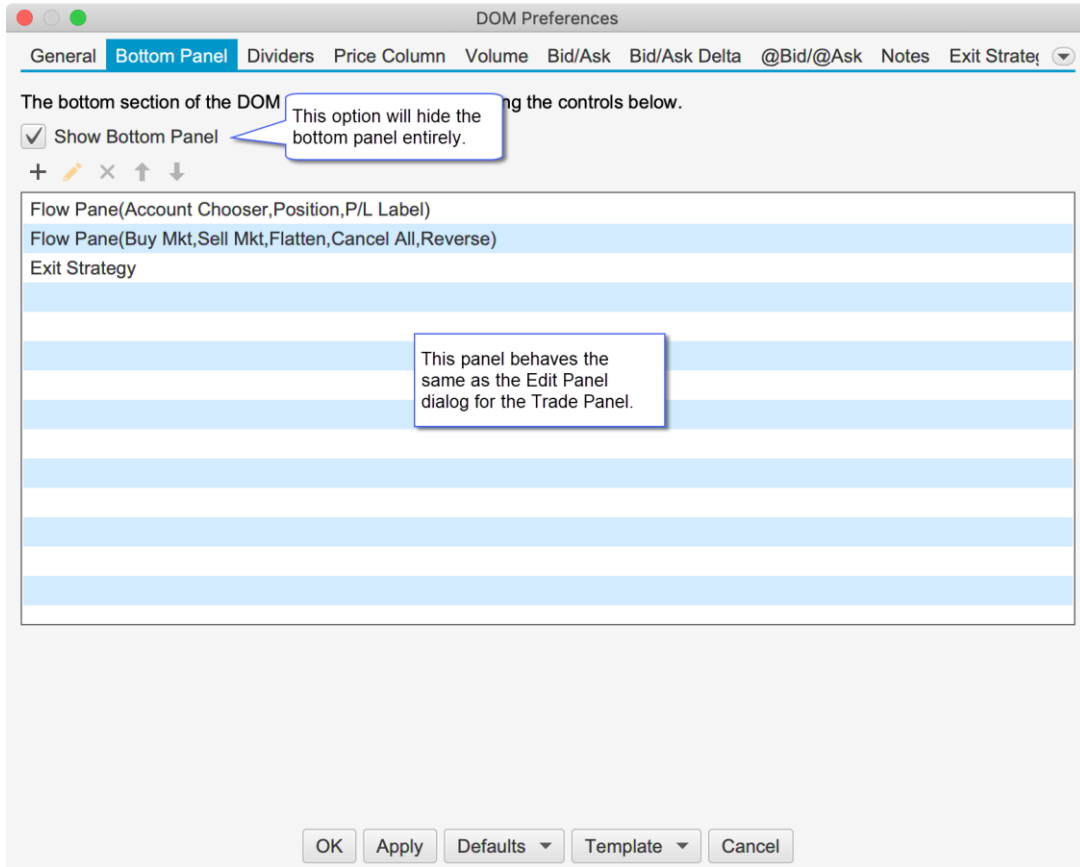
Entry/Exit Strategies have been replaced by Exit Strategy control.

### 8.4.7 Bottom Panel

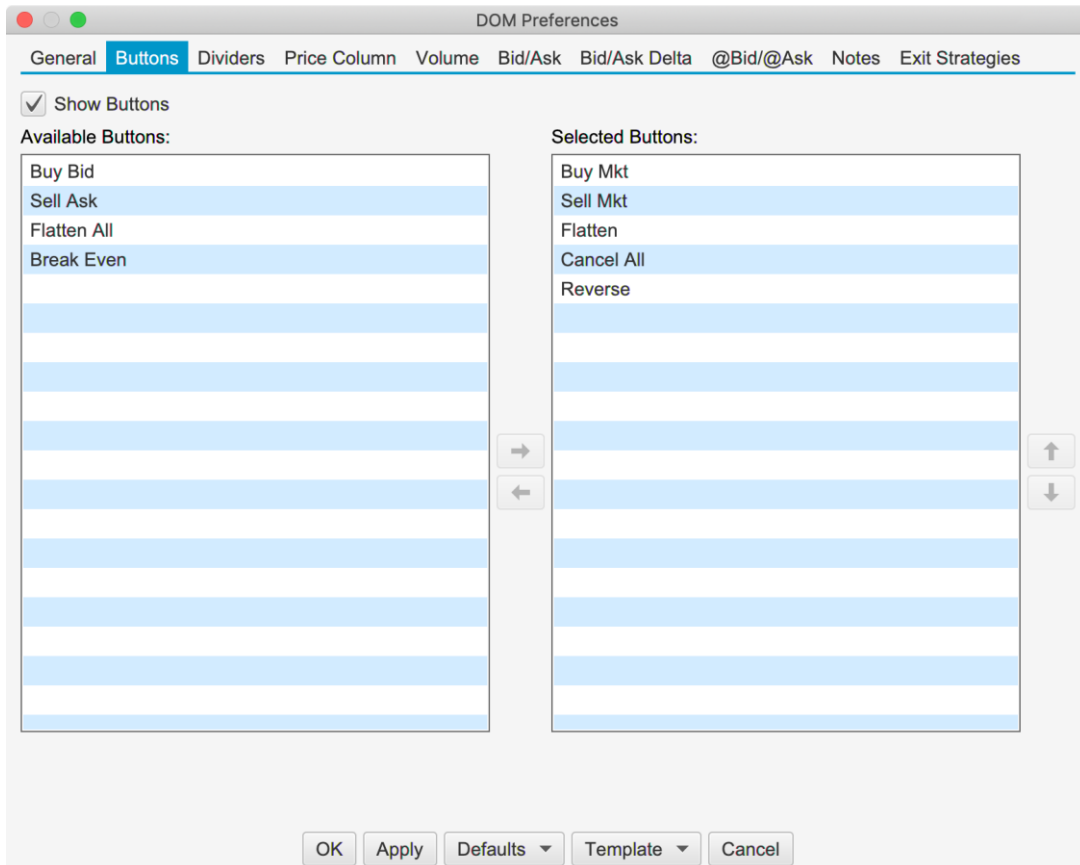
**Note:** This feature is only available in the Professional Edition and higher. Lower editions will be limited to the default layout.

Similar to the Trade Panel, but bottom section of the DOM panel can be customized. This can be done from the Bottom Panel tab in the DOM Preferences dialog (click on gear icon at the top right of the DOM panel).

This panel behaves the same as the Edit Panel dialog in the Trade Panel see Customizing the Layout section.



If you have an edition below the Professional Edition, you can still customize the buttons that are displayed at the bottom of the panel (see below):



### **8.4.8 DOM Location**

This option allows you to display the DOM panel on the left or right side of the chart. See DOM Panel -> Preferences -> General

### **8.4.9 PL (Price) Column**

This is a new column that will display your profit and loss in the instrument price movements eg. 0.25, 0.50, 0.75 etc.

### **8.4.10 Center DOM Shortcut**

Added new keyboard shortcut option “Center on Last Price” (default unassigned). This will re-center the active DOM on the last price.

### **8.4.11 Center All DOMs**

This new option will center all Depth of Market panels when the re-center button is pressed (See DOM Preferences, General Panel). For convenience a Keyboard Shortcut can also be assigned (see General Preferences Dialog, “General” -> “Keyboard” tab).

## 9 Rithmic Enhancements

Significant enhancements have been added to our Rithmic connector (some of which have been described in the DOM Enhancements section: MBO, Bid/Ask Counts, Depth Levels and Position in Queue).

### 9.1 *Native Order Types*

The following native implementations have been added for the following types of orders:

1. **OCO** – One Cancels Other
2. **Bracket (Attached) Orders** – Limit/Stop orders with attached profile/stop orders
3. **Trailing Stop** – Trailing stop orders
4. **LIT/MIT** – Limit if Touched/Market if Touched
5. **Iceberg** – Limit orders with the actual size hidden

### 9.2 *@Bid/@Ask Values for Live Quotes*

Live quotes use the “Aggressor Side” flag to determine a live quote was at the bid or ask price instead of relying on the Best Bid/Ask values (which are not guaranteed to be in sync). This will ensure that live quotes are correctly interpreted for Bid vs Ask volume and will match historical tick data.

### 9.3 *Latest Rithmic API*

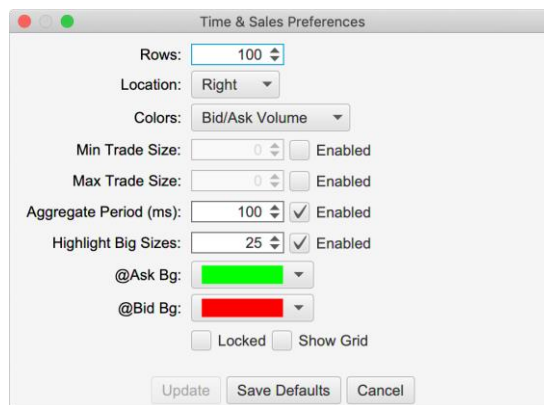
We have upgraded to the latest Rithmic API (10.6.0.0).

## 10 Time and Sales Panel

The following enhancements have been added to the Time and Sales panel:

1. **Millisecond Formatting** – The time stamp for the tick now shows the milliseconds (ie HH:MM:SS.MMM).
2. **Aggregate Period (ms)** – The period for aggregate can be customized (default 100 milliseconds). Trades are aggregated if they occur within the aggregation window, have the same price and them same Ask Tick value. These trades must occur in sequence (no non-matching trades between them).
3. **Highlight Big Sizes** – Background highlighting can be applied to larger trade sides.
4. **Location** – This option allows you to display the Time and Sales Panel on the left or right side of the chart. See T&S Panel -> Preferences.
5. **Text Color** – The text color for the Time & Sales panel can now be configured.

The following screen shot shows the changes that have been made to Time & Sales Preferences dialog (click on the gear icon on the tool T&S toolbar).



In the screen shot below you can see the highlighting applied to rows that have sizes of 25 or higher.

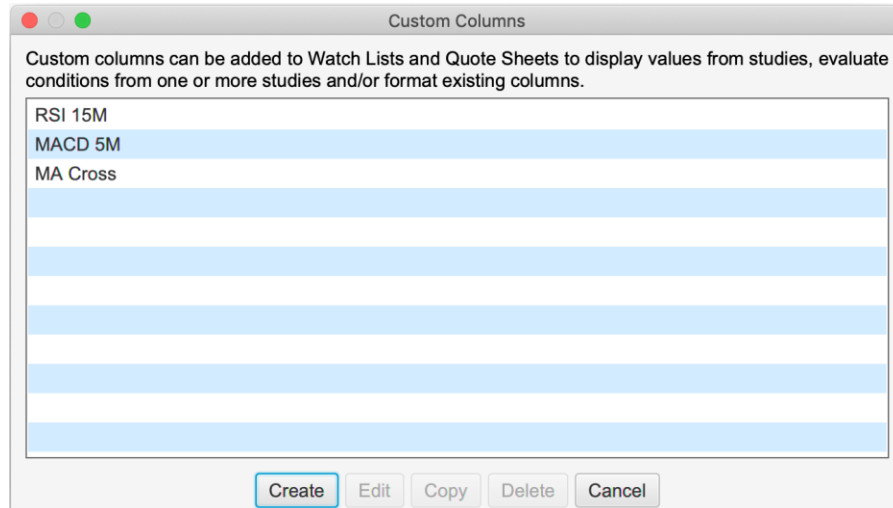
Time	Price	Volume	Ask Tick
16:25:17.502	2885.00	2	N
16:25:16.798	2885.00	1	N
16:25:16.492	2885.00	17	N
16:25:16.378	2885.25	1	N
16:25:16.195	2885.25	12	Y
16:25:15.817	2885.00	1	N
16:25:14.694	2885.25	12	N
16:25:14.056	2885.25	25	N
16:25:13.810	2885.25	31	N
16:25:13.611	2885.25	18	N
16:25:13.609	2885.25	21	Y
16:25:10.850	2885.00	2	Y
16:25:04.141	2885.00	3	Y
16:25:01.018	2885.00	1	N
16:25:00.181	2885.25	1	Y
16:25:00.180	2885.50	2	Y
16:25:00.180	2885.25	35	Y
16:25:00.180	2885.00	3	Y
16:24:45.170	2884.75	1	N
16:24:44.303	2885.00	1	N
16:24:44.301	2885.00	19	Y



## 11 Custom Watch List Columns

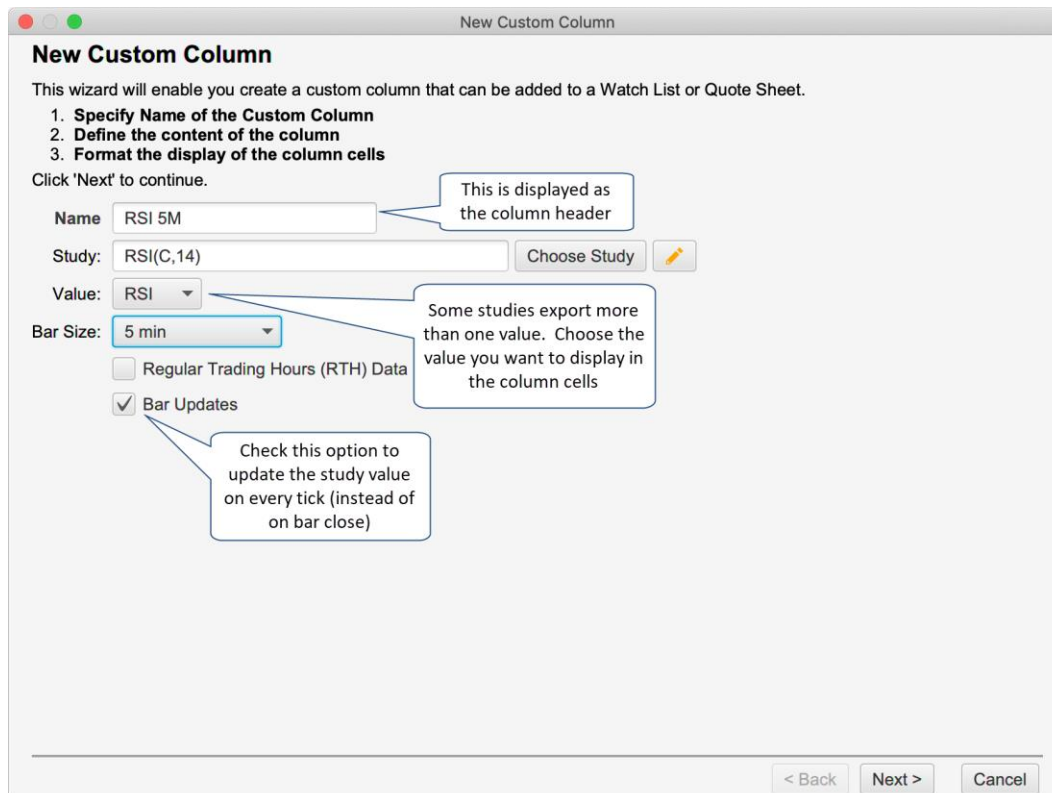
Customized columns may be defined and added to Watch Lists and Quote Sheets. These columns will display a value that is generated by built-in or custom study. Formatting may also be applied to the column cells to make it easier to visualize trading opportunities.

Custom columns can be managed by choosing **Configure -> Custom Columns** from the Console menu bar.



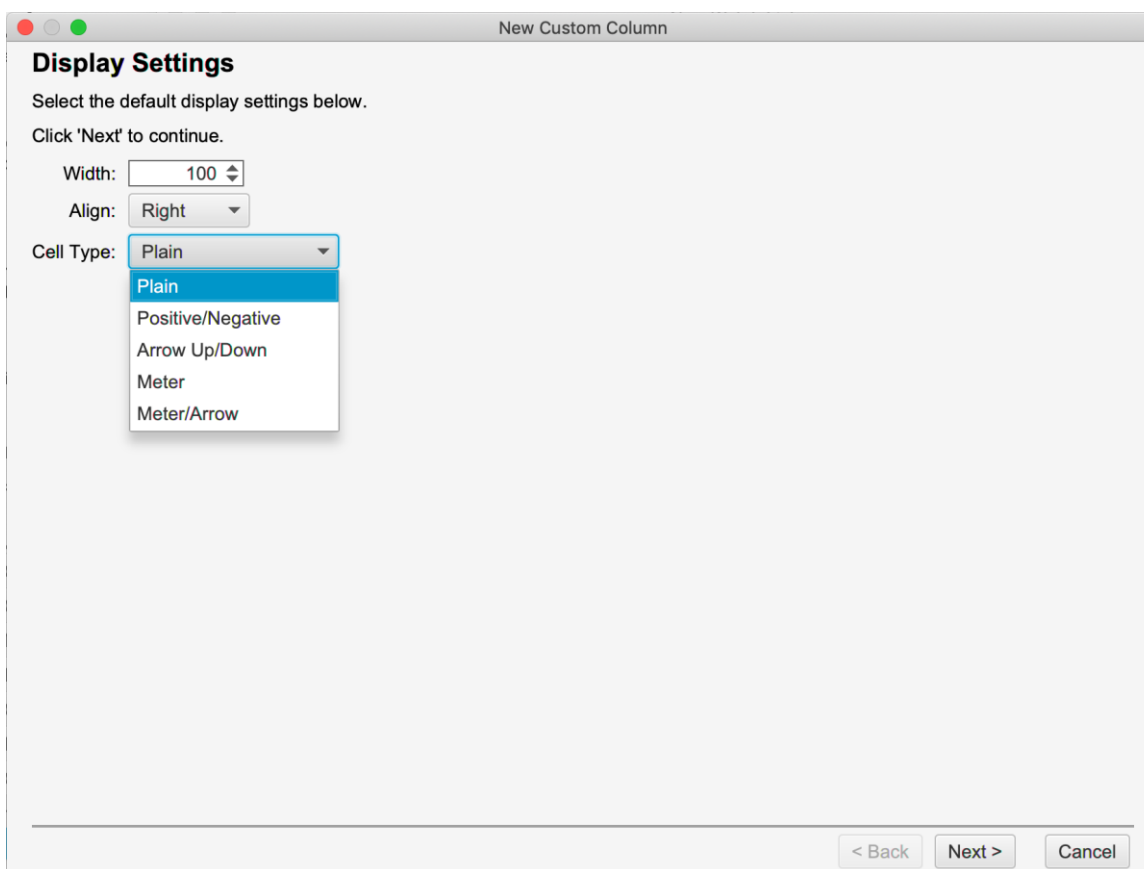
Click on the **Create** button to create a new custom column. This will open the Create Custom Column wizard to guide you through the steps.

In the example below, we have chosen the RSI study on a 5-minute interval and live updates (instead of on bar close).

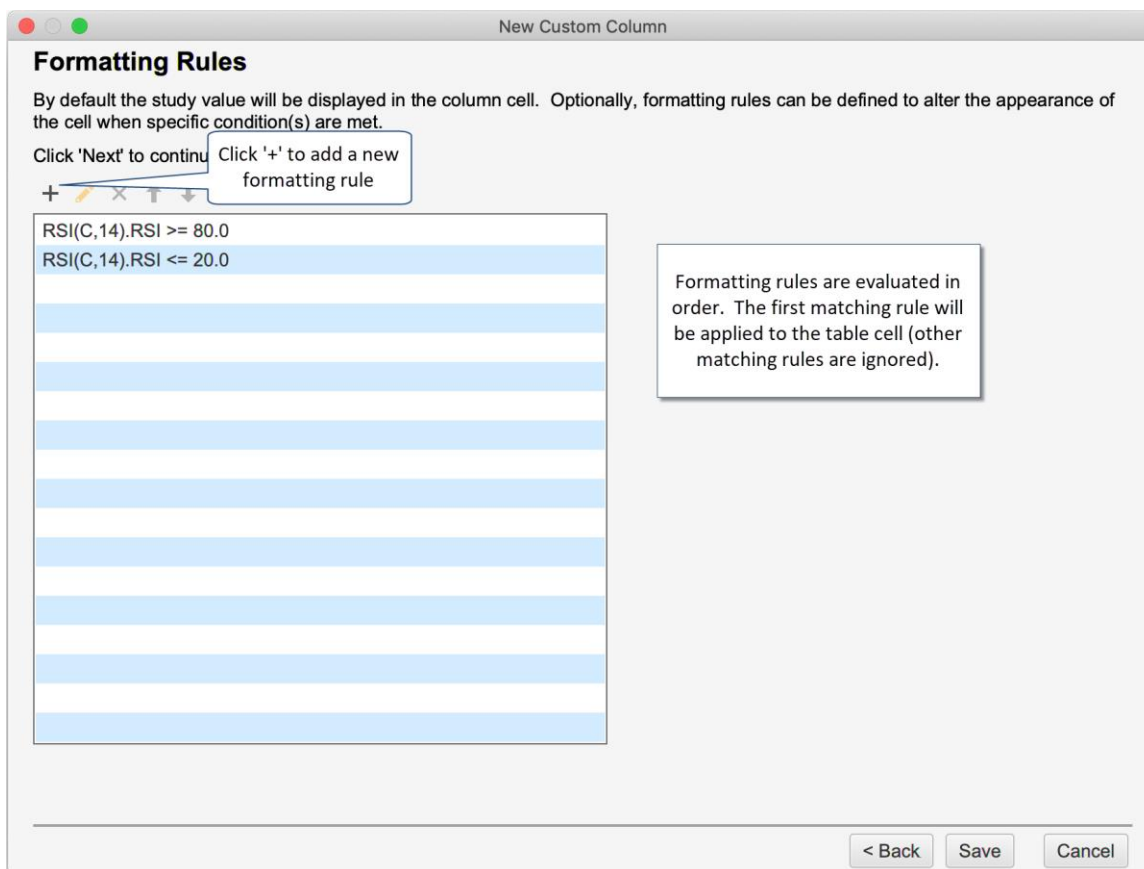


The next panel allows you to change the display of the cells in the custom column. The **width** attribute is the default width for the column (you can still adjust the column size in the watch list). There are several different cell types to choose from:

1. **Plain** – plain cell with no formatting.
2. **Positive/Negative** – Displays a blue/green or red background if the value positive or negative.
3. **Arrow Up/Down** – Displays an up or down arrow if the latest value is higher/lower than the previous value.
4. **Meter** – Fills the background from the left (or right depending on the alignment) with a percentage of the cell width using the current value of the column. For example with an RSI value of 90 (RSI values range from 0 – 100) it would fill 90% of the cell background with the given color.
5. **Meter/Arrow** – Combination of the Meter and Arrow types above.



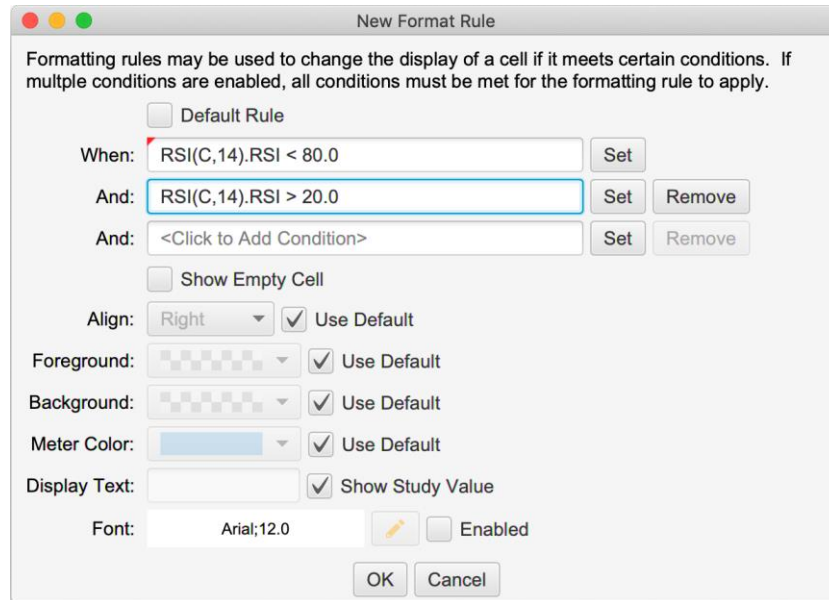
The last panel in the wizard allows you to specify custom formatting rules to change the display of the column based on one or more conditions. These rules are evaluated in order and the first matching rule will be applied to the table cell.



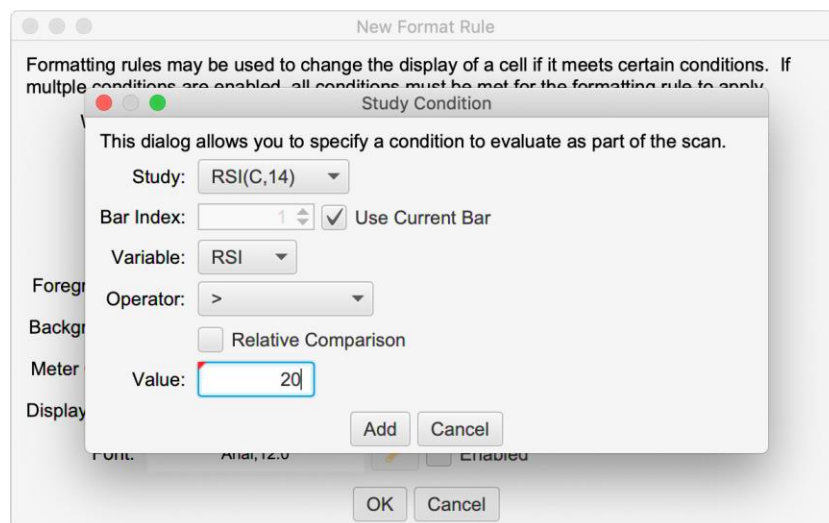
Formatting rules can have multiple conditions. The rule is applicable only if all of the conditions are met. There are several formatting options:

1. **Align** – Text alignment (Left, Middle, Right).
2. **Foreground** – Foreground color (text color).
3. **Background** – Background color for the cell.
4. **Meter Color** – Fill color for the meter (only available if cell type is meter or meter/arrow)
5. **Display Text** – Optionally the text displayed in the cell can be a static value (instead of the study value). This can be useful if the study value is not important and you want to display a buy or sell message for example.
6. **Font** – Override for the default cell font.

In the example below, we are changing the format of the cell when the RSI value is between 20 and 80.



Study conditions can be a simple comparison between a study value and a static value or you can compare it with another study value (choose Relative Comparison). By default, the latest study value is used, but you can use the closing value for older bars by unselecting the **Use Current Bar** option.



The screen shot below shows a watch list with 4 custom columns displayed. Custom columns can be added to a watch list/quote sheet by clicking the edit button (pencil icon in the top right tool bar section). Alternatively click on the + (plus) button in the top right corner of the table and select the custom columns that you want to display. For convenience you can also right click on a column and edit its properties.

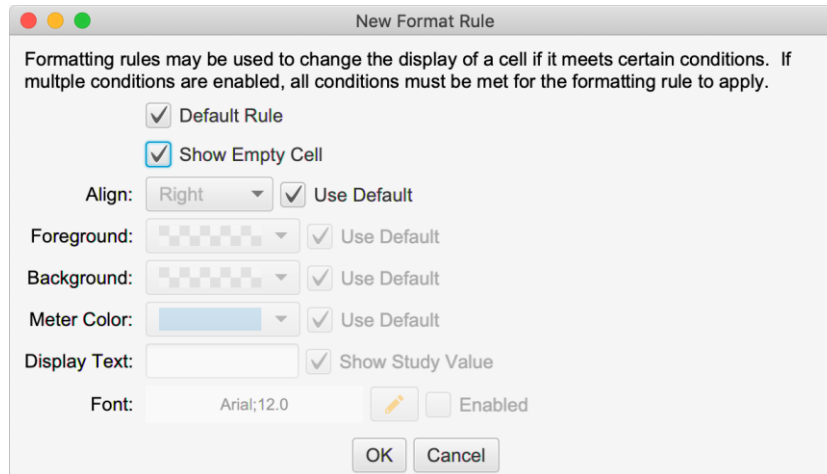
Symbol	Expiry Date	Ask	Ask Size	Bid	Bid Size	Volume	Last Price	Last Time	MACD 5M	RSI 5M	MA Cross	RSI 1M
AAPL		178.64		178.62			↑ 179.03	11:18:00	0.030614	56.4	Above	60.2
BRK.B		218.34		218.32			218.58	11:17:00	0.13296	59.7	Above	57.4
BTC/USD		4246.47		4246.45		394M	↑ 4218.97	11:18:05	-26.175	29.8	Below	40.7
CLEF19	2018-12-18	↑ 51.65	6	↑ 51.64	13	717.7K	↑ 51.64	11:18:09	0.056431	40.2	Above	28.6
EPZ18	2018-12-20	↑ 2745.75	87	↑ 2745.50	41	1.08M	↑ 2745.75	11:18:09	1.8898	66.6	Above	64.3
ETH/USD		117.75		117.73		99.9M	117.00	11:18:03	-0.53393	54.2	Below	35.9
EURUSD		1.13818		1.13816			1.13817			54.2	Below	45.4
FB		138.54		138.52			138.70	11:17:00		64.0		64.0
GBPUSD		1.27730		1.27728			1.27729		-0.00013	54.3		54.3
IBM		122.44		122.42			122.62	11:17:00	0.10271	57.6		57.6
MSFT		110.41		110.39			110.68	11:17:00	0.15715	62.3		62.3
ORCL		47.95		47.93			48.06	11:17:00	0.053309	73.8		73.8
TSLA		342.84		342.82			342.97	11:17:00	0.080796	53.6		53.6
TWTR		31.37		31.35			31.18	11:17:00	0.098364	28.7		28.7
USDCAD		1.32757		1.32755			1.32756		-0.00019	64.9		64.9
YMZ18	2018-12-20	↑ 25370	4	↑ 25369	1	154.7K	↑ 25370	11:18:08	14.174	65.5		65.5

### 11.1 Default Filter

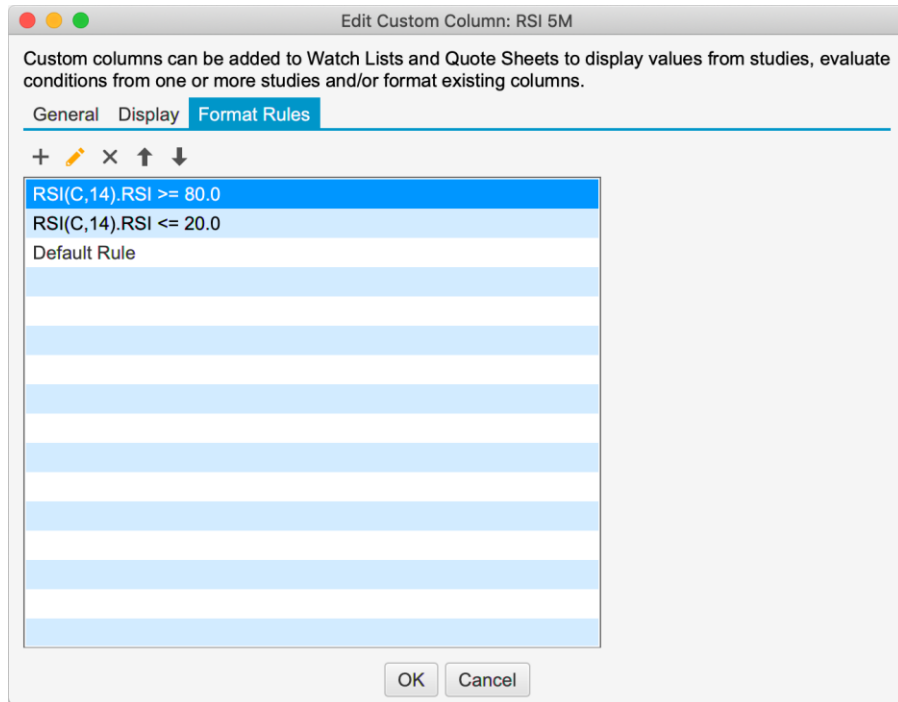
A default filter may be used to apply formatting for cases that don't match the other filters. This can be particularly useful for reducing clutter in the watch list by showing an empty cell for values that are not of immediate interest.

Select the **Default Rule** option on the **Format Rule Dialog** to create a default rule. **Note:** only one default rule can be set for a custom column. The default rule is applied only if there are no other matching rules so the order in the list does not matter.

In the dialog below, we are creating a default rule to show an empty cell (with a '-'). In our example this will match cases where the RSI value is  $\leq 80$  and  $\geq 20$ .



The screen shot below shows all the rules that we have defined for this custom column. Please note that the position of the default rule does not matter. In our case it is the last rule in the list.



The screen shot below shows the default rule applied to the RSI 5M column. Rows that don't match RSI < 20 and RSI > 80 show a dash. This helps to clean up the watch list and draw your attention to the rows of interest.

ne	MACD 5M	RSI 5M ▲	RSI 1M		+
29:31	-0.00001	6.6	57.1		
09		8.5	0.0		
15		-	0.0		
29		-	26.9		
28:50	-0.00000	-	40.6		
24:05	-0.00000	-	22.9		
29:25	-0.0019294	-	6		
	-0.00058	-	2		
29:25	-0.00003	-	27.8		
22:41	-0.00019	-	12.5		
29:03	-0.00000	-	18.0		
28:12	-0.00000	-	52.3		

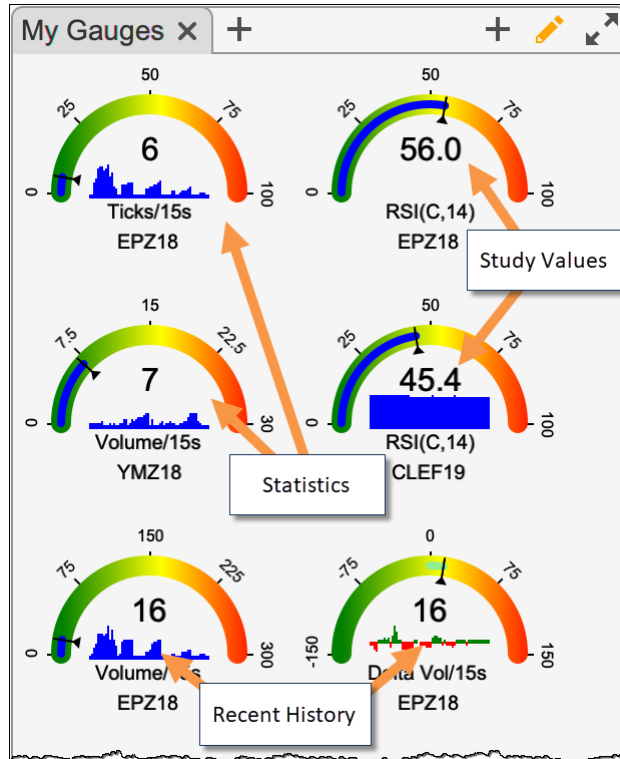
Matching Rules show custom formatting

Default Rule Shows '-'

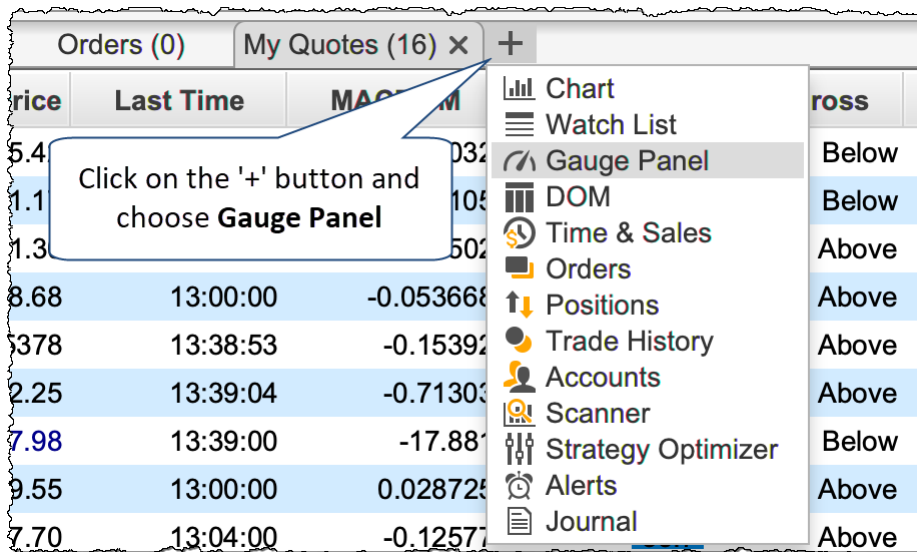
## 12 Gauges

Gauges are used to visually display statistics or study values in a panel in the console (or desktop). These gauges are similar to the Speed Gauges study (first introduced in 5.4.0) but are not displayed on a chart and allow built-in or custom study values.

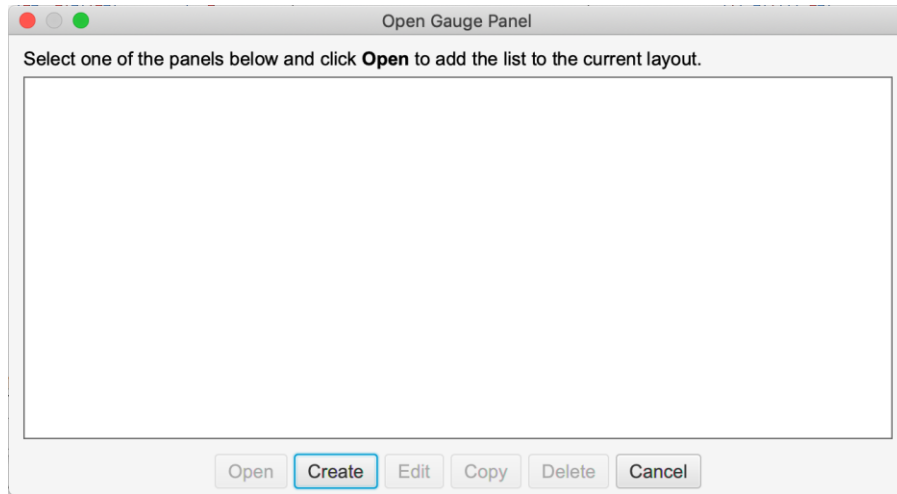
The example below shows study/statistic-based gauges inside a Gauge Panel.



To open/create a Gauges panel, click on the + (plus) button next to an open tab in the Console (or in a desktop) and select Gauge Panel.



The following dialog will be displayed with your existing gauge panels. Click on the Create button to create a new Gauge Panel.

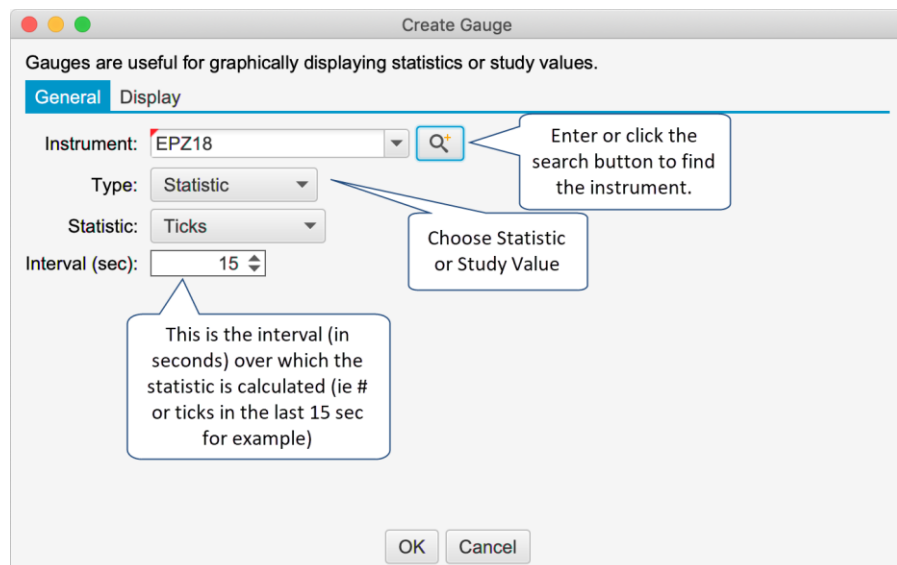


The value for a gauge is computed from a single instrument although you could use a custom instrument to combine multiple instruments.

## 12.1 *Statistic Gauges*

The following options are available for statistics:

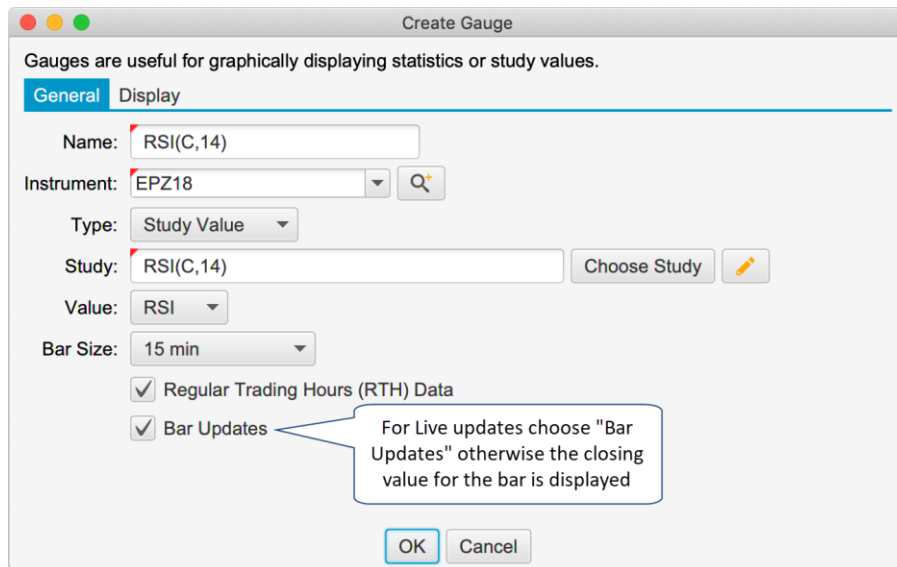
1. **Ticks** – Displays number of ticks that occurred over the given interval (in seconds). This is often used to gauge the speed of the market.
2. **Price** – Current price.
3. **Volume** – Traded volume over the given interval (in seconds).
4. **Bid Vol** – Volume that occurred at the Bid Price.
5. **Ask Vol** – Volume that occurred at the Ask Price.
6. **Delta Vol** – Difference between Bid/Ask Volume (Ask Volume – Bid Volume).
7. **Delta Spread** – Difference between the current Best Bid/Ask sizes (Best Bid Size – Best Ask Size).
8. **Delta DOM** – Difference between the total Bid/Ask sizes (Total Bid Sizes – Total Ask Sizes) in the Depth of Market (DOM).





## 12.2 Study Value Gauges

Study Value Gauges display a value (and recent history) from a built-in or custom study. Select/configure a study and choose the value from the study that you would like to display. For live/real time updates select the **Bar Updates** option.



Gauges are useful for graphically displaying statistics or study values.

**General** | Display

Name: RSI(C,14)

Instrument: EPZ18

Type: Study Value

Study: RSI(C,14) Choose Study

Value: RSI

Bar Size: 15 min

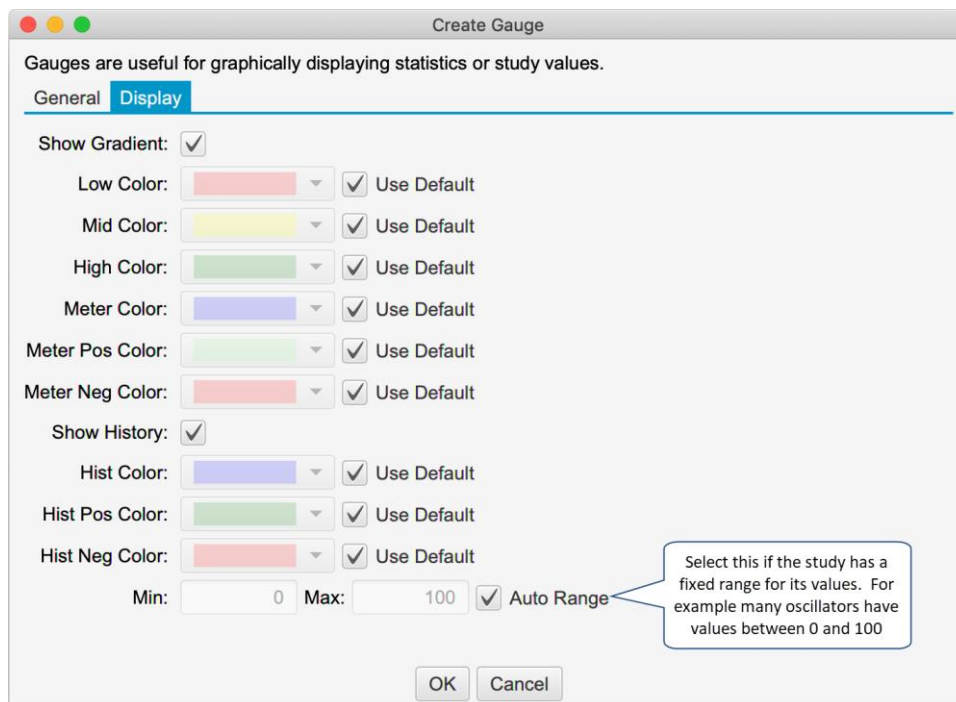
Regular Trading Hours (RTH) Data

Bar Updates

For Live updates choose "Bar Updates" otherwise the closing value for the bar is displayed

OK Cancel

Display options are available for both Study Value and Statistic Gauges under the Display tab:



Gauges are useful for graphically displaying statistics or study values.

**General** | Display

Show Gradient:

Low Color:   Use Default

Mid Color:   Use Default

High Color:   Use Default

Meter Color:   Use Default

Meter Pos Color:   Use Default

Meter Neg Color:   Use Default

Show History:

Hist Color:   Use Default

Hist Pos Color:   Use Default

Hist Neg Color:   Use Default

Min: 0 Max: 100  Auto Range

Select this if the study has a fixed range for its values. For example many oscillators have values between 0 and 100

OK Cancel

## 13 Watch List Flags & Filtering

An icon (or flag) can be displayed on the left-hand side of a **Watch List** (or **Quote Sheet**) to highlight important or notable instruments. To assign a flag to an instrument right click on it and choose **Flag -> <Flag>**. A set of common flags will appear in the menu.

When a flag is assigned, it will appear to the left of the instrument (see below).

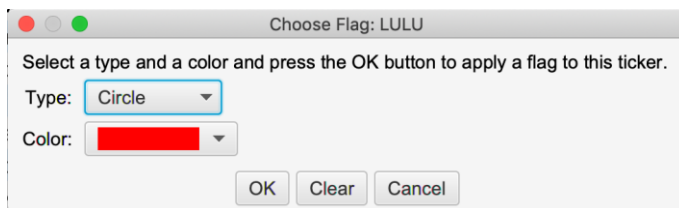
The screenshot shows the MotiveWave Console interface with a watch list of stocks. A context menu is open over the TSLA row, showing various actions. A callout points to the star icon in the watch list, stating "Flag is displayed to the left of the first column". Another callout points to the right-click action, stating "Right click on a row and choose Flag -> <Flag type>". A third callout points to the flag selection menu, stating "Click here to create a custom flag".

Symbol	% Change	Last Price	Change	Description	Last Time
<b>Macro Watch</b>					
<b>Sector SPDRs</b>					
SPY	-0.22%	273.98	-0.60	SPY (NYSE)	17:00:00
XLU	-0.04%	54.78	-0.02	XLU (Pacific)	17:00:00
XLB	0.72%	54.47	0.39	XLB	17:00:00
XLK	-0.97%	67.30	-0.66	XLK	17:00:00
XLy	0.00%	0.00	0.00	XLy	
XLP	0.16%	55.90	0.09	XLP	17:00:00
XLI	0.00%	0.00	0.00	XLI	
XLE	0.65%	66.23	0.43	XLE	17:00:00
XLf	0.00%	0.00	0.00	XLf	
XLV	0.33%	93.96	0.31	XLV	17:00:00
XTN	-1.17%	22.65	-0.74	XTN	12:59:03
<b>Stock</b>					
NET	7.00%	70.00	5.05	Netflix, Inc.	16:59:21
★ AAPL	-1.32%	178.55	-2.39	AAPL (NASDAQ)	16:59:47
FB	1.05%	138.20			16:59:45
TSLA					16:51:55
NVDA					16:59:20
AMZN			-7.50	Amazon.com Inc	16:57:39
COST			0.86	Costco	13:40:02
MSFT			-0.79	Microsoft Corporation	16:57:13
CAT			-0.32	Caterpillar Inc	16:23:02
GOOGL					14:27:46
PNC					13:05:29
BIDU					16:53:20
BABA					16:59:53

The following are the types of flags that are available:

1. Circle
2. Triangle
3. Square
4. Star
5. Flag
6. Check
7. Octagon

Custom flags can be created by choosing **More Flags** from the flag menu (see above). In the **Choose Flag** dialog you can select the type and the color. All recently used flags will appear in the **Recent** section of the flag menu (for convenience).



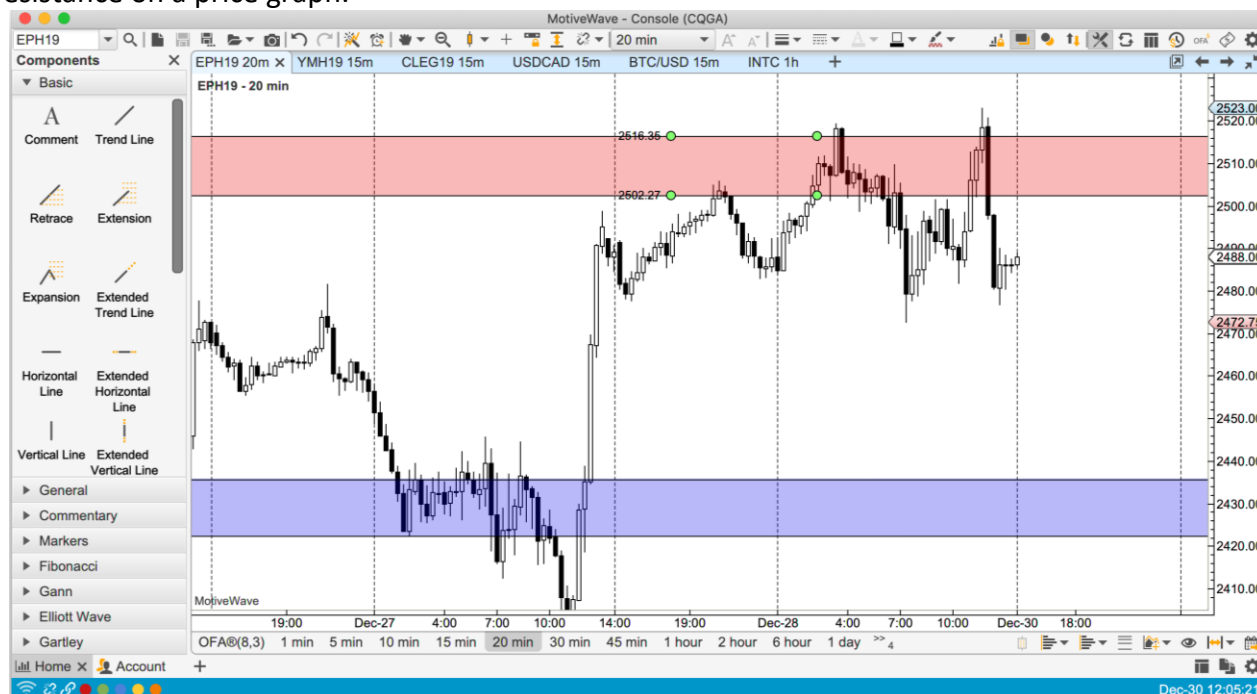
Filtering may also be applied to a Watch List or Quote sheet by selecting the flag from the filter button in the tool bar. Choose Clear Filter to show all instruments.

Symbol	% Change	Last Price	Change	Description	Last Time
★ AAPL	-0.95%	↑177.86	-1.70	AAPL (NASDAQ)	10:42:59
★ NVDA	3.17%	↓162.35	4.99	NVDA (NASDAQ)	10:43:00
★ GOOGL	-0.42%	1090.01	-4.57	Google Inc	10:42:57
★ ORCL	1.57%	↓48.65	0.75	Oracle Corporation	10:43:00

## 14 Components/Tools

### 14.1 Support / Resistance Zones

Support and Resistance zones are two new components that may be used to highlight an area of support or resistance on a price graph.



### 14.2 Profit/Loss Calculator

The Profit/Loss calculator component will calculate the potential profit (up to three targets) with a stop loss order. This component can be found under the General tab of the Components Panel. Risk levels can be computed using a percentage of your account or using a fixed amount. Labels shown on the component are shorted (to save space):

1. **T** – Target price for a take profit order (these are named T1, T2, T3 if multiple targets are used).
2. **P** – Profit Amount and percent of account. Each take profit order will include the total profit realized at that price.
3. **Q** – Quantity.
4. **E** – Entry price.
5. **P/L** – Profit/Loss calculated at the current price.
6. **R/R** – Risk/Reward ratio.
7. **S** – Stop Loss price.
8. **L** – Loss amount and percent of account for the stop loss order.

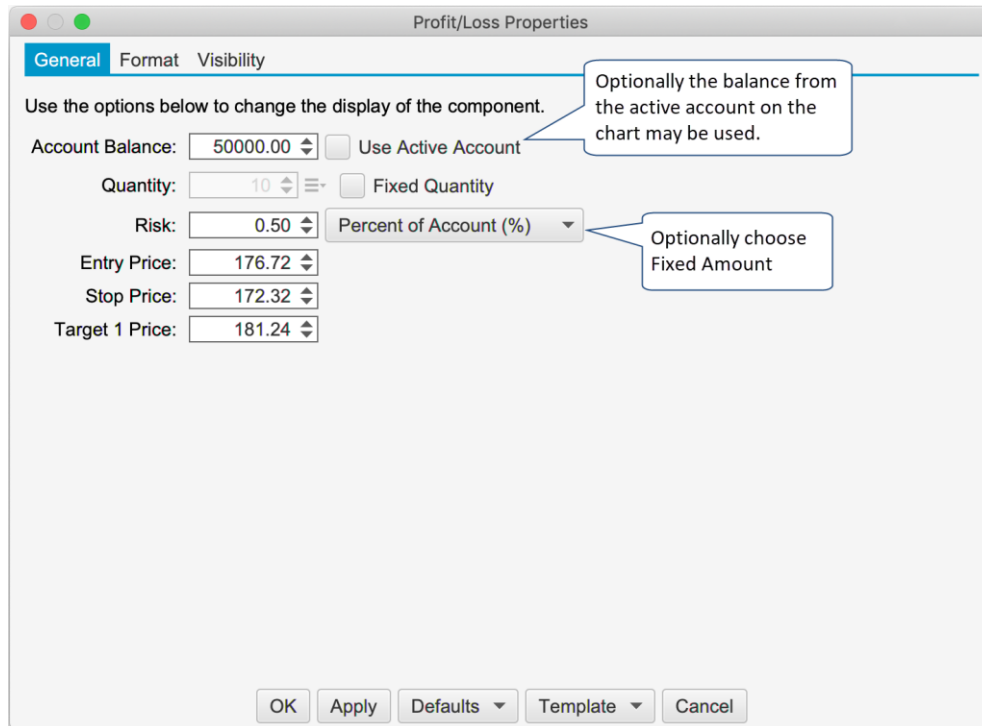
In the following screen shot, a PL component has been added to the chart with 1 profit target and a risk percent of 0.5% of the account value (50K in this case). Entry and exit quantities are calculated from the risk percent and position of the stop loss target.



You can change the behavior of the component from the Properties dialog (double click on the component). There two methods available for calculating risk:

1. **Percent of Account** – This option will dynamically calculate the amount at risk by taking a percentage of the account balance. This can either be statically defined (such as 50K) or using the current balance of the active account on the chart.
2. **Fixed Amount** – Enter a fixed dollar amount to put at risk.

If a fixed quantity is chosen, then the risk is dynamically computed based on the position of the stop order.



Profit/Loss Properties

General Format Visibility

Use the options below to change the display of the component.

Account Balance: 50000.00  Use Active Account

Quantity: 10  Fixed Quantity

Risk: 0.50 Percent of Account (%)

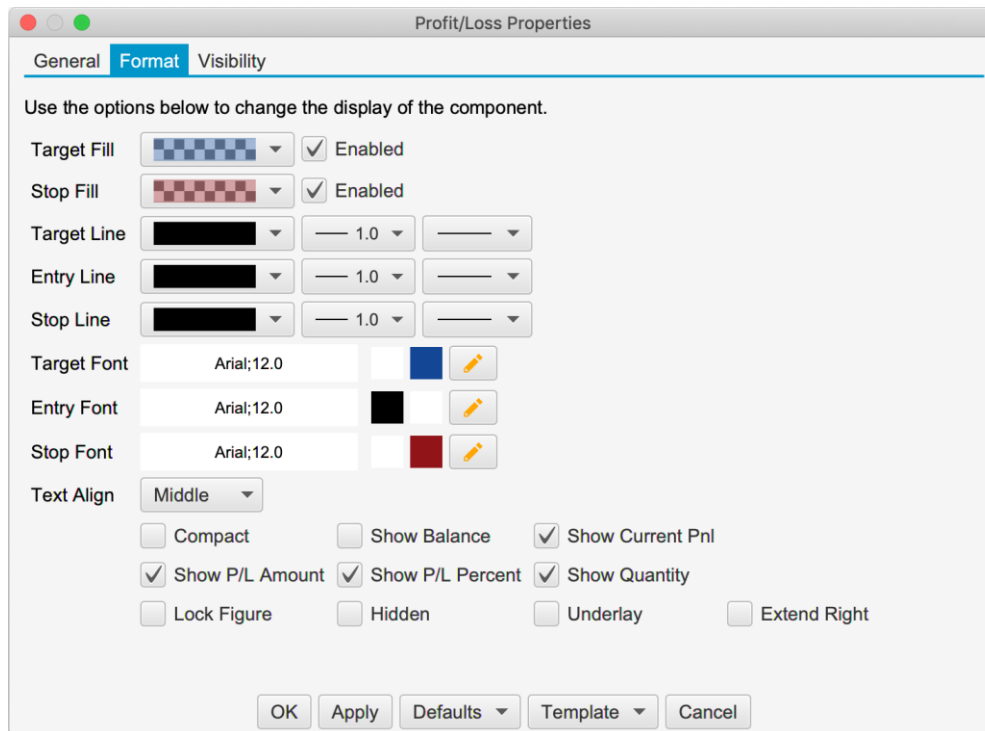
Entry Price: 176.72

Stop Price: 172.32

Target 1 Price: 181.24

OK Apply Defaults Template Cancel

The following screen shot shows the formatting options for the Profit Loss calculator.



Profit/Loss Properties

General Format Visibility

Use the options below to change the display of the component.

Target Fill  Enabled

Stop Fill  Enabled

Target Line — 1.0 —

Entry Line — 1.0 —

Stop Line — 1.0 —

Target Font Arial;12.0

Entry Font Arial;12.0

Stop Font Arial;12.0

Text Align Middle

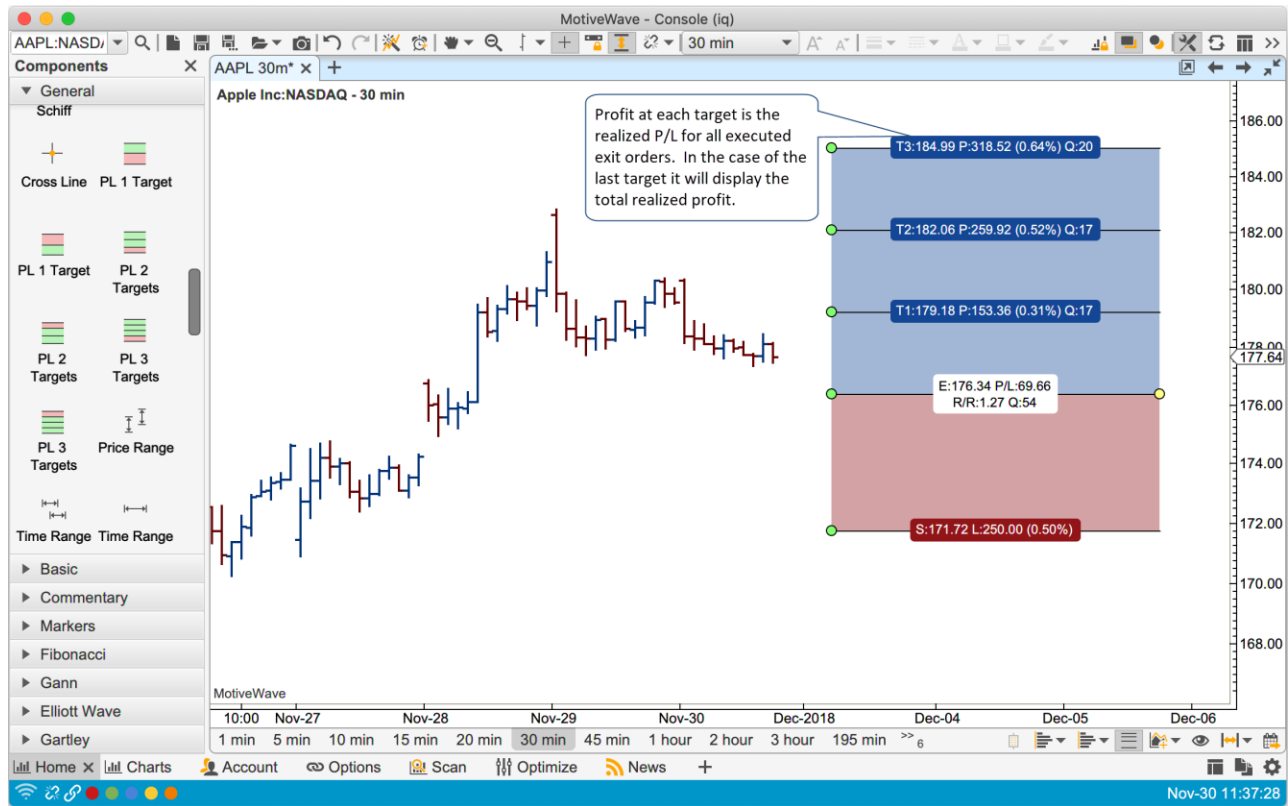
Compact  Show Balance  Show Current Pnl

Show P/L Amount  Show P/L Percent  Show Quantity

Lock Figure  Hidden  Underlay  Extend Right

OK Apply Defaults Template Cancel

Below is an example of a Profit Loss calculator with 3 targets. The profit calculated at each target represents the total profit (as opposed to the profit for the specific exit order). For example the profit displayed at target 2 will be the profit from the target 1 exit order plus the profit from the target 2 exit order plus the unrealized profit from the target 3 order.



### 14.3 Cross Line Component

The cross-line component is a combination of a vertical guide and a horizontal guide. This component is available in the General panel. Below is an example of a cross line added to the price graph. Note: the vertical (time) guide will span all plots in the chart.

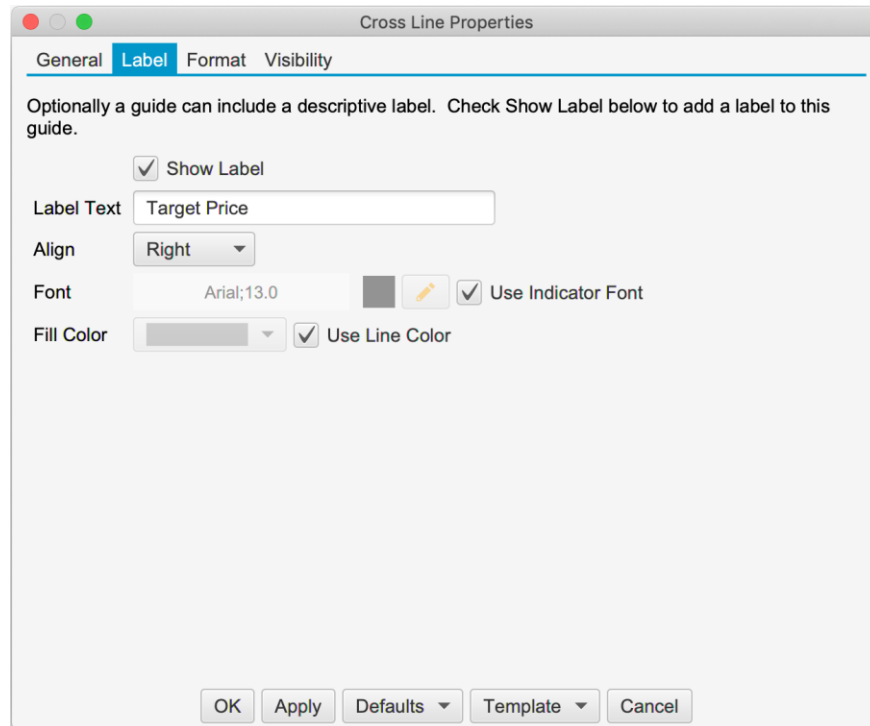


Double click on the cross line to show the properties (see below):

### 14.3.1 Labels

Optionally a label can be added to the horizontal (price) guide to help identify the purpose of the cross line. This option can be enabled from the Label tab of the properties dialog:





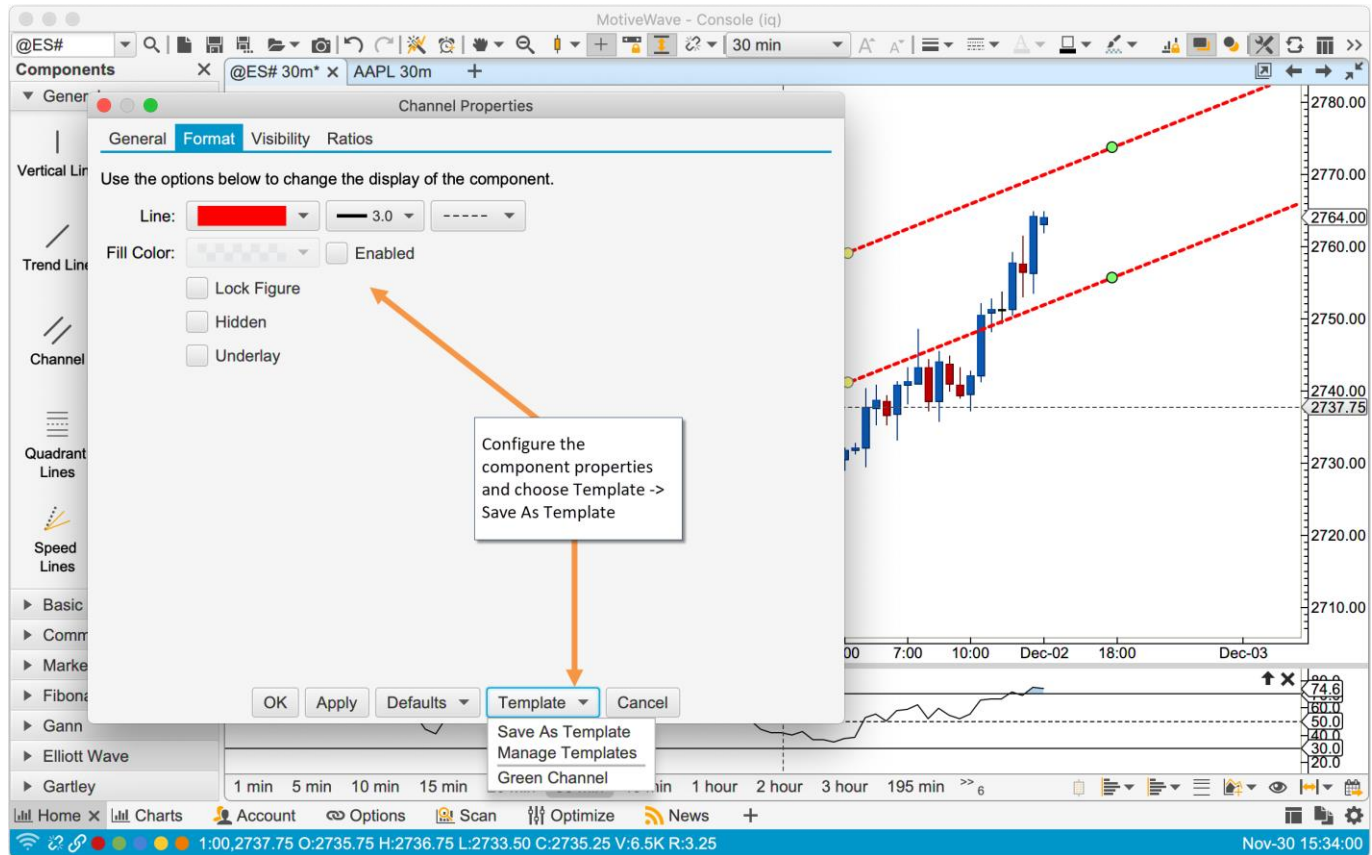
Below is the cross line with the label “Target Price” on the price guide:



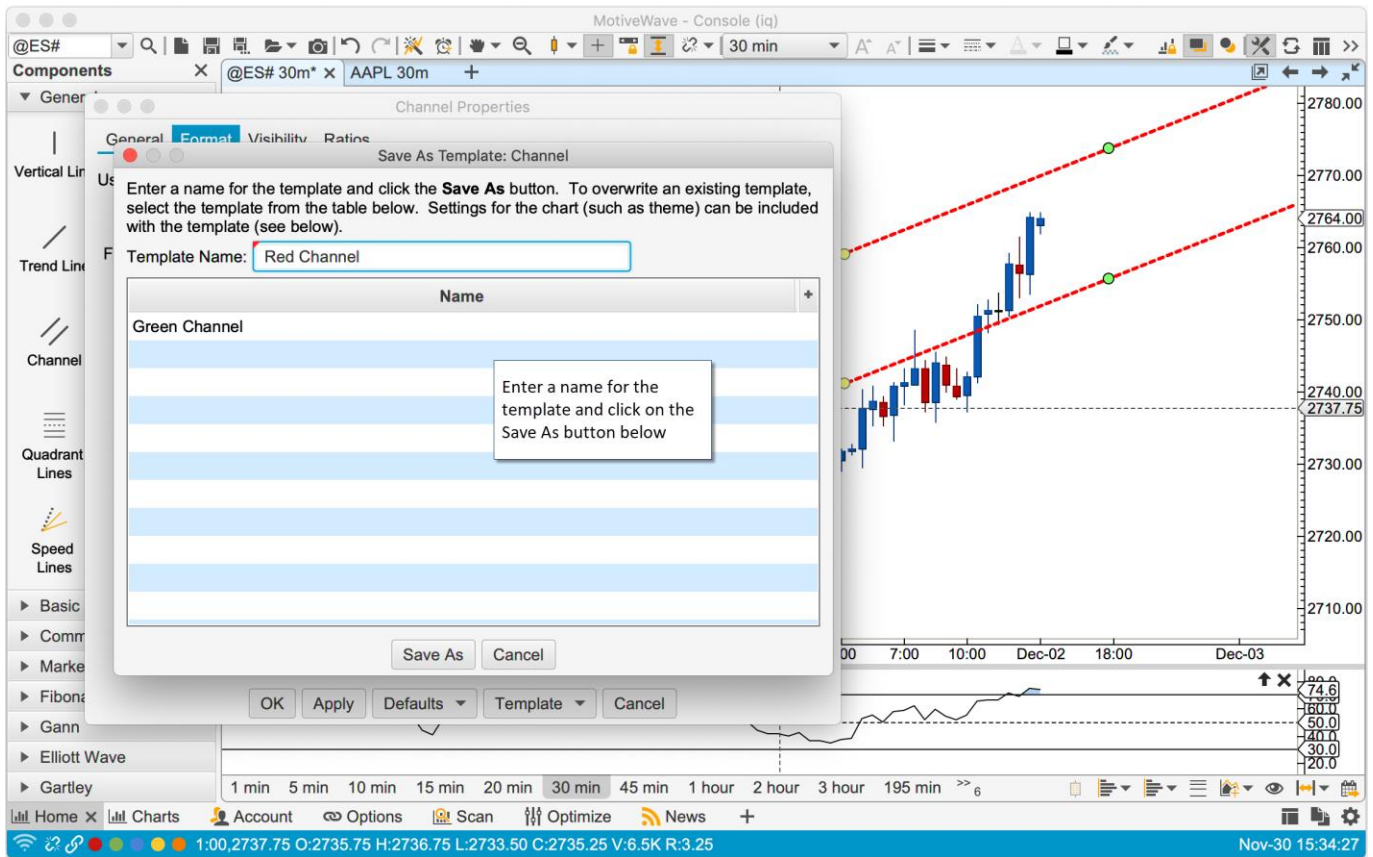
## 14.4 Component Templates

Component templates are similar to study templates in that they allow you to choose settings and formatting for a component and save it for later use. You can apply a component template via the context menu (right click) or from the **Template** menu button in the properties dialog.

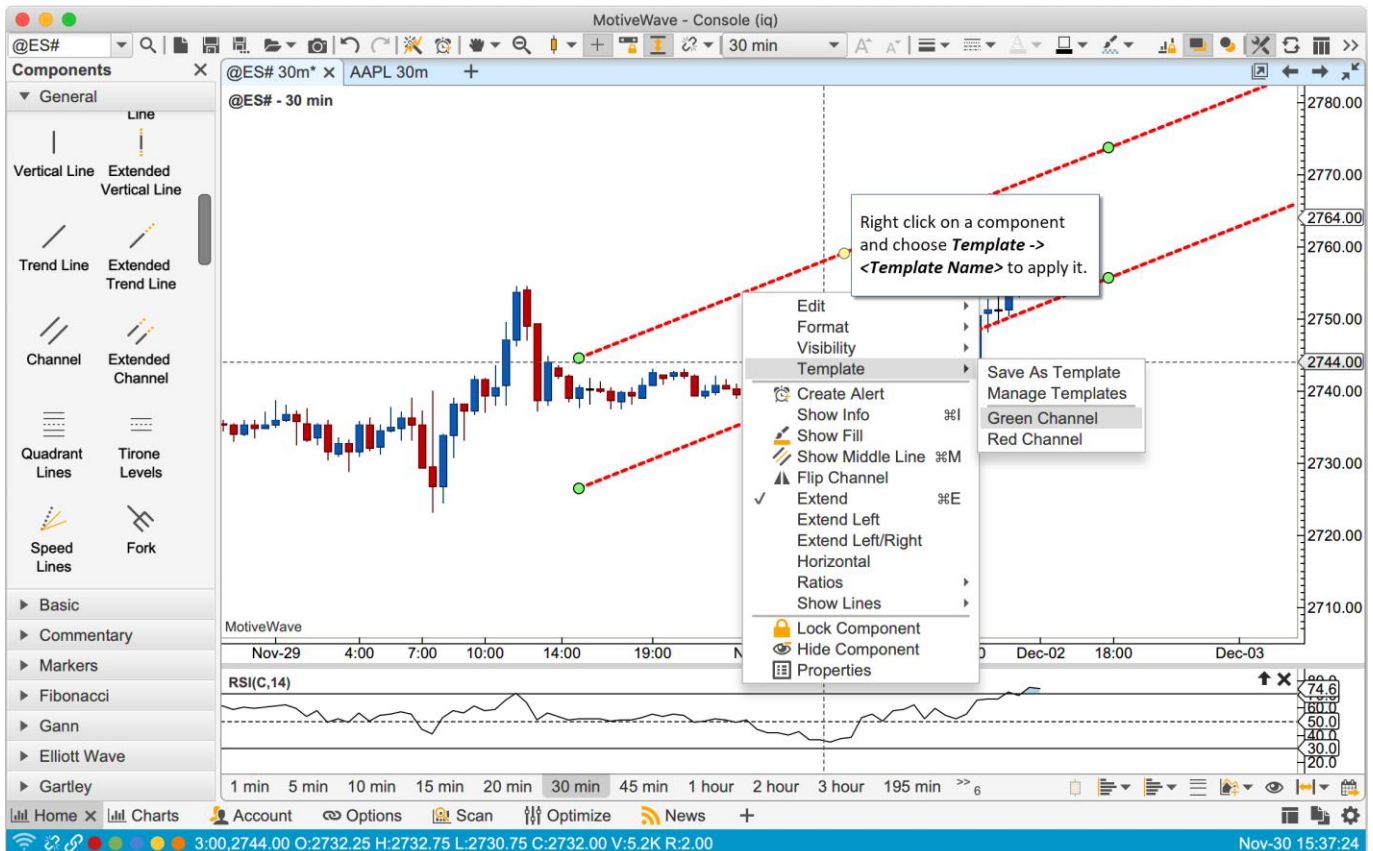
In the example below, the channel component is configured to use a thick red dashed line and the “extend right” attribute enabled. From the **Template** menu button choose “**Save As Template**”. Note: existing templates for this component will appear in this drop down. Choose a template to apply it to the active component.



In the **Save As Template** dialog enter the name of the template. Template names are scoped to the type of component so you can reuse the same name across different component types. Click on the **Save As** button to save the template.

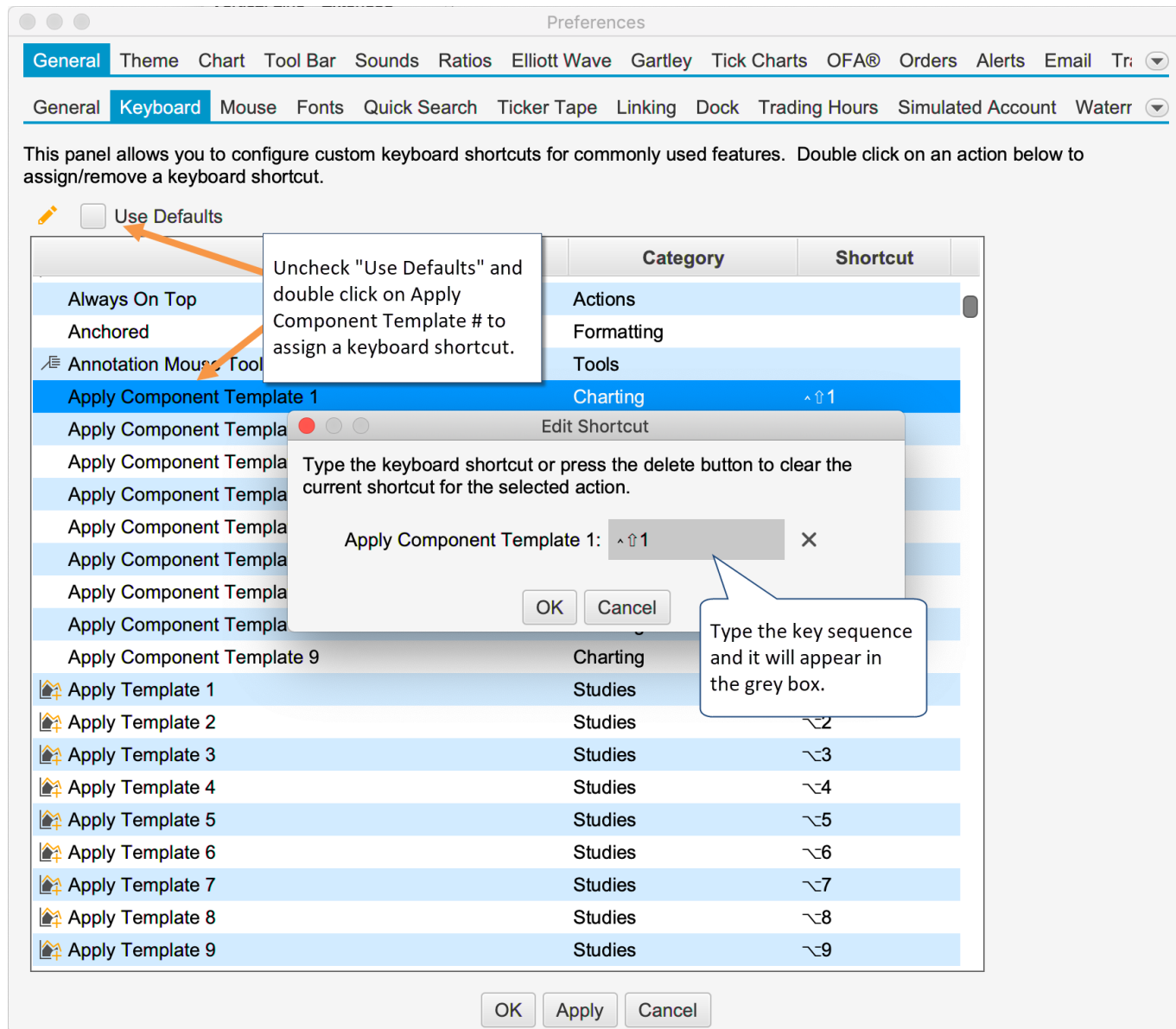


Right click on a component (in a chart) and choose *Template -> Template Name* to apply template settings.



### 14.4.1 Keyboard Shortcuts

Keyboard shortcuts can be assigned to the first 9 templates. Open the Preferences Dialog (**Configure -> Preferences** from the Console menu bar) and click on **General -> Keyboard**. Nine actions are available **Apply Component Template 1 – 9** in the action table. Double click on one of the actions to assign a keystroke (Note: you may need to uncheck **Use Defaults** if this is the first time assigning custom keystrokes).

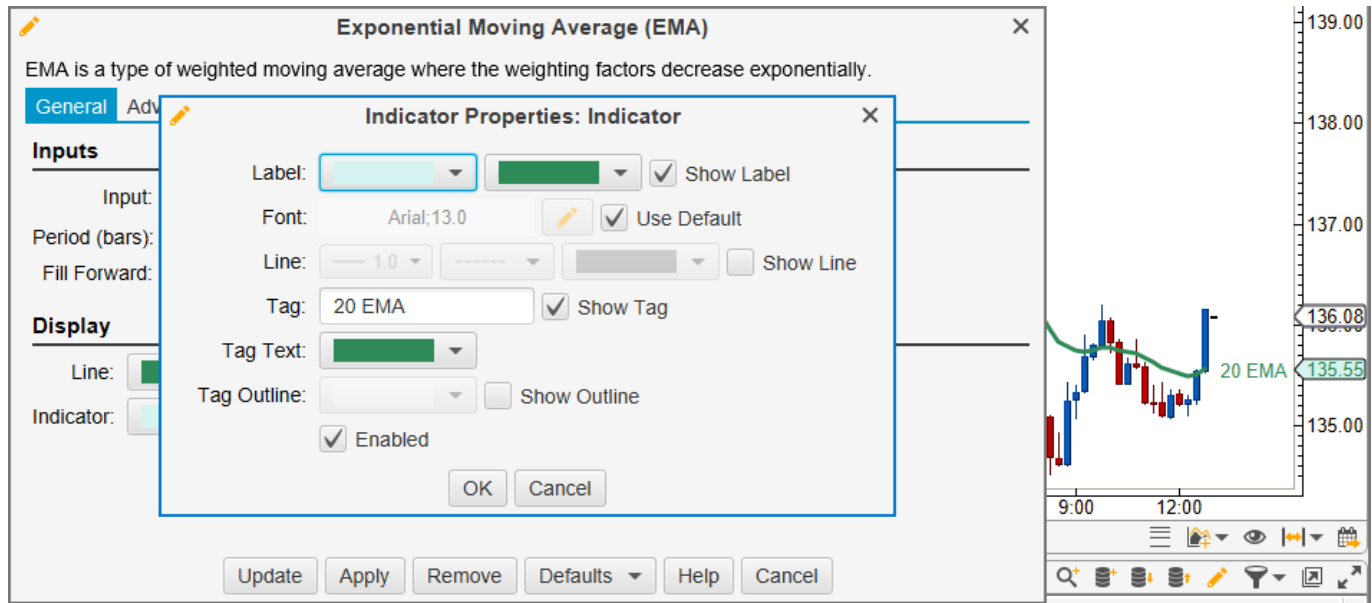


## 15 Studies

We have added a few new studies and updated other studies in version 6.0.

### 15.1 Study Indicator Tags

Descriptive tags can optionally be displayed next to the indicators displayed in the vertical axis. Edit the advanced indicator settings (click on the edit button next to an indicator in the study dialog) and check the “Show Tag” box.



The screenshot displays the 'Exponential Moving Average (EMA)' settings dialog. The 'Indicator Properties: Indicator' sub-dialog is open, showing the following settings:

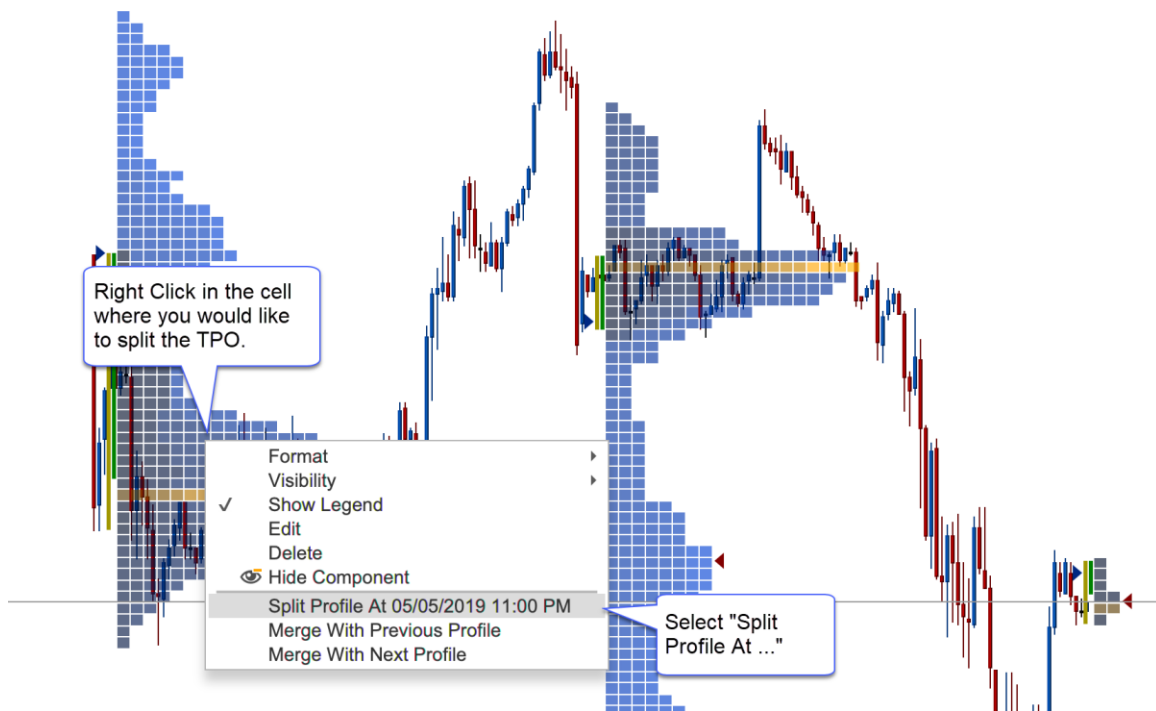
- Label:** [Dropdown menu] [Color picker]  Show Label
- Font:** Arial;13.0 [Color picker]  Use Default
- Line:** 1.0 [Dropdown menu] [Color picker]  Show Line
- Tag:** 20 EMA  Show Tag
- Tag Text:** [Color picker]
- Tag Outline:** [Dropdown menu]  Show Outline
- Enabled

The background chart shows a candlestick price movement with a green EMA line. Price levels are marked at 136.08 and 135.55. The time axis shows 9:00 and 12:00.

### 15.2 TPO Study

#### 15.2.1 Split

TPO Profile may be split from the context menu (right click on the TPO Profile Cell). The profile will be split at the cell where the context menu was opened.



Split profiles have connector lines to indicate where the profiles were split. A TPO profile may be split multiple times. Splits may also be removed individually or all at once (Clear Splits option):

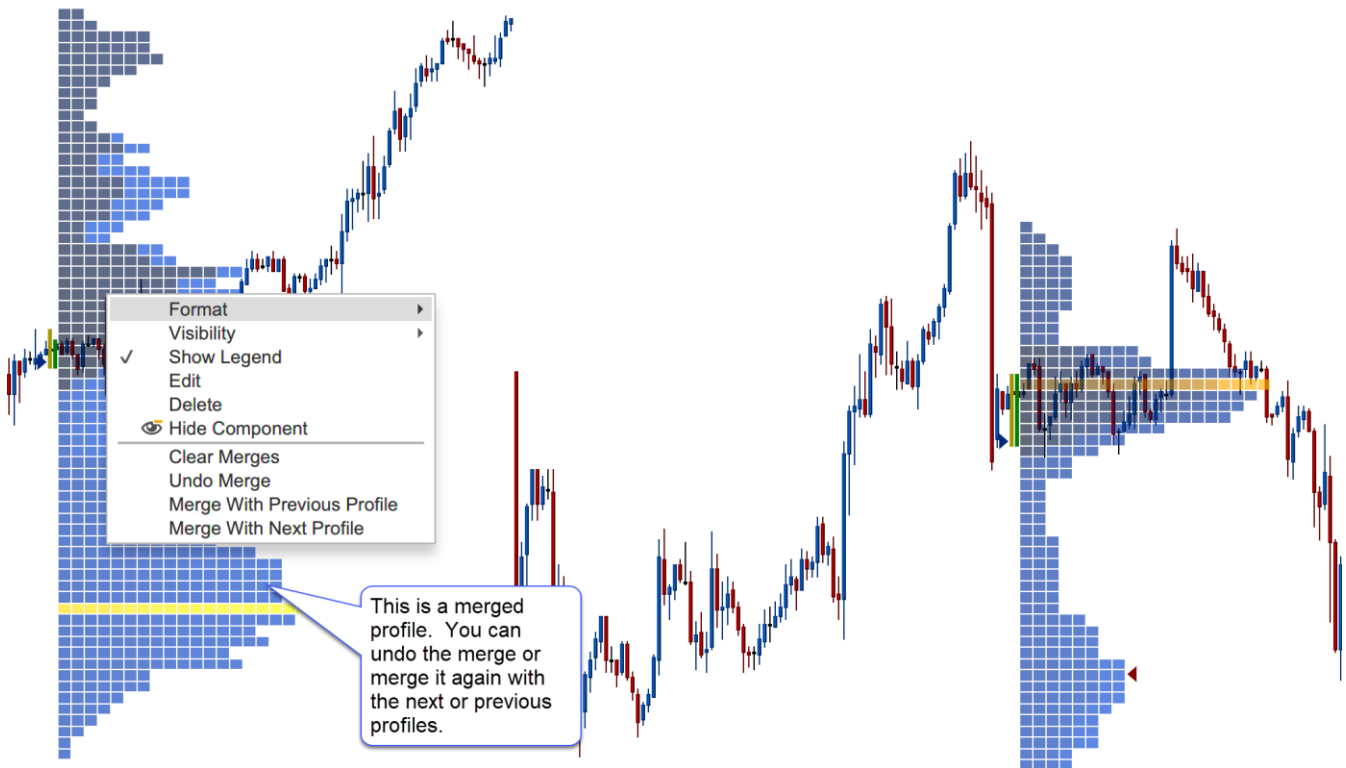


## 15.2.2 Merge

Merging profiles is similar to splitting profiles. Right click on a profile and choose **Merge With Previous Profile** or **Merge With Next Profile**:



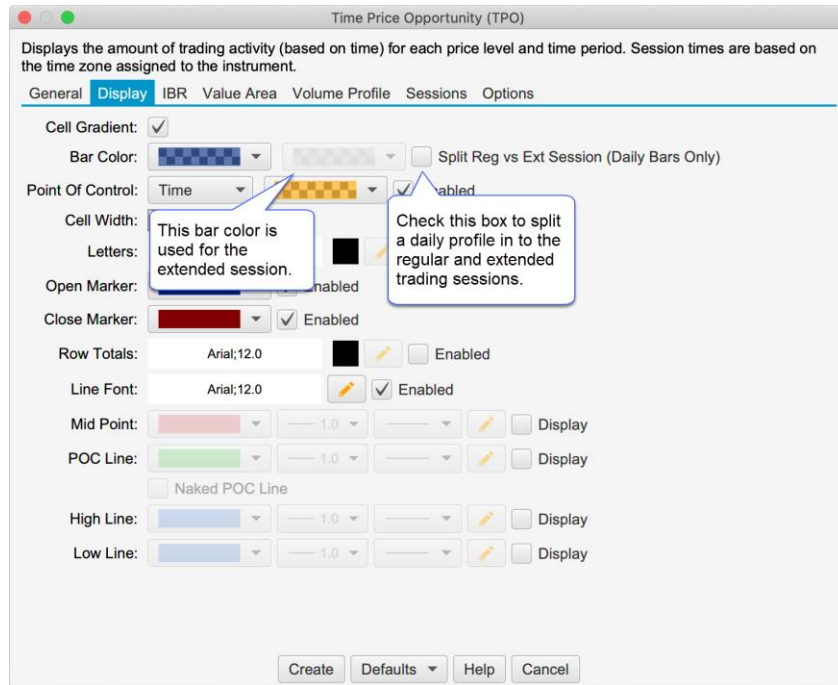
Profiles can be merged multiple times. You may also undo a merge (or all merges) from the context menu:



### 15.2.3 Split ETH/RTH

Daily TPOs can be split into two profiles where the first profile shows the regular trading session and the second shows the extended session. **Note:** this feature is only applicable to TPOs that have a 1-day timeframe.

This option can be found under the Display tab of the study dialog (double click on the study):



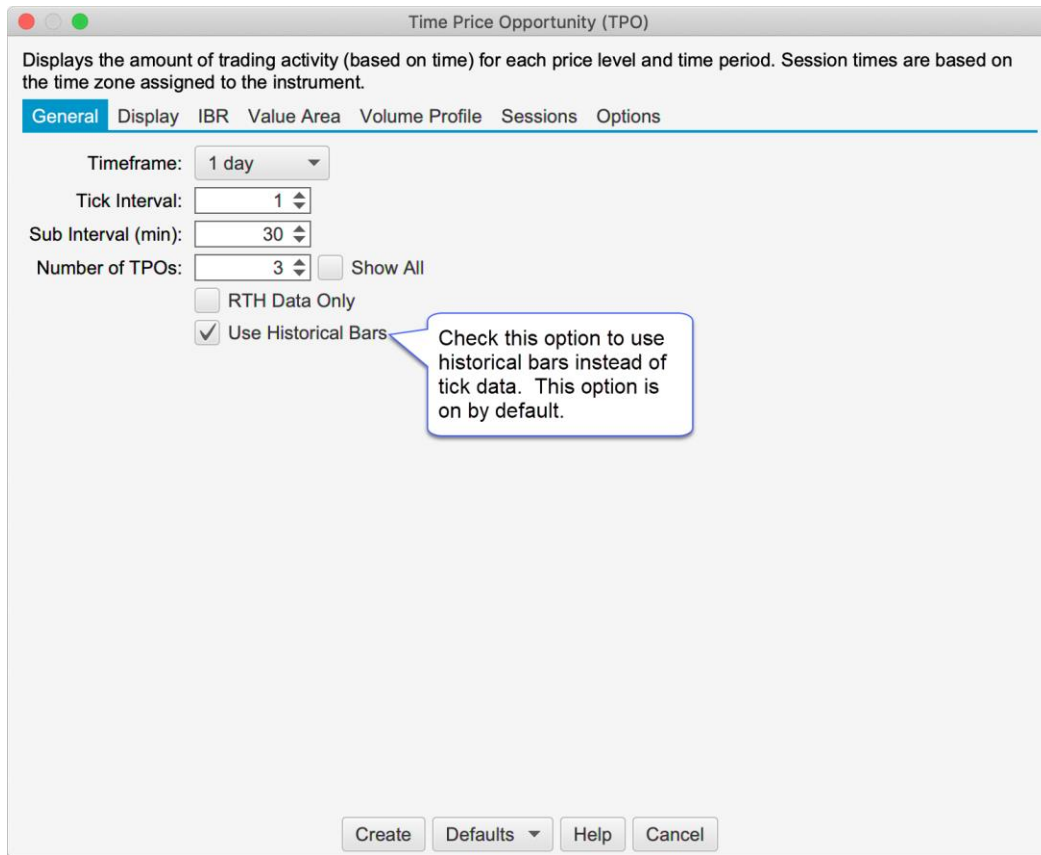
In the screen shot below, the regular trading session has the blue bars and the extended session has grey bars:



### 15.2.4 Historical Bars vs Tick Data

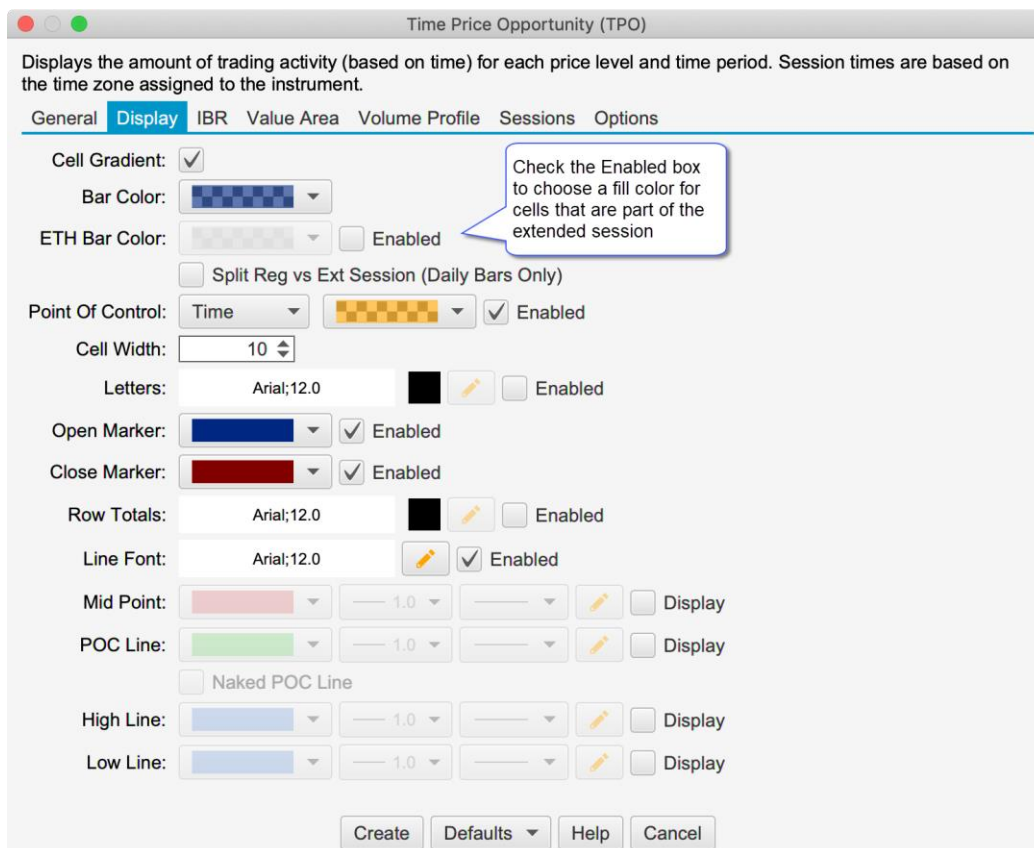
Optionally historical bars may be used instead of tick data (on by default). This significantly improves the loading time for the study and provides a greater range of data (at the expense of accuracy).





### 15.2.5 Background Cell Color

An additional option has been added to the TPO study to change the background color for cells that are part of the extended session (see screen shot below).



### 15.2.6 Font Color

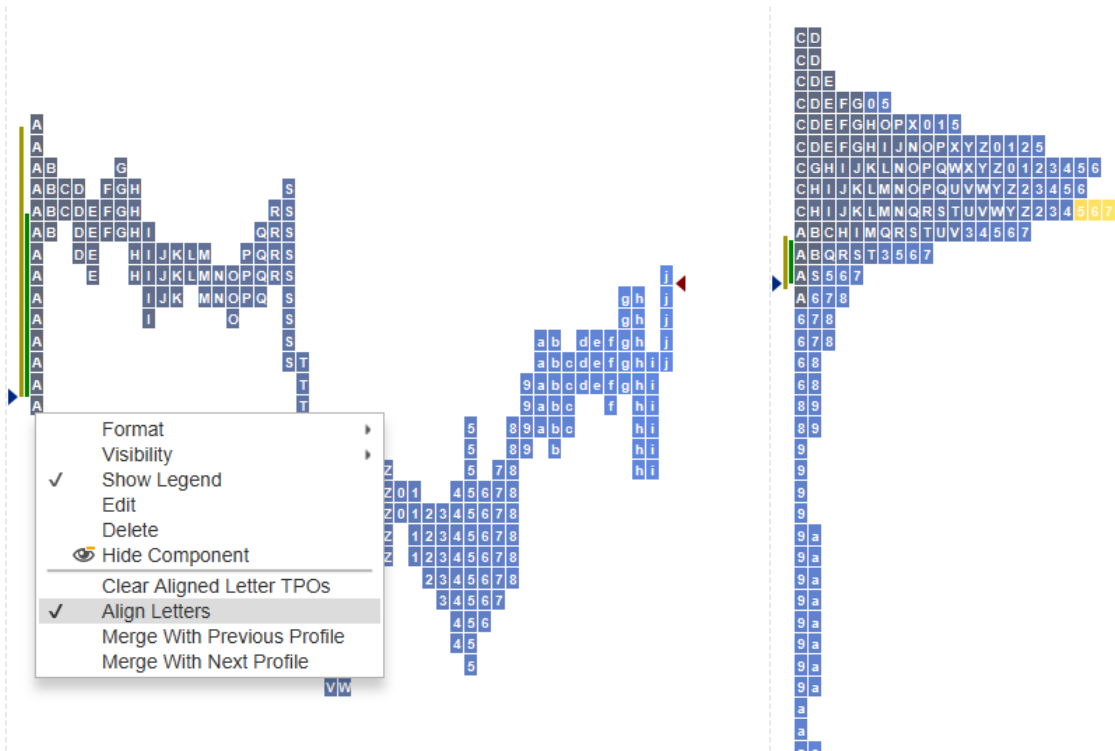
Added a Font/Font Color option for letters displayed in the ETH session (see Display tab -> Letters ETH).

### 15.2.7 Constrain Width

If this option is checked it will automatically reduce the cell width if the profile overlaps the next profile.

### 15.2.8 Align Letters in Same Column

This option (see Display tab, **Align Letters in Same Column** check box) will place each letter in a separate column to better represent the time when that cell occurred.



### Time Price Opportunity (TPO) ✕

Displays the amount of trading activity (based on time) for each price level and time period. Session times are based on the time zone assigned to the instrument.

General **Display** IBR Value Area Volume Profile Sessions Options

Cell Gradient:

Bar Color: [Color Swatch]

ETH Bar Color: [Color Swatch]  Enabled

Split Reg vs Ext Session (Daily Bars Only)

Point Of Control: Time [Color Swatch]  Enabled

Cell Width:   Constrain Width

Align Letters

Letters: Arial;12.0 [Color Swatch]  Enabled

Letters ETH: Arial;12.0 [Color Swatch]  Enabled

Open Marker: [Color Swatch]  Enabled

Close Marker: [Color Swatch]  Enabled

Row Totals: Arial;12.0 [Color Swatch]  Enabled

Line Font: Arial;12.0  Enabled

Mid Point: [Color Swatch]    Display

POC Line: [Color Swatch]    Display

Naked POC Line

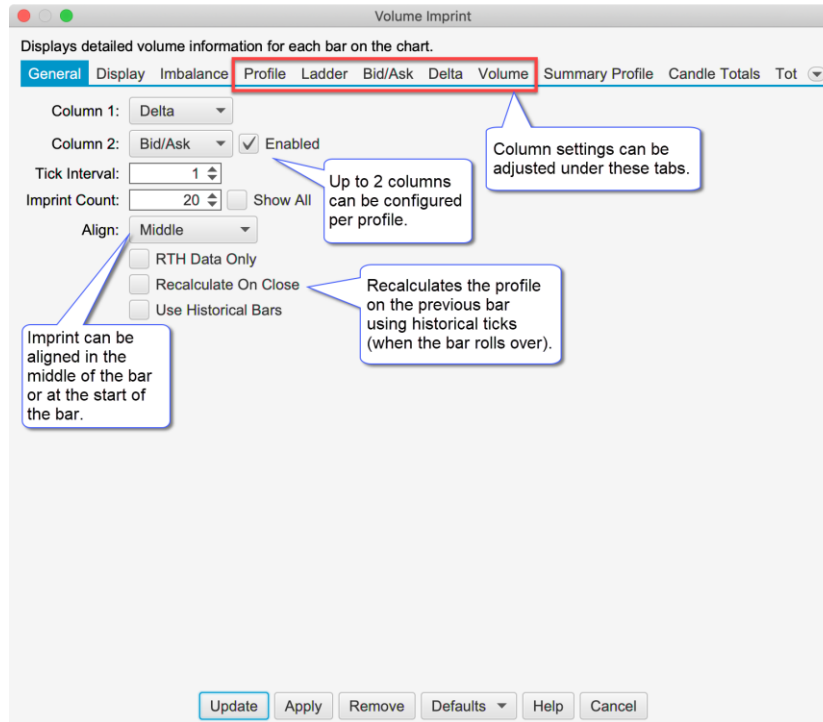
High Line: [Color Swatch]    Display

Low Line: [Color Swatch]    Display

## 15.3 Volume Imprint Study

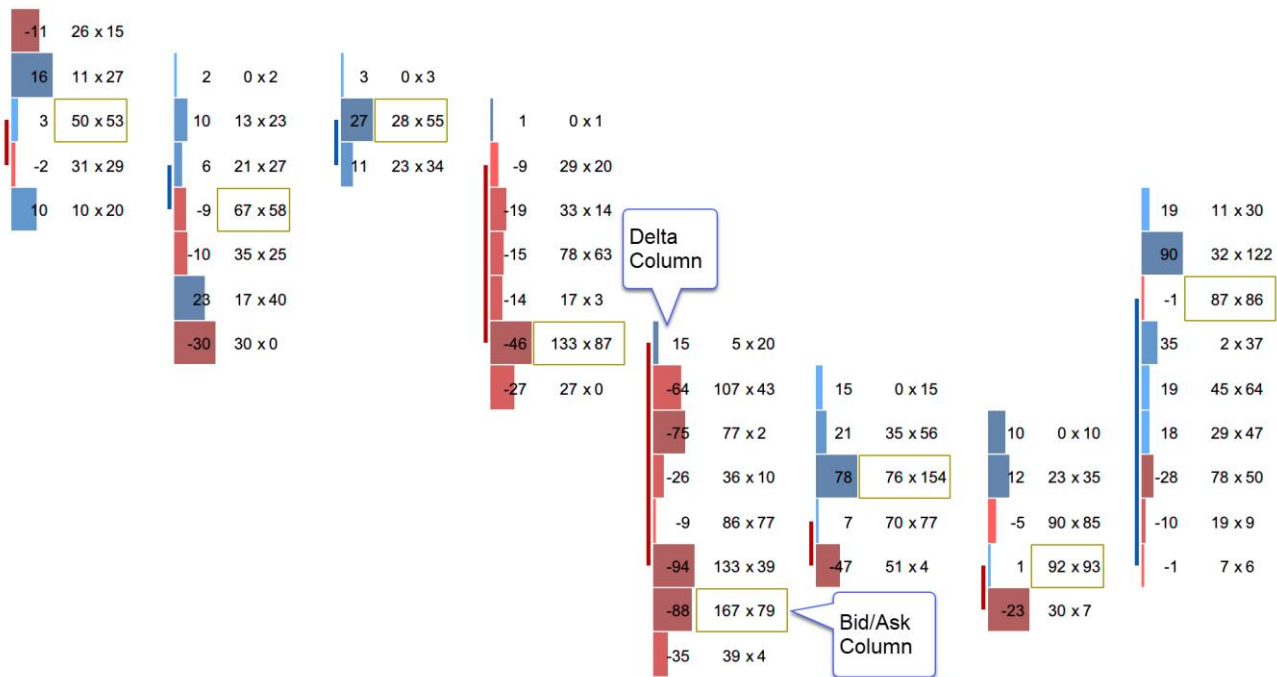
### 15.3.1 Multiple Columns

Two columns may be displayed for each Volume Imprint bar. This can be configured from the General tab of the study dialog:



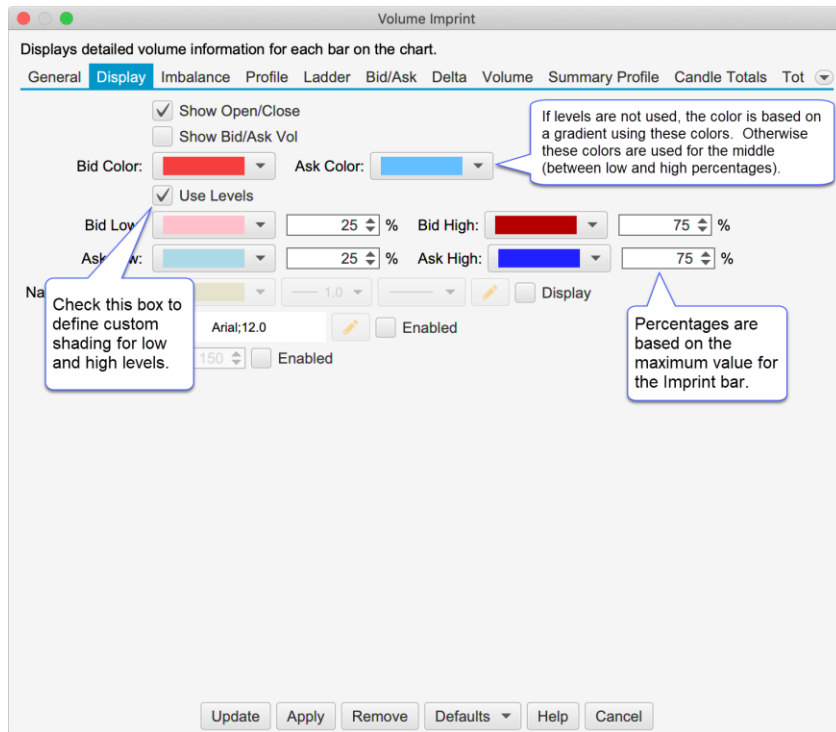
Settings can be tailored for each column under the Profile, Ladder, Bid/Ask, Delta and Volume tabs.

The following screen shot shows a Volume Imprint study with Delta and Bid/Ask columns:

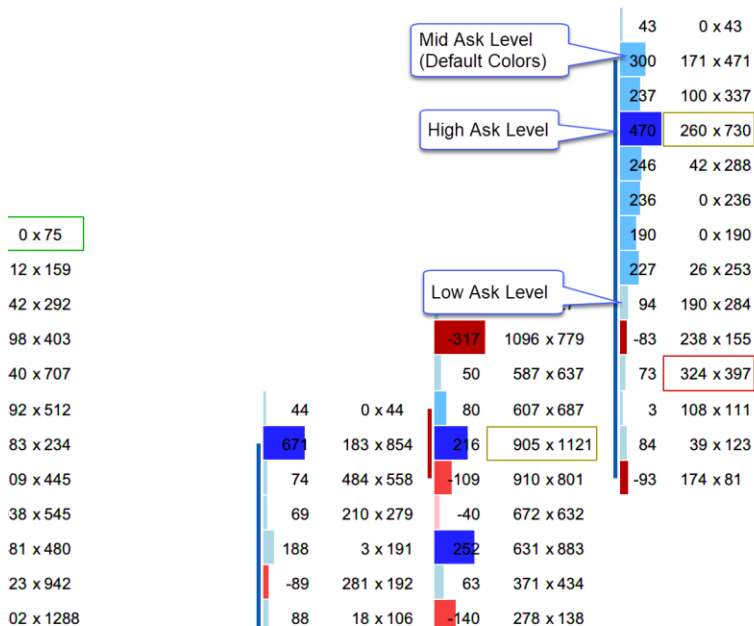


### 15.3.2 Shading Levels

Shading levels may be customized based on a percentage of the highest value. This can make it easier to spot high or low values. If levels are not used (uncheck Use Levels), then the shading uses a gradient based off the bid/ask colors (see below).



In the screen shot below, you can see the custom shading levels defined in the dialog box above.

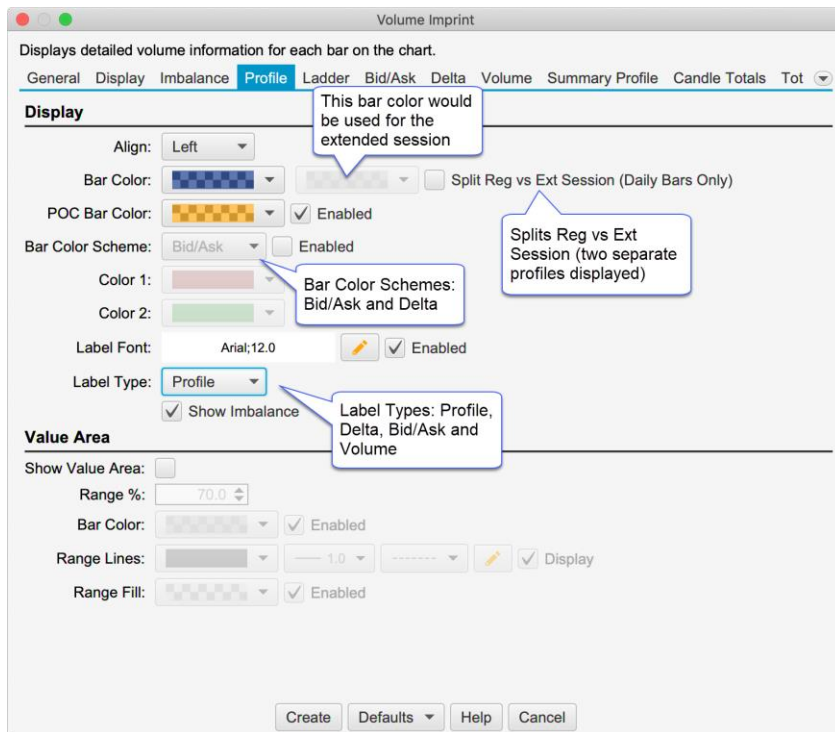


### 15.3.3 Profile

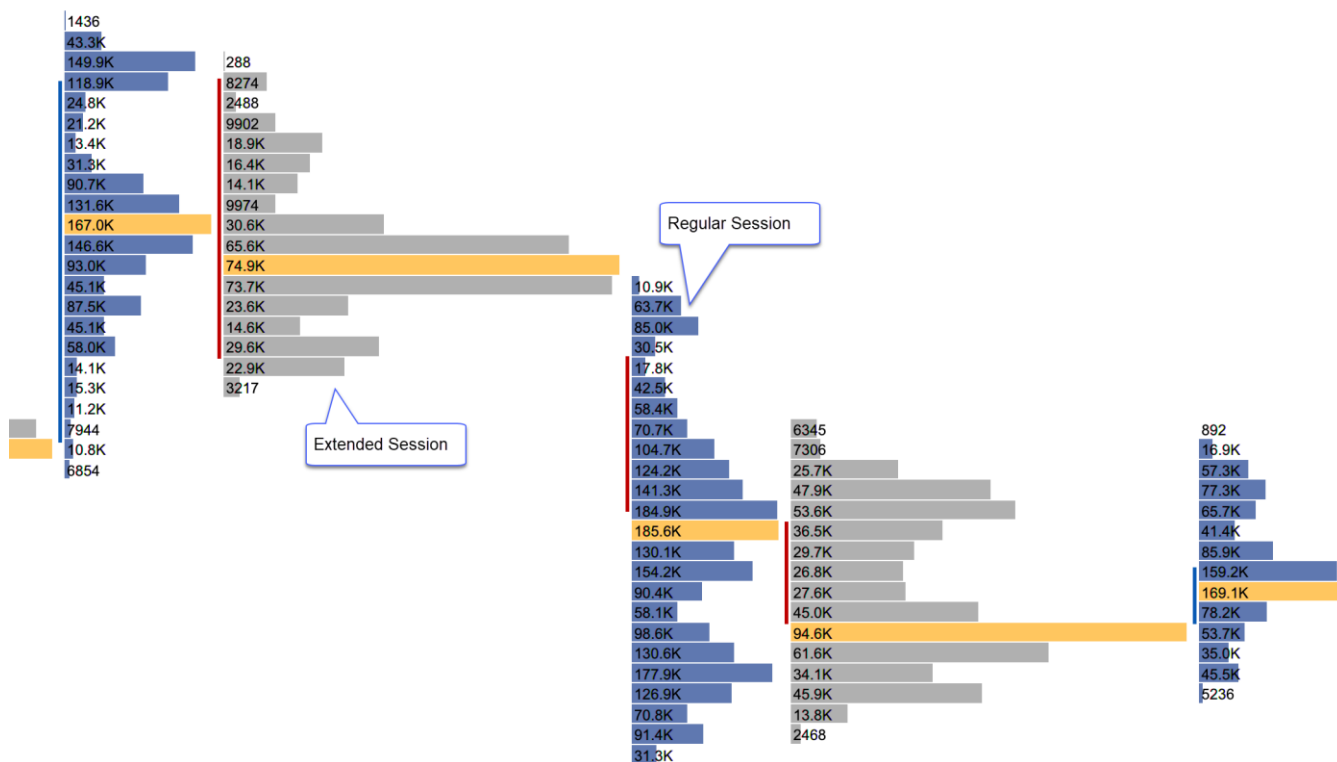
Several enhancements have been made to the profile column (see **Profile** tab in the Study Dialog):

1. **Split Reg vs Extended Session** – Splits the regular and extended trading session (daily bars only)
2. **Bar Color Scheme** – Optionally show Bid/Ask volume or Delta.

3. **Label Type** – This option will change the label displayed on each profile bar. Available options include (Note: this option is also available on Bid/Ask, Delta and Volume columns):
  - a. Profile – Displays the volume
  - b. Delta – Displays the delta value (Ask Volume – Bid Volume)
  - c. Bid/Ask – Displays the Bid and Ask volume (same as Bid/Ask type)
  - d. Volume – Displays volume (using imbalance coloring)



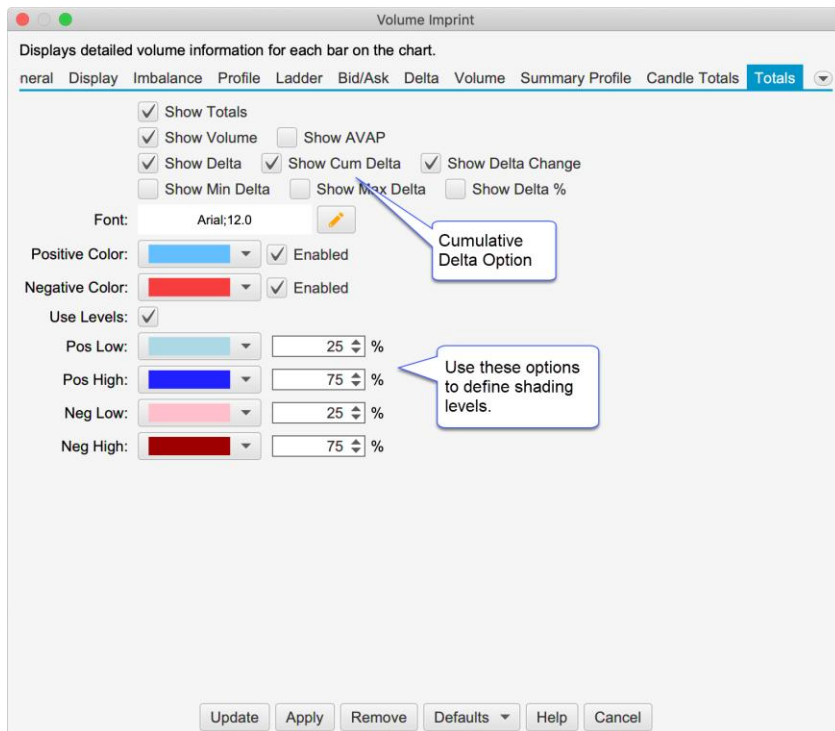
The screen shot below shows the profile split into Reg vs Extended session. Extended session bars are shown in grey:



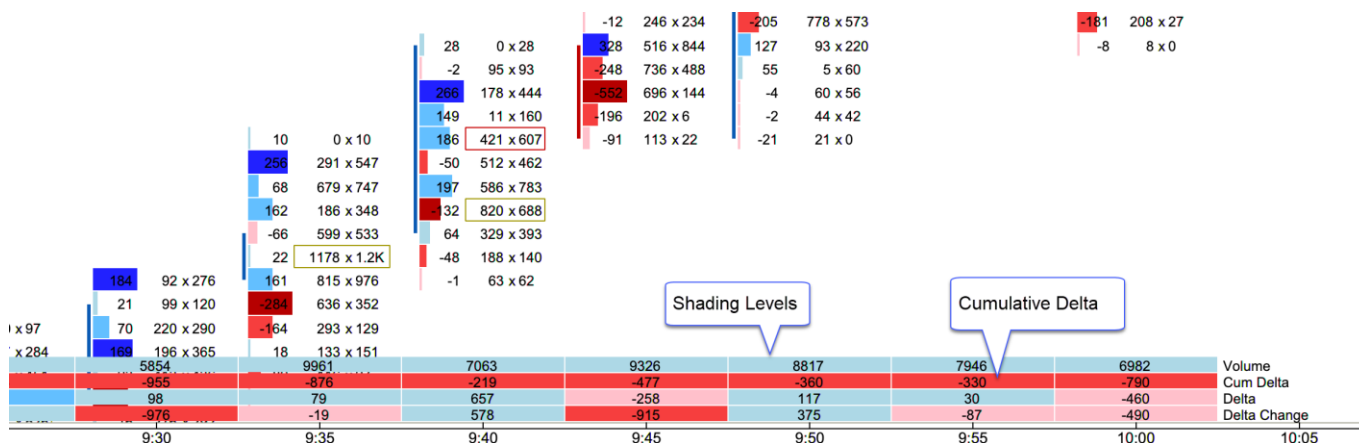
### 15.3.4 Totals

The following options have been added to the Totals tab of the study dialog:

1. **Show Cum Delta** – Displays daily cumulative delta
2. **Shading Levels** – Similar to the shading levels for the candle, this applies shading to the totals section at the bottom of the chart.

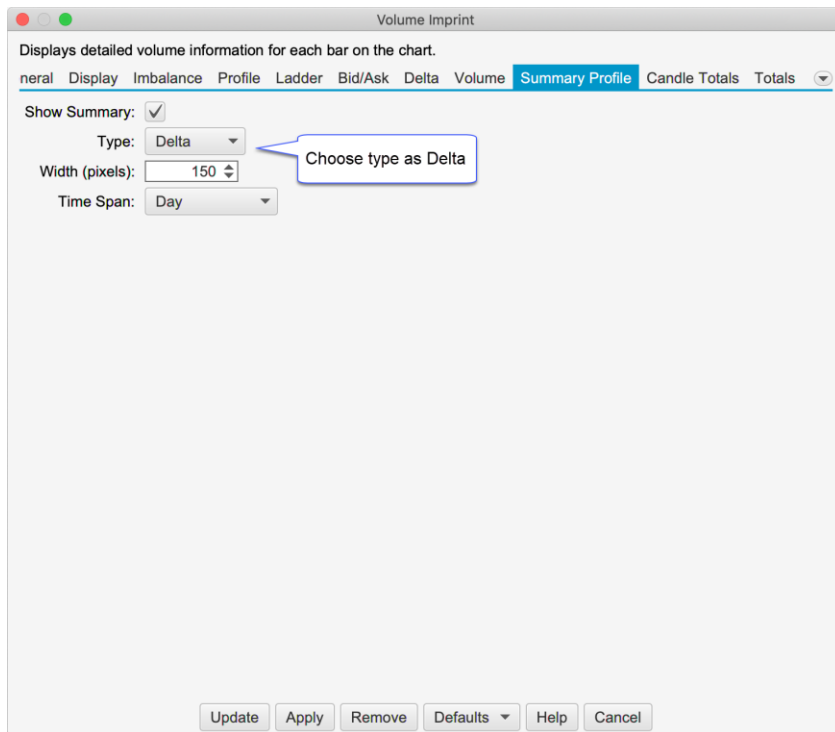


The screen shot below shows the totals at the bottom of the chart as configured in the dialog above:

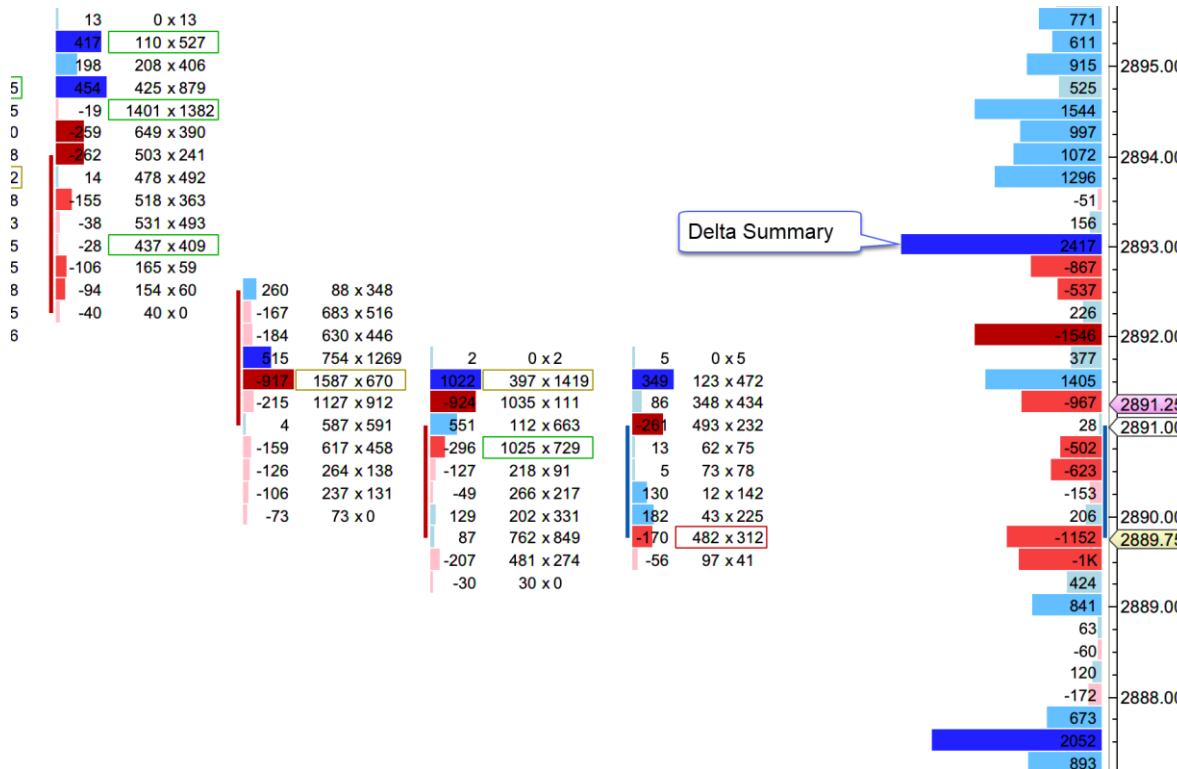


### 15.3.5 Delta Summary Profile

Delta has been added as an option for the summary profile:



The screen shot below shows the Delta Summary profile on the right hand side of the chart:



### 15.3.6 Disable Column 1

Added the option to disable Column 1. This will effectively hide the imprints, but allow you to show the imprints totals section at the bottom of the chart.



### 15.3.7 Font Colors

Added options to change the color for labels in the Volume Profile, Bid/Ask, Ladder, Volume, Delta and Totals.

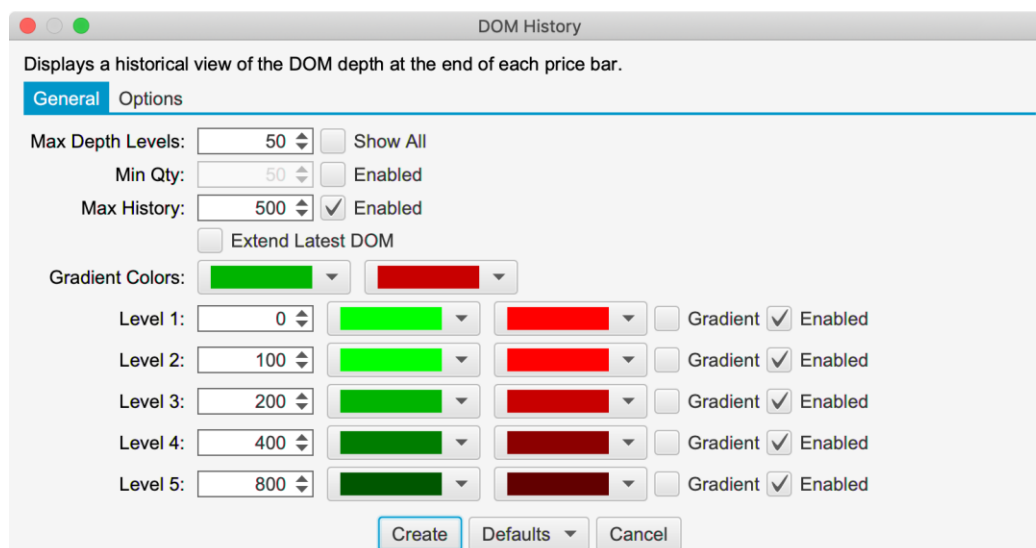
### 15.3.8 Summary Profile Totals

Added the option to toggle the display of totals in the Summary Profile (see Summary Profile tab -> Show Totals).

## 15.4 DOM History

Significant enhancements have been added to the DOM History study to improve the performance and add more coloring options. This dialog has the following options:

1. **Max Depth Levels** – Maximum number of levels to display for history (default 50). This is mostly relevant for Rithmic™ (which supports unlimited depth levels) but will apply to future brokers/data services that provide more than 10 levels of depth.
2. **Min Qty** – Minimum quantity for displaying a depth level.
3. **Max History** – Maximum number of bars for displaying the history
4. **Extend Latest DOM** – Extends the latest DOM levels to the end of the chart.
5. **Gradient Colors** – This field is the same as in previous versions of MotiveWave, but is also the default colors to use if none of the color levels apply (see below)
6. **Level 1 – 5** – These fields allow you to customize how the DOM history is colored for specify quantity ranges. If none of these levels apply, then the default Gradient Colors are used.

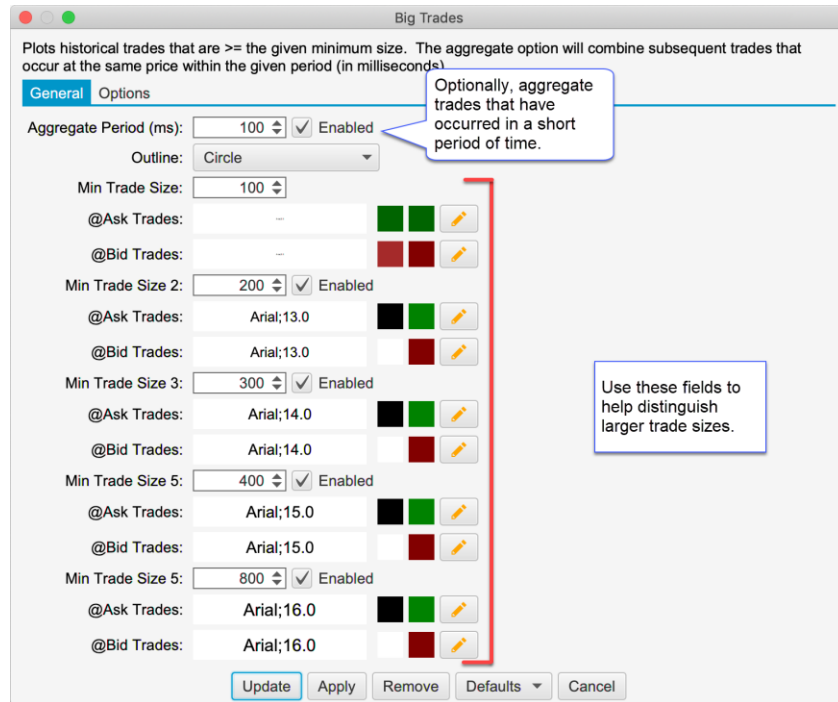


## 15.5 Big Trades Study

This new study shows historical trades on the chart. These are computed using historical tick data. This study has the following options:

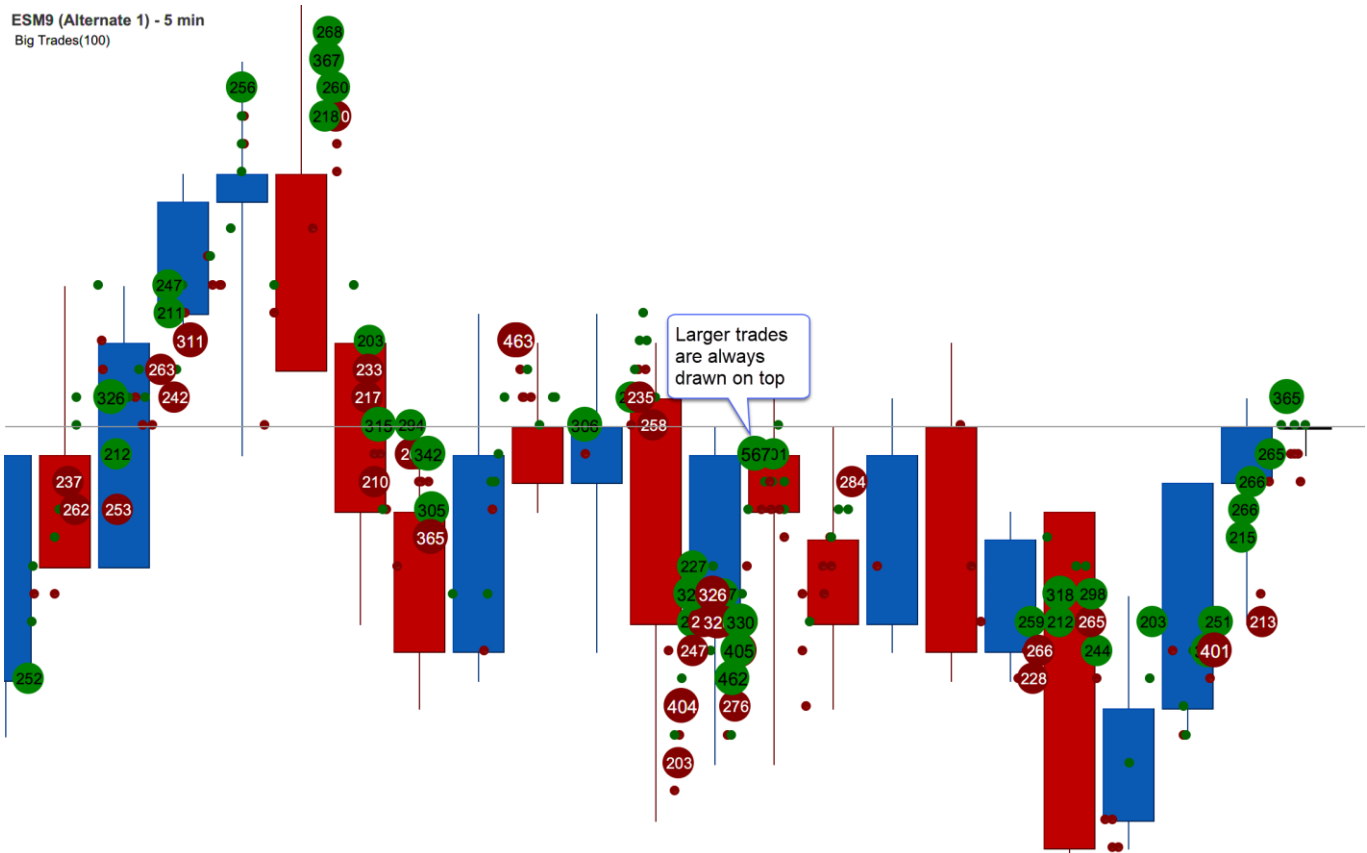
1. **Aggregate Period (ms)** – Optionally aggregates trades that have occurred within the aggregate period (milliseconds). These trades must occur at the same price and the @Ask flag must be the same.
2. **Outline** – Options include:
  - a. Circle (default)
  - b. Rectangle

- c. Rounded Rectangle
  - d. None (text only)
3. **Min Trade Size** – Up to 5 trade sizes can be defined to distinguish between smaller and larger trades. Use the Min Trade Size for each level to define the tiers.
  4. **@Ask Trades** – These fields define the font, font color and background color for trades that occurred at the ask price. The size of the trade can be modified by changing the size of the font. Text can be hidden by choosing the same font color as the background color.
  5. **@Bid Trades** – Same as @Ask trades, but applies to trades that occurred at the bid price.



The screen shot below shows the Big Trades study with the settings from above. For convenience larger trades are drawn on top (potentially hiding smaller trades underneath). The following limitations are imposed to avoid performance issues with the study:

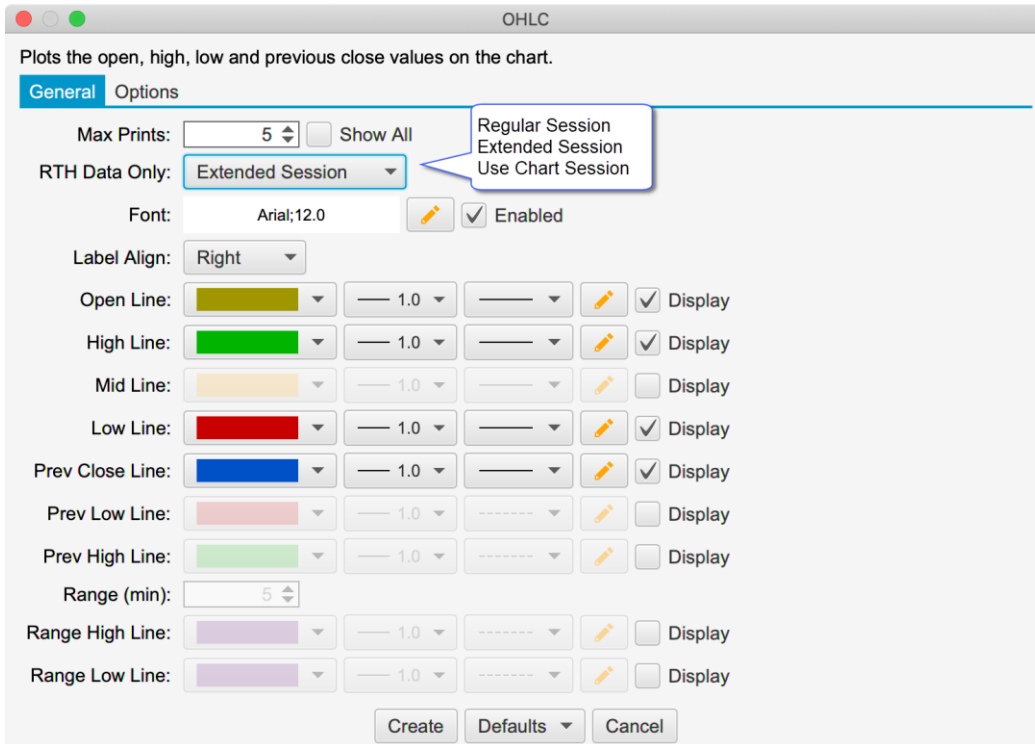
1. **Max 25000 Trades** – The study will only compute a maximum of 25000 trades that meet the given criteria
2. **Max 500 Visible** – A maximum of 500 trades will be drawn on the chart at one time.



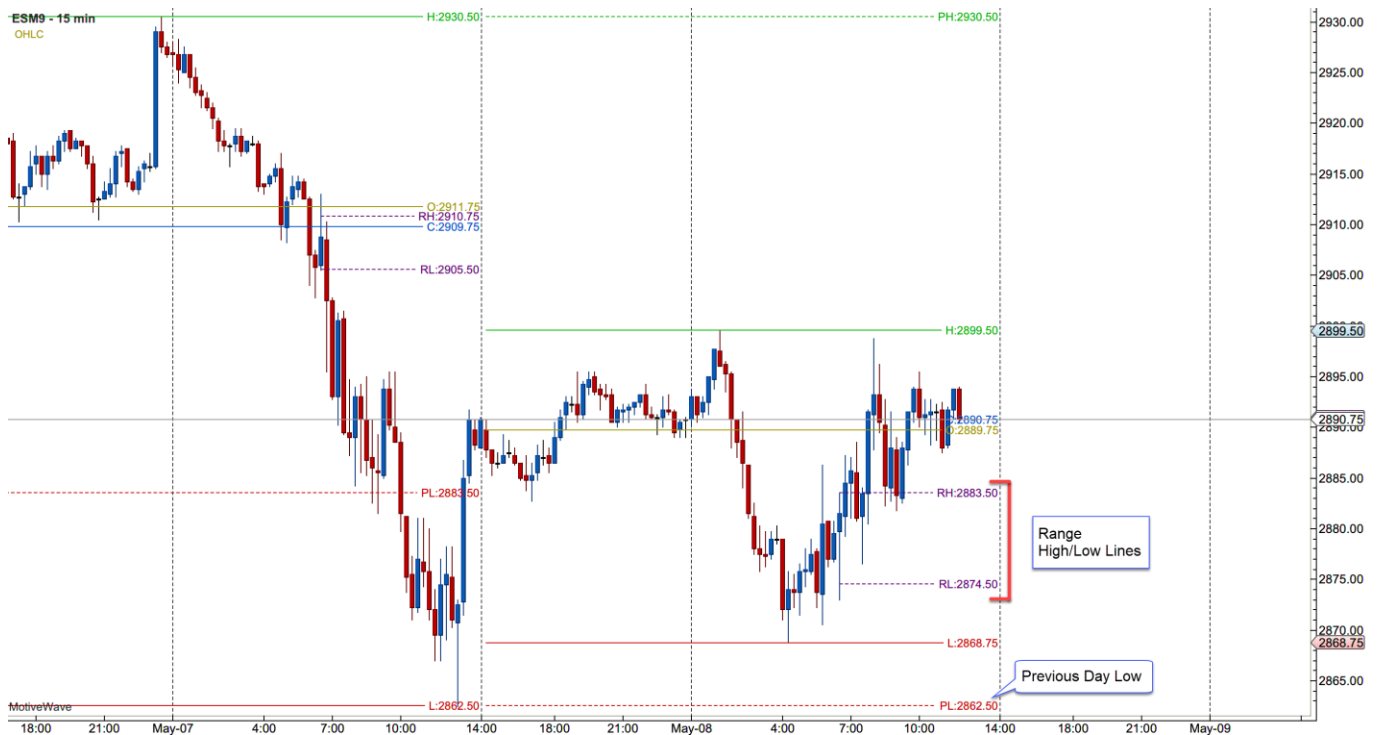
## 15.6 OHLC Study

This new study plots the daily (ETH or RTH) information for the following: Note: this study only works on intraday bars.

1. Open – Opening price for the day
2. High – High price for the day
3. Low – Low price for the day
4. Prev Close – Close for the previous day
5. Mid – Midpoint between the high and low
6. Prev Low – Low price for the previous day
7. Prev High – High price for the previous day
8. Range (min) – Time range for computing the Range High/Low lines. The time starts at the opening time for the day (regular trading hours)
9. Range High – High value for the range defined above
10. Range Low – Low value for the range defined above



The screen shot below shows the study using the settings in the dialog above:



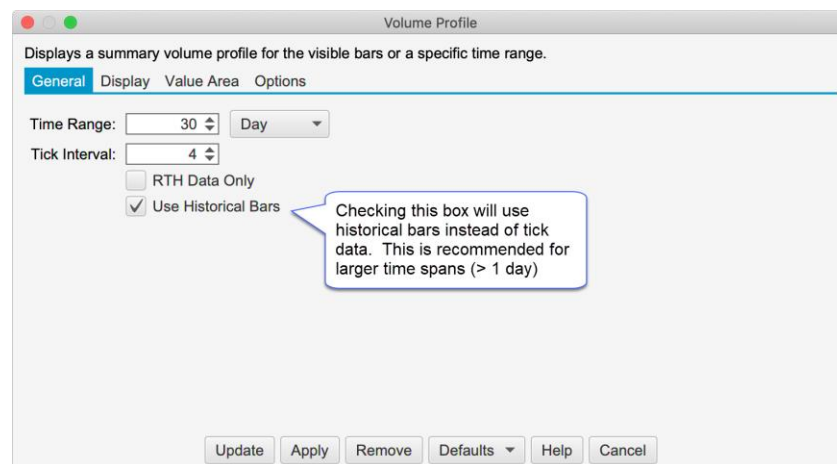
### 15.7 Volume Profile Study

The existing Volume Profile study has been rewritten in this update to use tick data and define a time range. The purpose of this study is to display a summary volume profile on the left or right side of the chart over an extended period of time.

#### General Tab

The following options are available on the **General** tab:

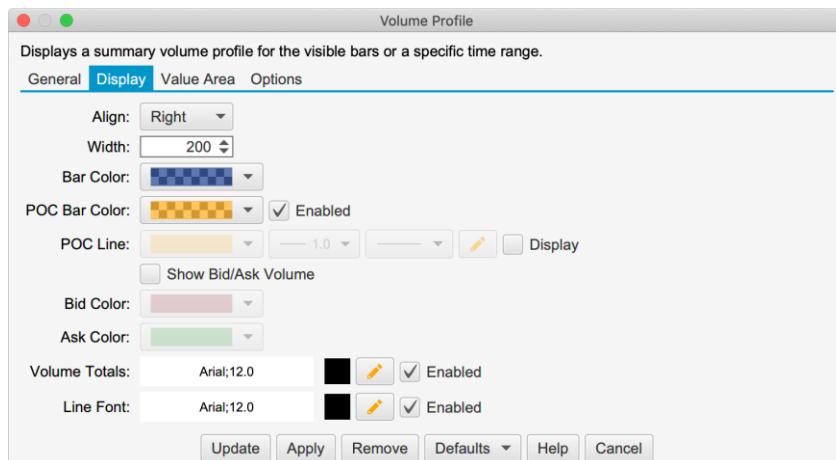
1. **Time Range** – Specified the time range for the volume profile. The range will “roll over” when it hits the end of the range. For example, if “Day” is chosen, the time range will shift when the start of the next day is reached. Available options include:
  - a. Day
  - b. 1 Min
  - c. 5 Min
  - d. 10 Min
  - e. 15 Min
  - f. 30 Min
  - g. 45 Min
  - h. 1 Hour
2. **Tick Interval** – number of ticks that make each bar in the profile
3. **RTH Data** – only uses regular trading hours data if checked
4. **Use Historical Bars** – Uses historical bars instead of tick data. This is recommended if the time range is larger (greater than 1 day) or tick data is limited from your broker/data service.



## Display

The following options are available in the **Display** tab:

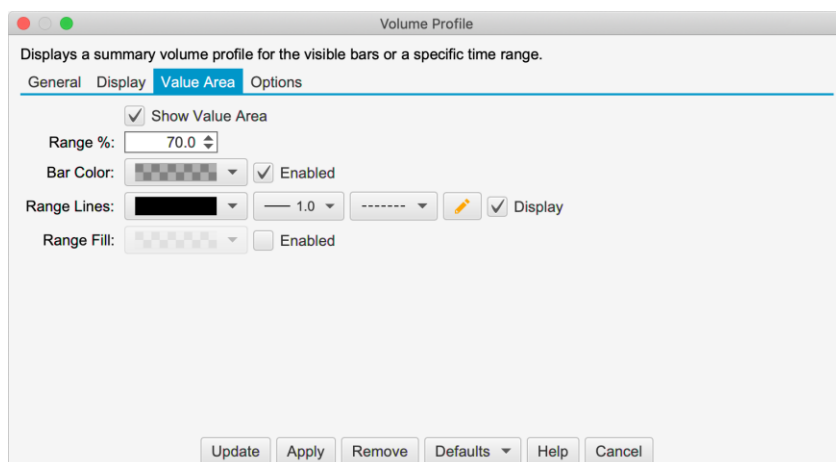
1. **Align** – Displays the profile on the left- or right-hand side of the price graph
2. **Width** – Maximum width for the profile bars.
3. **Bar Color** – Default color for the bars (not displayed if Show Bid/Ask Volume is checked)
4. **POC Bar Color** – Bar color for the bar that is the Point of Control (bar with the highest volume)
5. **POC Line** – Optionally displays a line across the chart from the middle of the POC bar
6. **Show Bid/Ask Volume** – Separates the Bid/Ask volume in each profile bar using the Bid/Ask colors below
7. **Bid Color** – Color for the bid volume in the profile bar
8. **Ask Color** – Color for the ask volume in the profile bar
9. **Volume Totals** – Toggles the display of the volume totals for each bar and defines the font/font color
10. **Line Font** – Toggles the display of the prices for the horizontal lines. This applies to the POC line as well as the Range Lines (see Value Area tab).



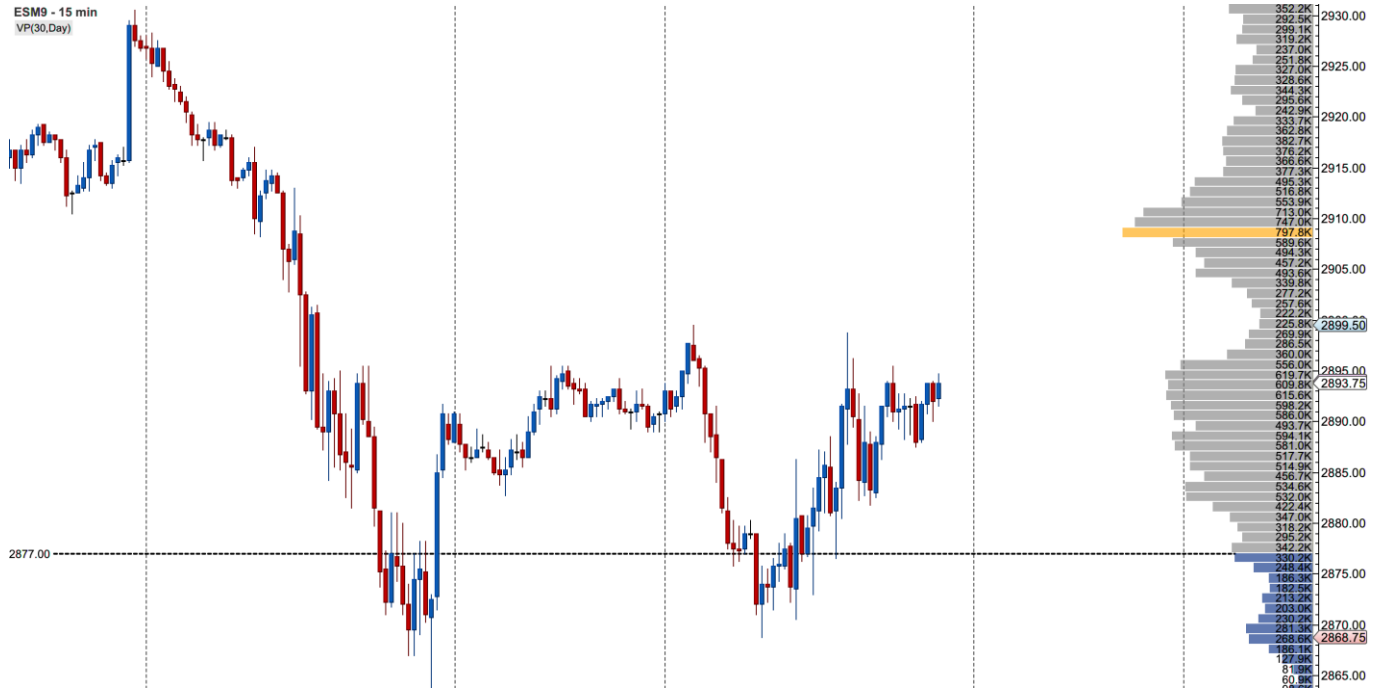
## Value Area

Use this tab to display the value area for the profile. It has the following options:

1. **Show Value Area** – Toggles the display of the Value Area
2. **Range %** - Defines the percentage for calculating the value area. For example, 70% will select the range of bars that encompass 70% of the volume for the profile. This range must include the Point of Control and includes the minimum number of bars.
3. **Bar Color** – Bar color for the bars that are included in the value area
4. **Range Lines** – Optionally displays horizontal lines at the top and bottom of the value area
5. **Range Fill** – Optionally draws the given fill color for the value area.



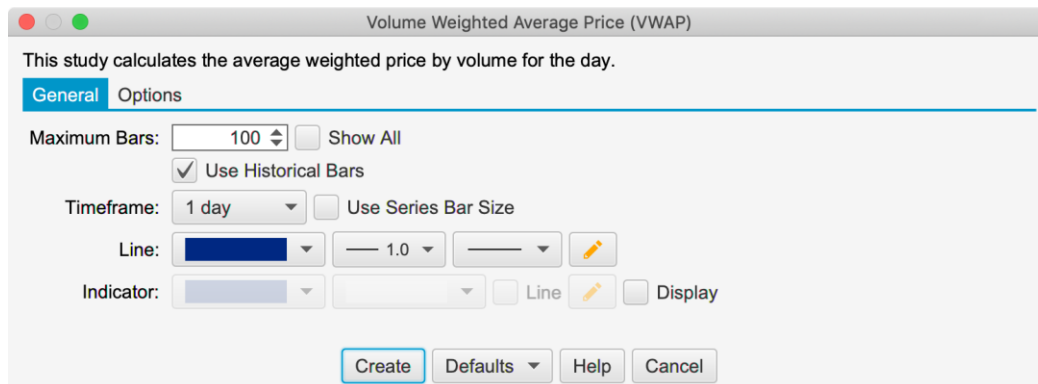
The following screen shot shows a 30 day volume profile displayed on the right side of the price graph:



## 15.8 VWAP Study

### 15.8.1 Tick Data

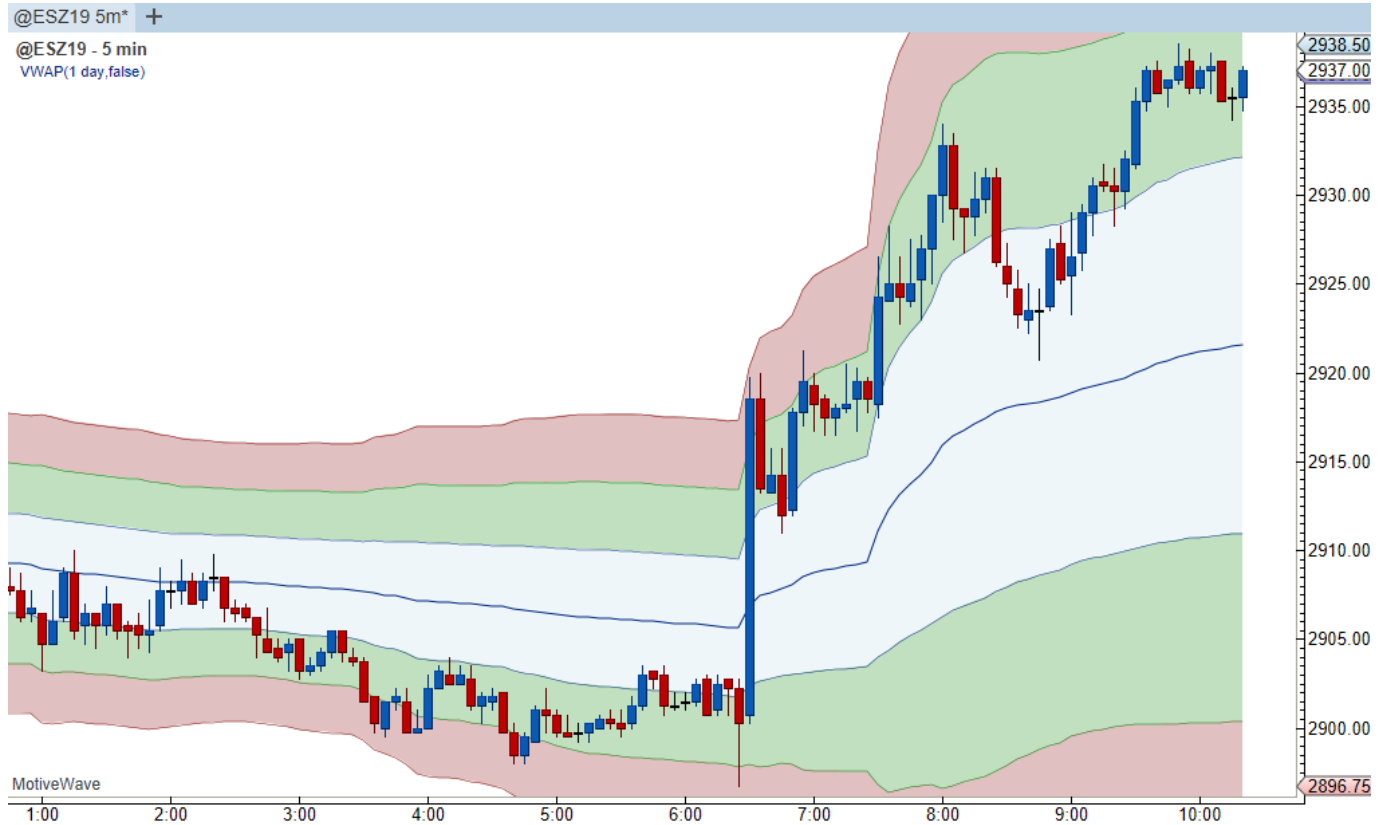
The VWAP (Volume Weighted Average Price) study has been re-written to use historical tick data (instead of bar data). Optionally, ticks can be generated from historical minute bars (see Use Historical Bars option below).



### 15.8.2 Standard Deviation Bands and Anchors

The following enhancements/changes have been added to the VWAP study:

- Std Dev Calculation** – The calculation for the standard deviation has changed. It is now calculating using the difference between the HLC3 – VWAP (instead of the VWAP alone)
- Std Dev Bands** – Up to 3 band lines can be configured
- Anchored VWAP** – The starting point can be set for calculating the VWAP via right click (see menu options below):
  - Remove Anchor** – This option will remove a previously set anchor
  - Anchor VWAP at <Time>** - This will set the anchor at the given time.



**Volume Weighted Average Price (VWAP)** [X]

This study calculates the average weighted price by volume for the day.

General **Std Dev Bands** Options

---

**Band 1**

Line: [Blue] — 1.0 — [ ] [ ] [ ]  Display  
 Std Dev: 2.0  
 Top Indicator: [Blue] [ ] [ ] [ ]  Line [ ]  Display  
 Bottom Indicator: [Blue] [ ] [ ] [ ]  Line [ ]  Display  
 Fill Color: [ ]  Display

---

**Band 2**

Line: [Green] — 1.0 — [ ] [ ] [ ]  Display  
 Std Dev: 3.0  
 Top Indicator: [Green] [ ] [ ] [ ]  Line [ ]  Display  
 Bottom Indicator: [Green] [ ] [ ] [ ]  Line [ ]  Display  
 Fill Color: [ ]  Display

---

**Band 3**

Line: [Red] — 1.0 — [ ] [ ] [ ]  Display  
 Std Dev: 4.0  
 Top Indicator: [Red] [ ] [ ] [ ]  Line [ ]  Display  
 Bottom Indicator: [Red] [ ] [ ] [ ]  Line [ ]  Display  
 Fill Color: [ ]  Display

Create Defaults Help Cancel



## 15.9 Relative Volume Study

This new study compares the volume on the current bar to the average volume for that same bar (same time of day) for the given period (see Study -> Volume -> Relative Volume).

✕
Relative Volume

Compares the volume of the current bar to the average volume of the bars that occurred at the same time on previous days. This study only works on linear intraday bars.

General
Options

### Relative Volume

---

Period (bars):

Bars: █ ✎

Indicator: █ ✎  Line  Display

High Bar Color: █  Enabled

High Threshold (%):

Low Bar Color: █  Enabled

Low Threshold (%):

---

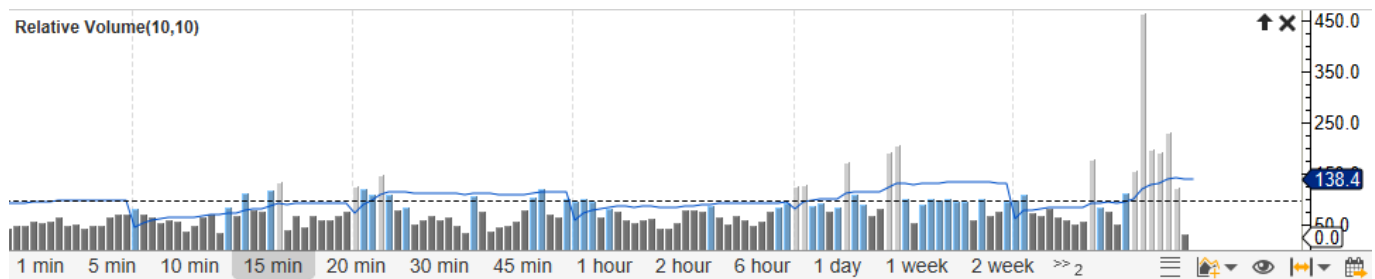
### Cumulative Relative Volume

Period (bars):

Cum Rel Vol Line: █  ✎  Display

Indicator: █ █ ✎  Line  Display

Update
Apply
Remove
Defaults ▾
Cancel



## 15.10 Pivot Points Study

Standard pivots have been added to the Pivot Points study. This uses the following calculation:

$$\text{Pivot Point (P)} = (\text{High} + \text{Low} + \text{Close})/3$$

$$\text{Resistance 1 (R1)} = (\text{P} \times 2) - \text{Low}$$

$$\text{Resistance 2 (R2)} = \text{P} + (\text{High} - \text{Low})$$

$$\text{Support 1 (S1)} = (\text{P} \times 2) - \text{High}$$

$$\text{Support 2 (S2)} = \text{P} - (\text{High} - \text{Low})$$

The standard option can be found in the Pivot Type drop down:

Pivot Points

Pivot points are often used as a predictive indicator to identify support and resistance points based on the previous time frames values (usually the previous day's high, low and closing prices).

General Display Options

**Inputs**

Timeframe: 1 day

Pivot Type: Standard

Show All Pivots: Classic

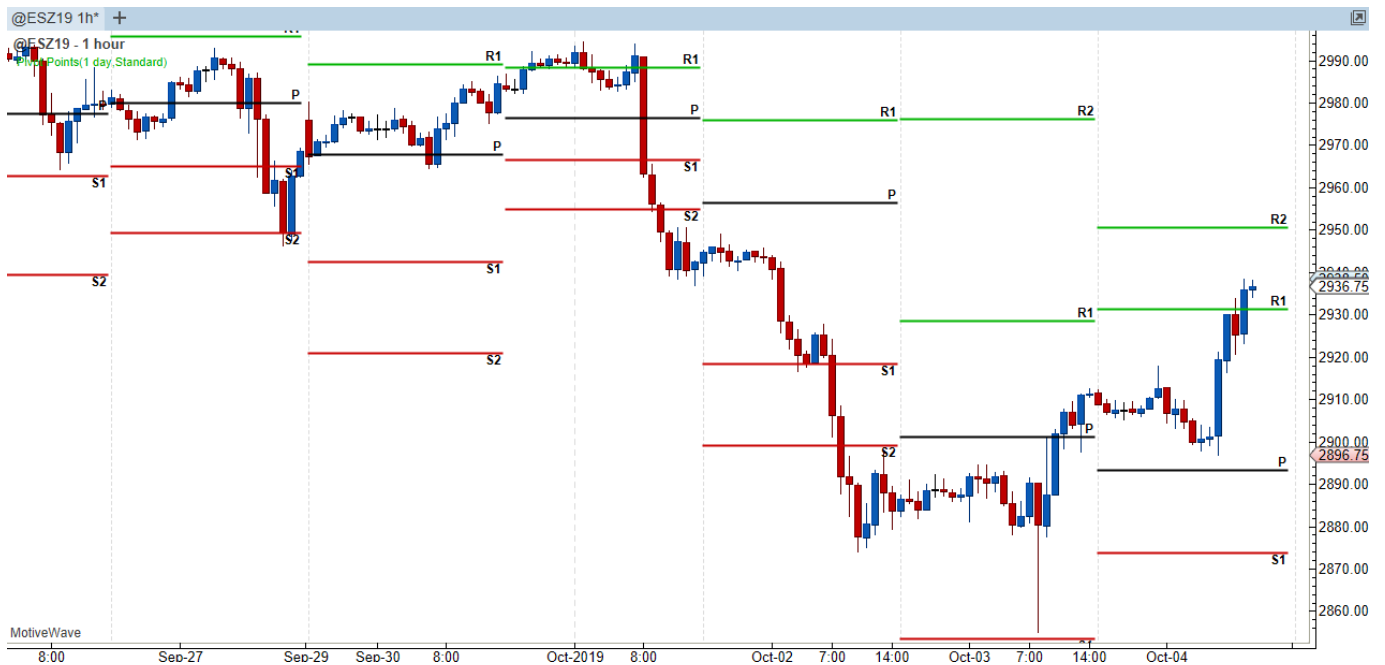
Show Pivot Labels: Standard

Extend Lines:

Show Prices:

New Pivot Type: Standard

Create Defaults Help Cancel

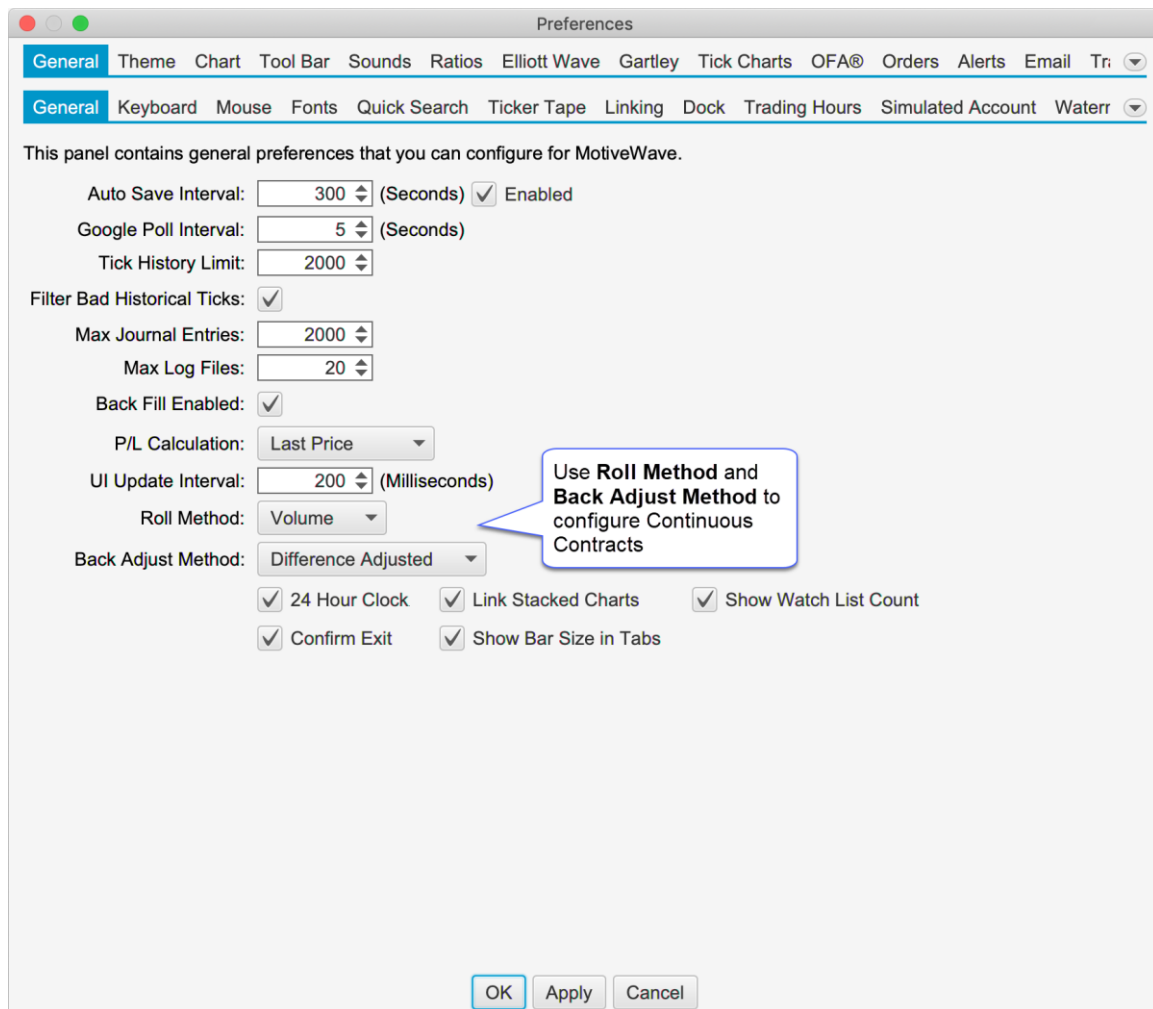


## 16 Continuous Contracts and Rollover

### 16.1 Continuous Contracts

Continuous contracts may be constructed by MotiveWave using historical data from expired contracts. This feature is particularly useful for brokers/data services that do not have a continuous contract option (such as CQG, Rithmic and GAIN Futures). The amount of historical data depends on the futures contracts and data available on the MotiveWave back fill server.

By default, continuous contract calculation is enabled. This can be configured globally in the General Preferences Dialog (**Configure -> Preferences** from the Console menu bar, see **General -> General** tab).



The following options are available for configuring continuous contracts:

#### **Roll Method**

The roll method determines how the dates for rolling from one contract to the previous contract are calculated.

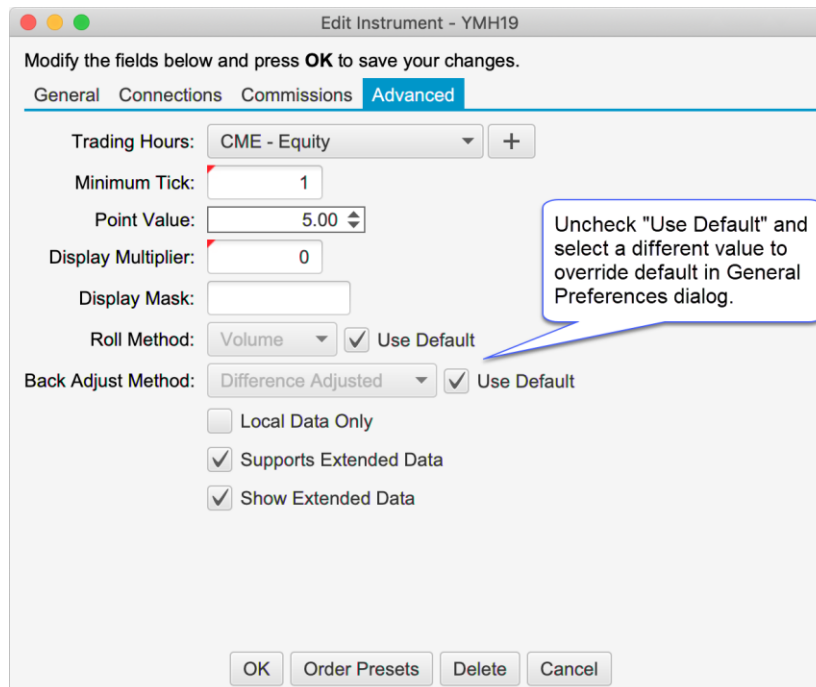
1. **None** – If this is chosen then continuous contracts are disabled by default and only the historical data for the selected futures contract is displayed
2. **Volume** – The option will choose the roll date based on the daily volume for each futures contract. The roll date is chosen when the daily volume for the preceding contract exceeds that of the current contract.

## Back Adjust Method

The back adjust method determines how to adjust the historical data between each contract. The following options are available:

1. **Unadjusted** – This option will leave the historical data unchanged. Gaps will appear where the data rolls over to the next contract.
2. **Difference Adjusted** – Adjusts the data for the preceding contract using the difference between the daily opening prices on the roll date. Note: this difference is cumulative for each contract. For example, the third futures contract will be adjusted using the difference of roll date 1 + difference of roll date 2.
3. **Ratio Adjusted** – Adjusts the preceding contract using the ratio calculated from the daily opening prices on the roll date (ie  $OPEN(i)/OPEN(i-1)$ ). Older contracts will be adjusted by multiplying the ratio by the adjustment ratio from the next roll over date

Continuous contracts settings may also be configured for each instrument (overriding the options in General Preferences) from the Edit Instrument dialog (right click on a chart and choose Edit Instrument).



Modify the fields below and press **OK** to save your changes.

General Connections Commissions **Advanced**

Trading Hours: CME - Equity +

Minimum Tick: 1

Point Value: 5.00

Display Multiplier: 0

Display Mask:

Roll Method: Volume  Use Default

Back Adjust Method: Difference Adjusted  Use Default

Local Data Only

Supports Extended Data

Show Extended Data

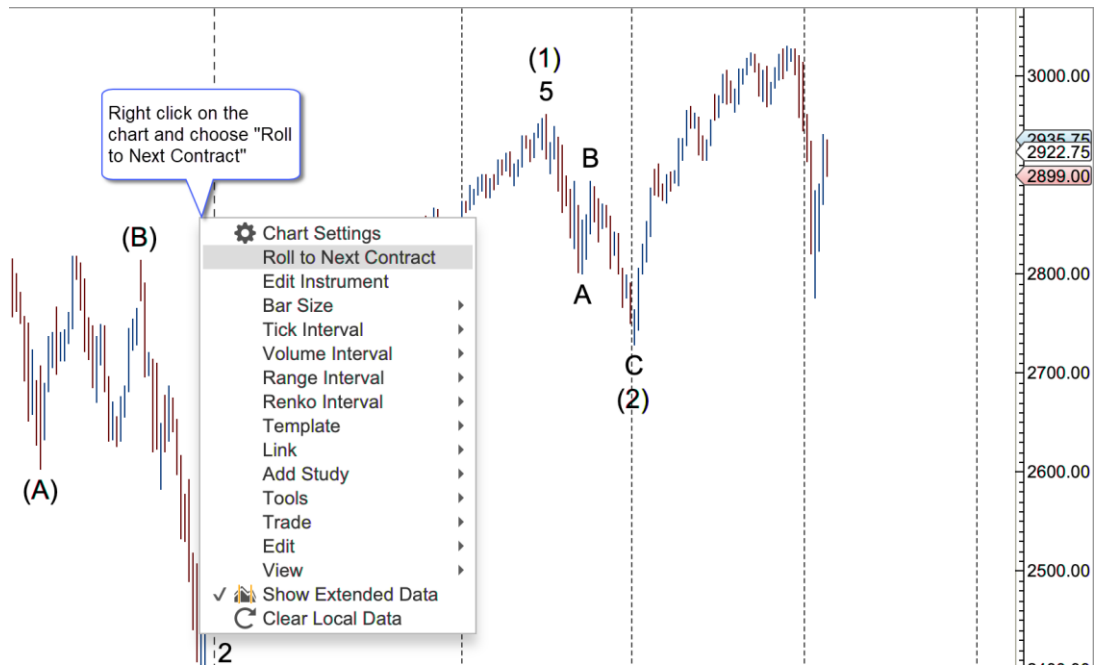
OK Order Presets Delete Cancel

Uncheck "Use Default" and select a different value to override default in General Preferences dialog.

## 16.2 Roll Futures Contract

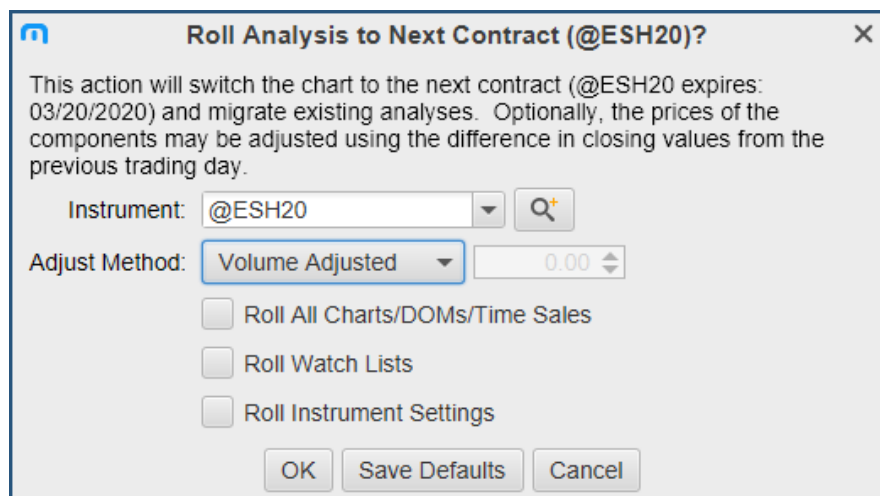
This option is useful when the front contract for a futures contract changes. This feature will copy existing analysis files and optionally adjust the prices to the front contract. Open charts, watchlists and Depth of Market panels can also be updated to the new contract.

Right click on the chart and choose **Roll to Next Contract** to open the dialog.



The dialog in the screen shot below presents the options for rolling to the next contract:

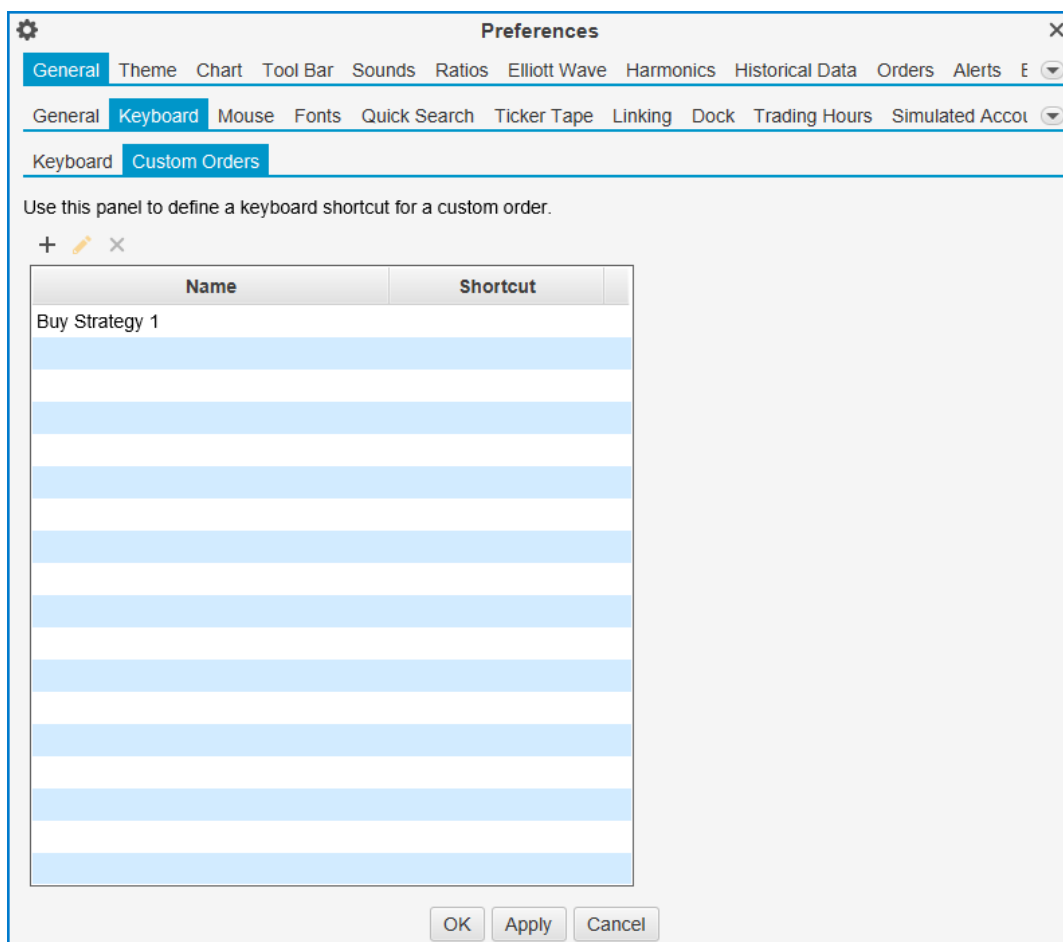
1. **Instrument** – This field will default to the next contract. If you want to skip a contract (or migrate to a similar instrument) you can type the symbol or use the search button.
2. **Adjust Method** – Use this field to adjust the prices for each of the components in the analysis. This has the following options:
  - a. **Volume Adjusted** – Automatically calculates the price adjustment by analyzing the volume between the contracts.
  - b. **Unadjusted** – No price adjust is made
  - c. **Specific Amount** – Enter a specific amount for the price adjustment
3. **Roll All Charts/DOMs/Time Sales** – Updates the symbol for any open charts, Depth of Market panels or Time & Sales panels
4. **Roll All Watch Lists** – Looks for all occurrences of the symbol in watch lists (or quote sheets) and replaces them with the new symbol.
5. **Roll Instrument Settings** – Will roll the historical instrument settings and options under the Advanced tab (see Edit Instrument dialog).



## 17 Keyboard Shortcuts

### 17.1 Custom Order Actions

A custom order can be defined and assigned a keyboard shortcut (Professional Edition and above). This option is available under the General Preferences Dialog (Configure -> Preferences from the Console menu bar). Click on “General” then on “Keyboard” then on “Custom Orders”



### 17.2 Quantity Shortcuts

Keyboard shortcuts can be assigned to preset quantities (see Order Presets dialog from the Edit Instrument Dialog). By default, the number keys 1-9 will set the quantity to the preset quantity for the instrument in numerical order. Shortcuts can be modified from the Keyboard tab in the General Preferences Dialog (Configure -> Preferences from the Console menu bar) click on “General” then on “Keyboard”.

### 17.3 Dock Shortcuts

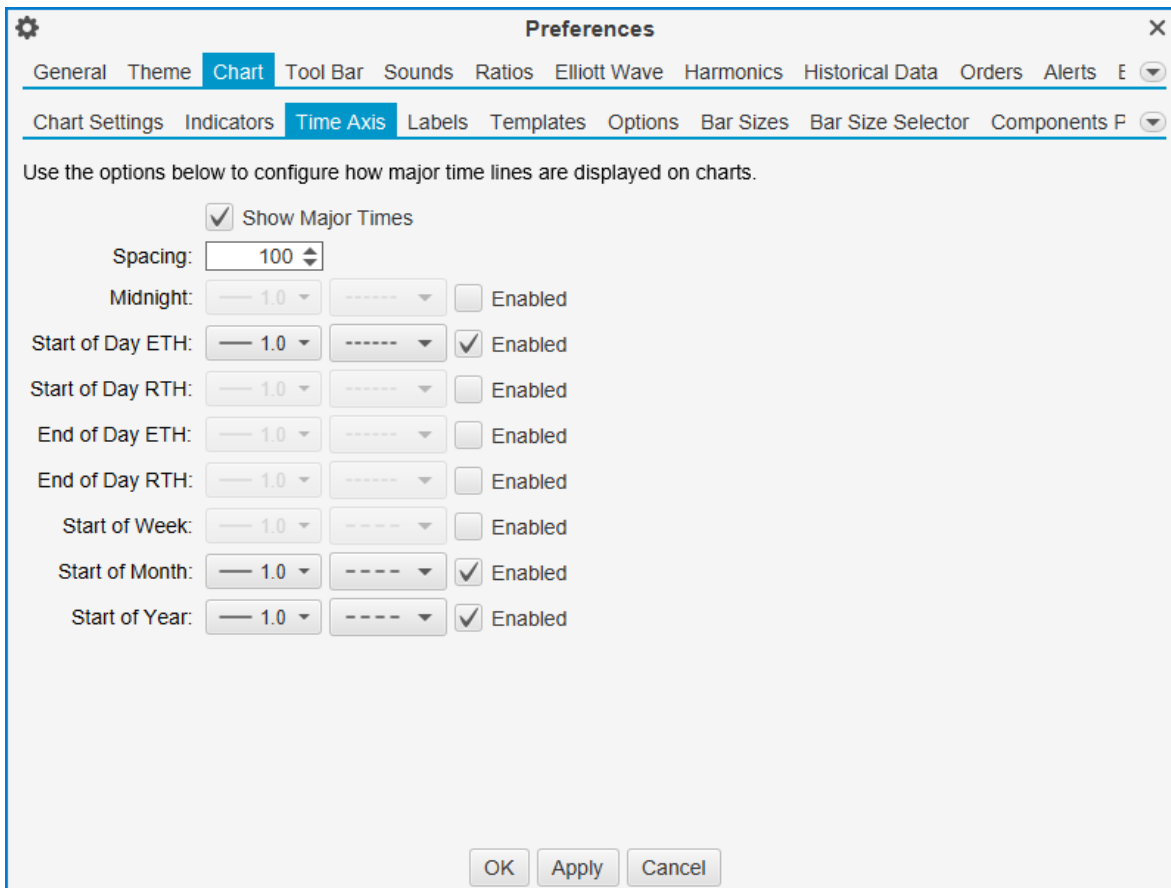
The following keyboard shortcut options have been added for navigating pages, stations and tabs in the docking framework (unassigned by default, see Preferences Dialog -> “General” -> “Keyboard”):

- Next/Previous Page** – Sets the active page to the next/previous page.
- Next/Previous Station** –When a station is maximized these actions will move to the next / previous dock station (same as the left/right arrow icons in the dock tool bar)
- Next/Previous Tab** – Sets the active tab on the active station to the next/previous tab.

## 18 Time Axis Lines

Major vertical lines displayed from the time axis can be configured from the Preferences Dialog (Configure -> Preferences from the console menu bar. Click on “Chart” then on “Time Axis”). The following lines may be configured

- Spacing** – Minimum spacing for major times displayed on the time axis
- Midnight** – midnight using the time zone set for the chart
- Start of Day ETH** - Start of the day for extended trading hours (enabled by default)
- Start of Day RTH** – Start of day for regular trading hours
- End of Day ETH** – End of day for extended trading hours
- End of Day RTH** – End of Day for regular trading hours
- Start of Week** – Start of week (Sunday midnight) using the time for the chart
- Start of Month** – Start of the month (midnight) using the time zone set for the chart (enabled by default)
- Start of Year** – Start of the year (midnight Jan 1) using the time zone set for the chart (enabled by default)



Use the options below to configure how major time lines are displayed on charts.

Show Major Times

Spacing:

Midnight:    Enabled

Start of Day ETH:    Enabled

Start of Day RTH:    Enabled

End of Day ETH:    Enabled

End of Day RTH:    Enabled

Start of Week:    Enabled

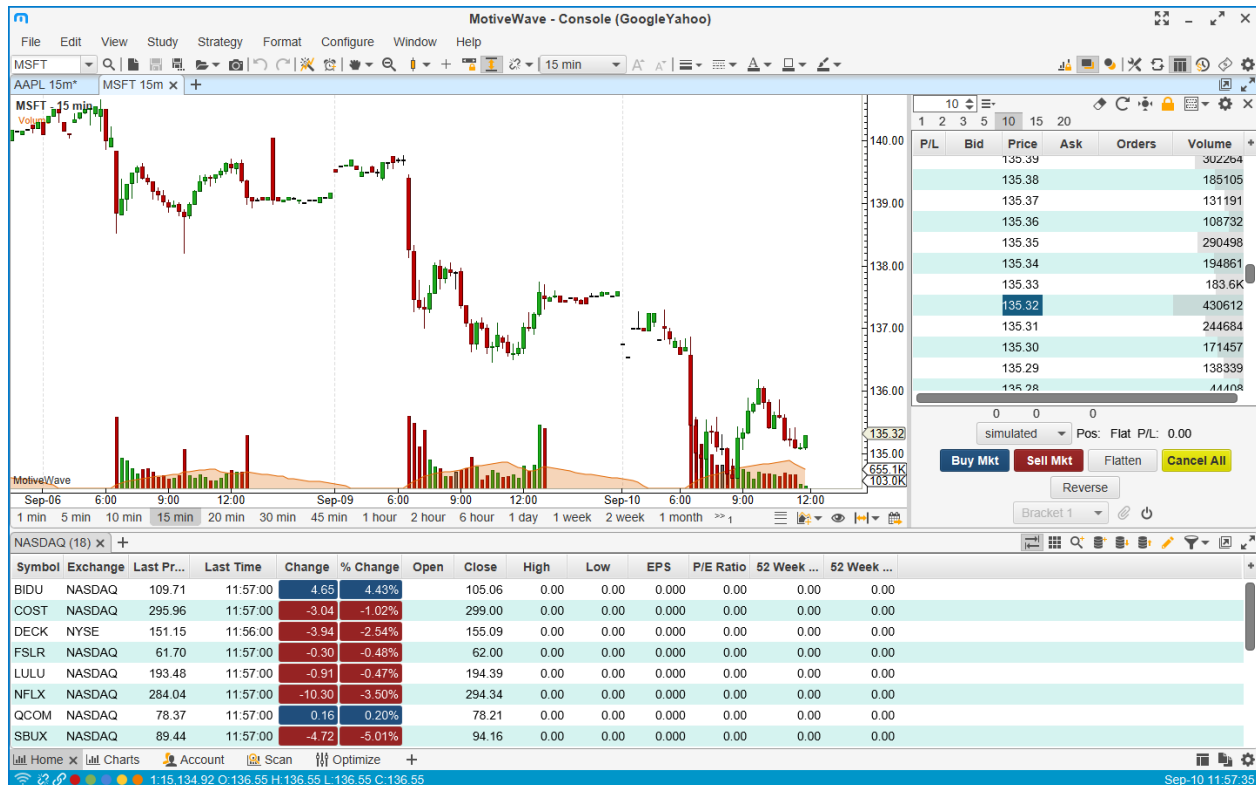
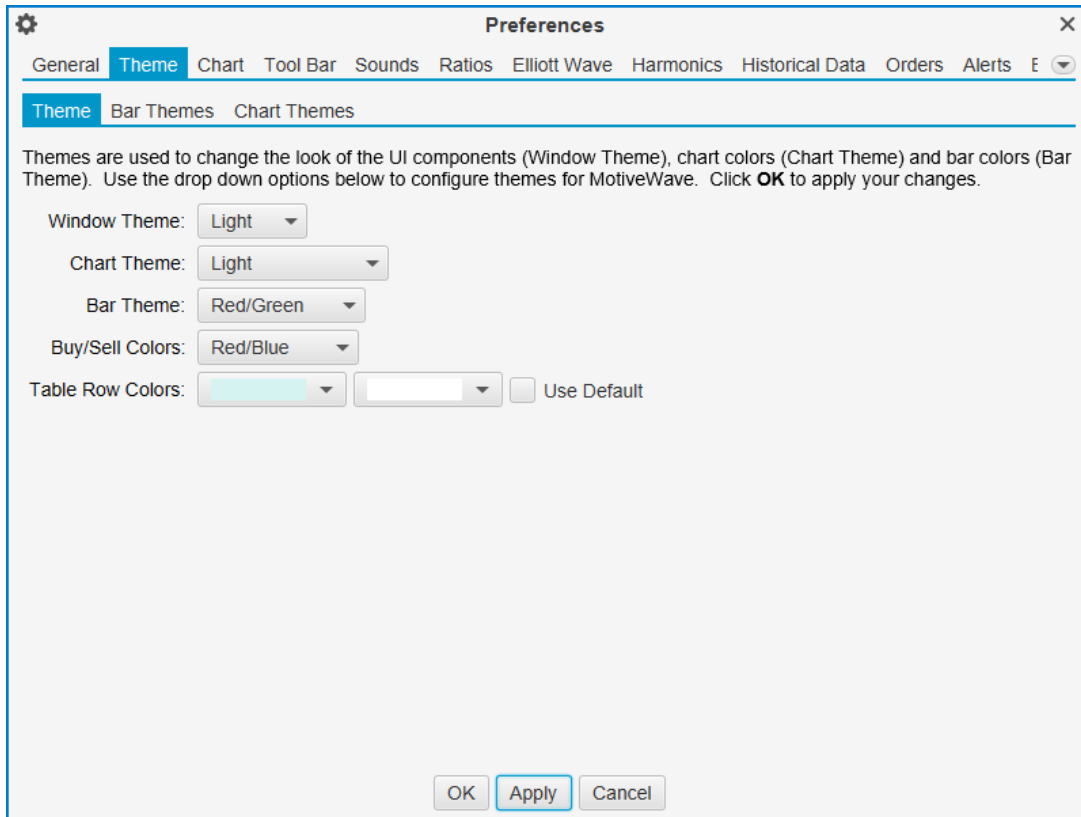
Start of Month:    Enabled

Start of Year:    Enabled

OK Apply Cancel

# 19 Table Row Colors

The even and odd row colors for table elements can be customized from the Preferences Dialog (Configure -> Preferences from the console menu bar, click on Theme. See option: Table Row Colors). Note: a restart of MotiveWave is required to see the changed values.



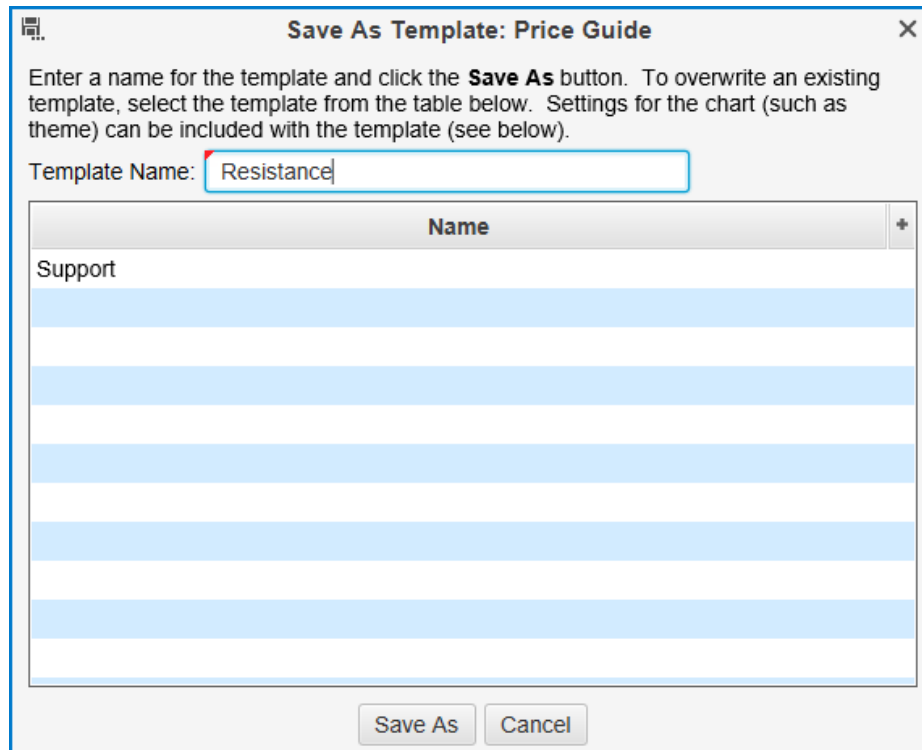


## 20 Other Enhancements

This section outlines some other small enhancements that have been added to this update.

### 20.1 Guide Templates

Templates have been added for price and time guides. See properties dialog when creating or editing a guide. Guides for a specific template can be added directly from the right click menu on the price or time axis.

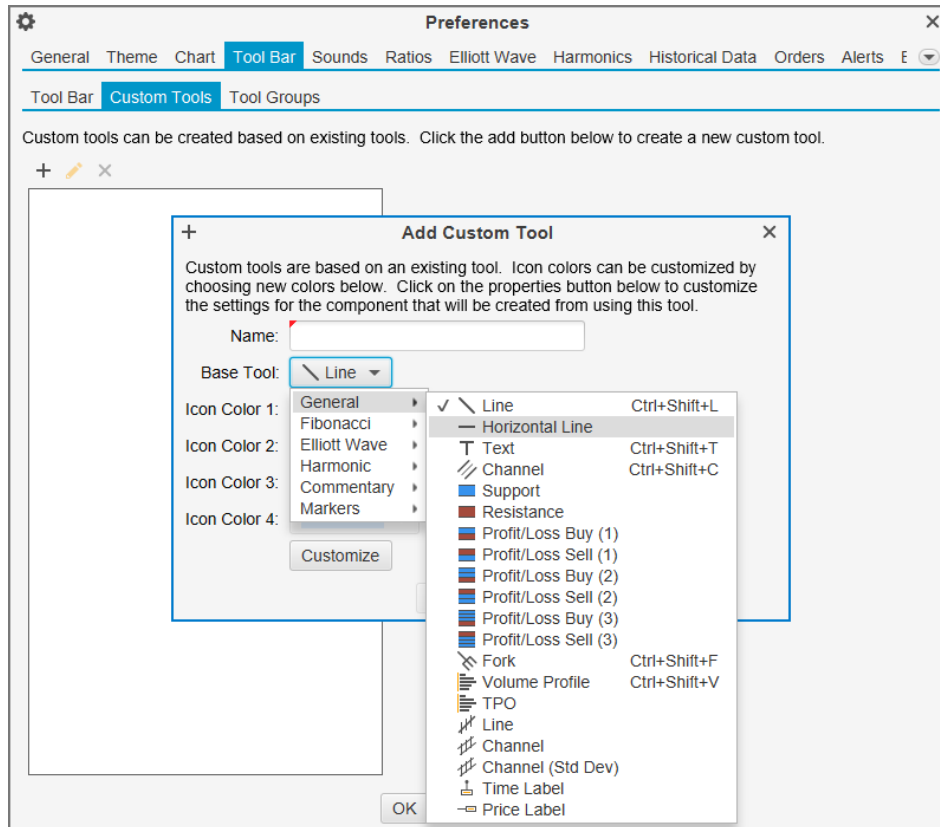


### 20.2 Delete Expired Instruments

Expired instruments (futures contracts and options) can be removed from the workspace in the **Manage Instruments Dialog** (Configure -> Instruments in the Console menu bar). See: **Delete Expired** button at the bottom of the dialog.

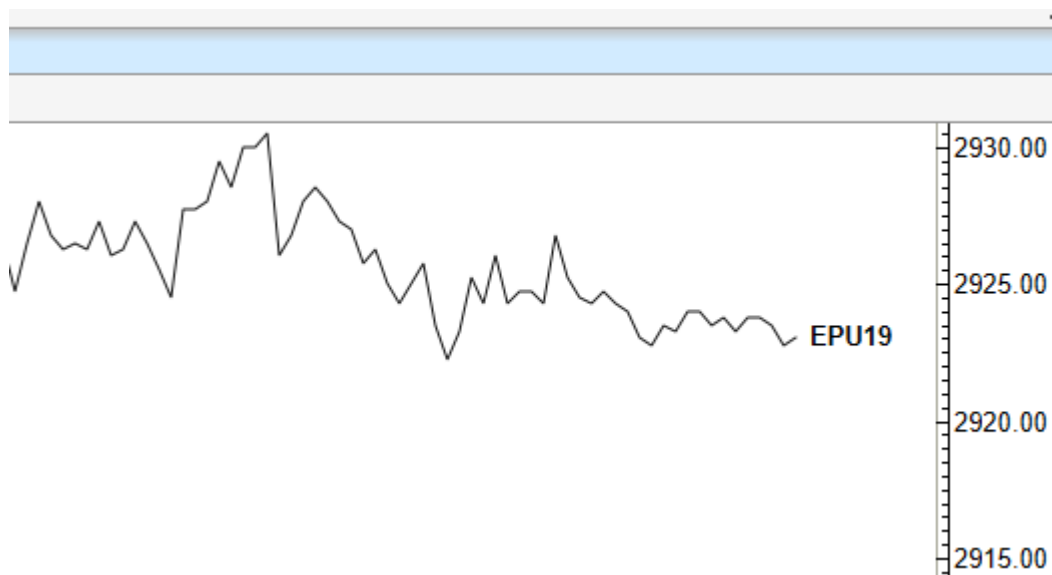
### 20.3 Horizontal Line Tool

Added a mouse tool for creating a horizontal line. See tools drop down (hand cursor by default).



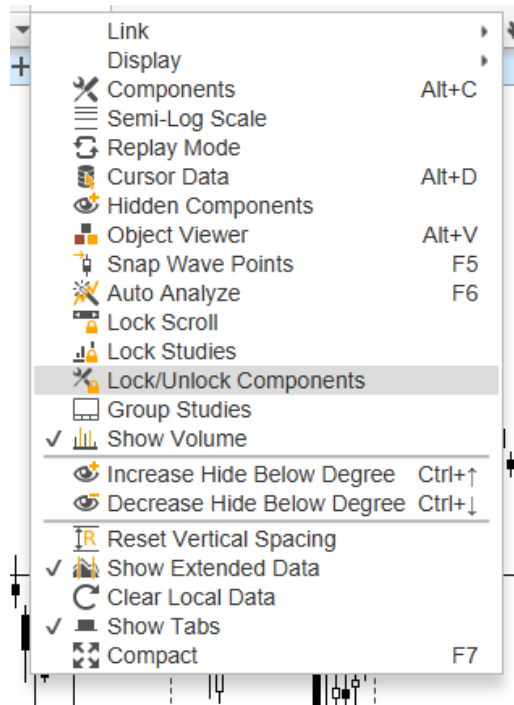
## 20.4 Line Graph Label

Added the symbol to the price graph when displayed as a line graph.



## 20.5 Lock/Unlock Components

This action will toggle the locking of components on the active chart (instead of locking components individually). (See View -> Lock/Unlock Components from the menu bar)

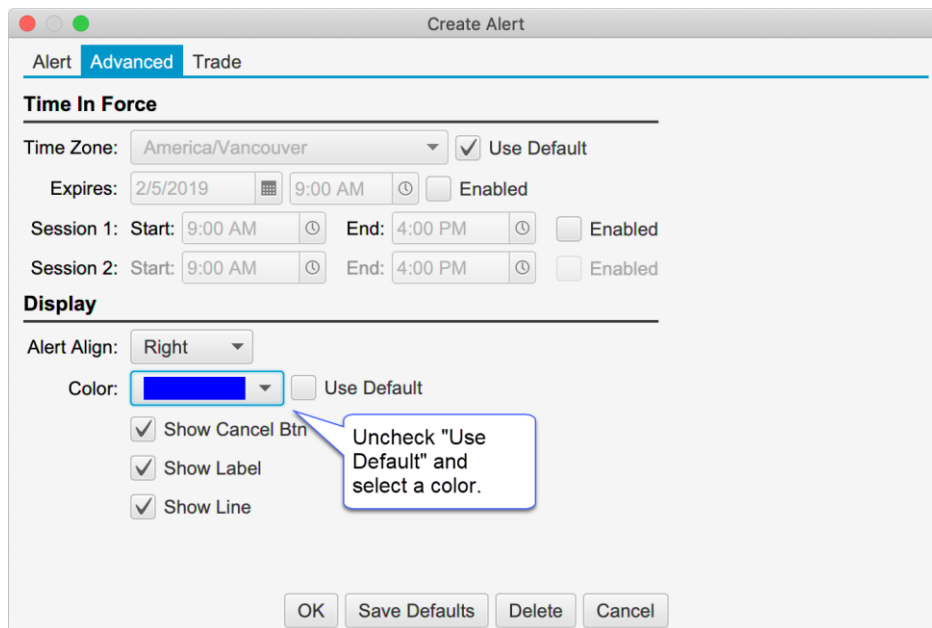


## 20.6 Alert Colors

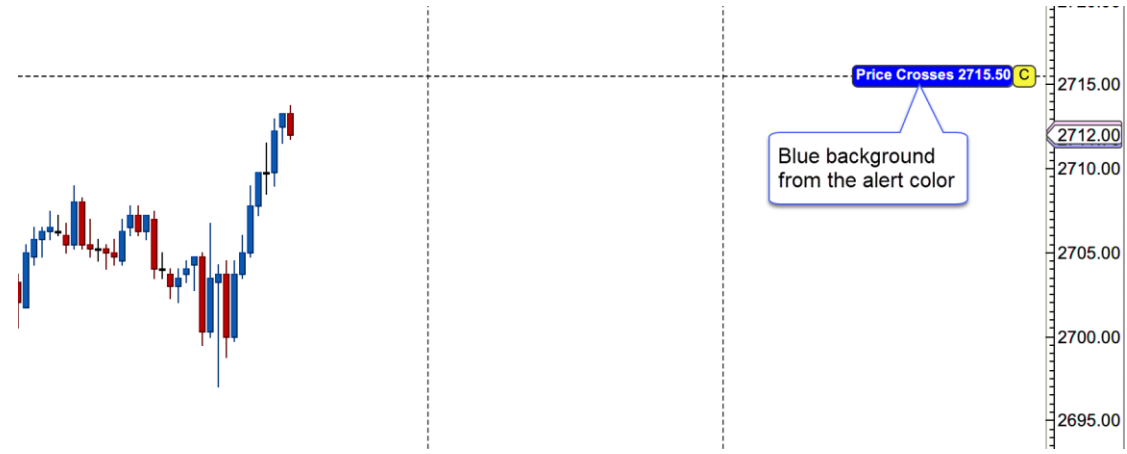
Colors may be assigned to alerts or signals generated from studies. The color may be useful for identifying the purpose or urgency of an alert when it is triggered.

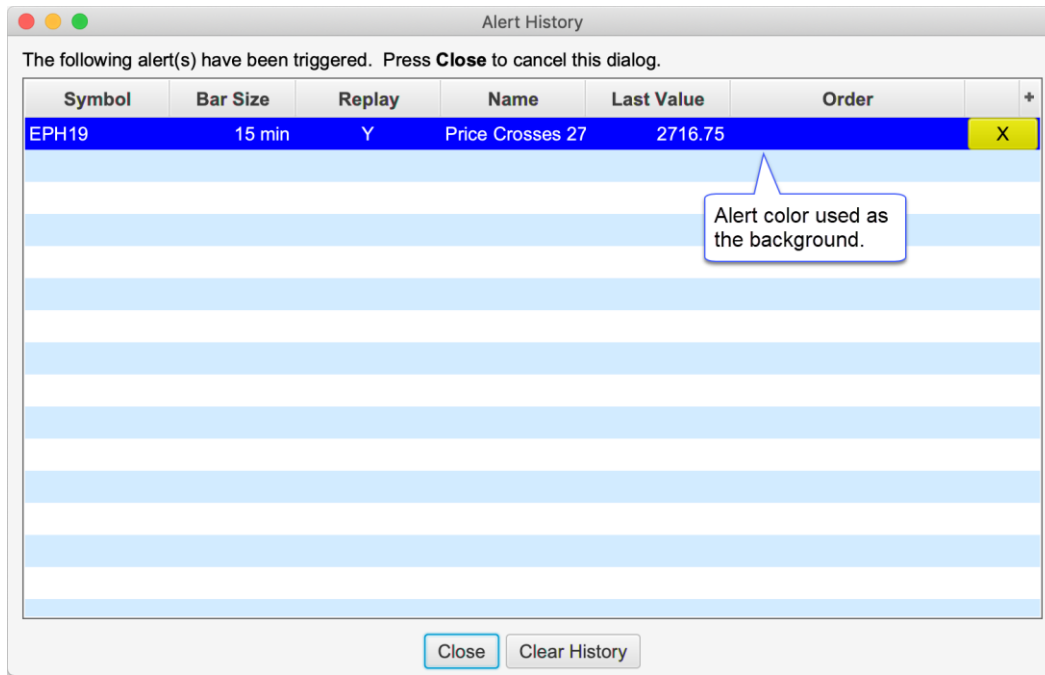
### 20.6.1 Price/Study Value Alerts

A color may be assigned from the **Advanced** tab of the alert dialog:



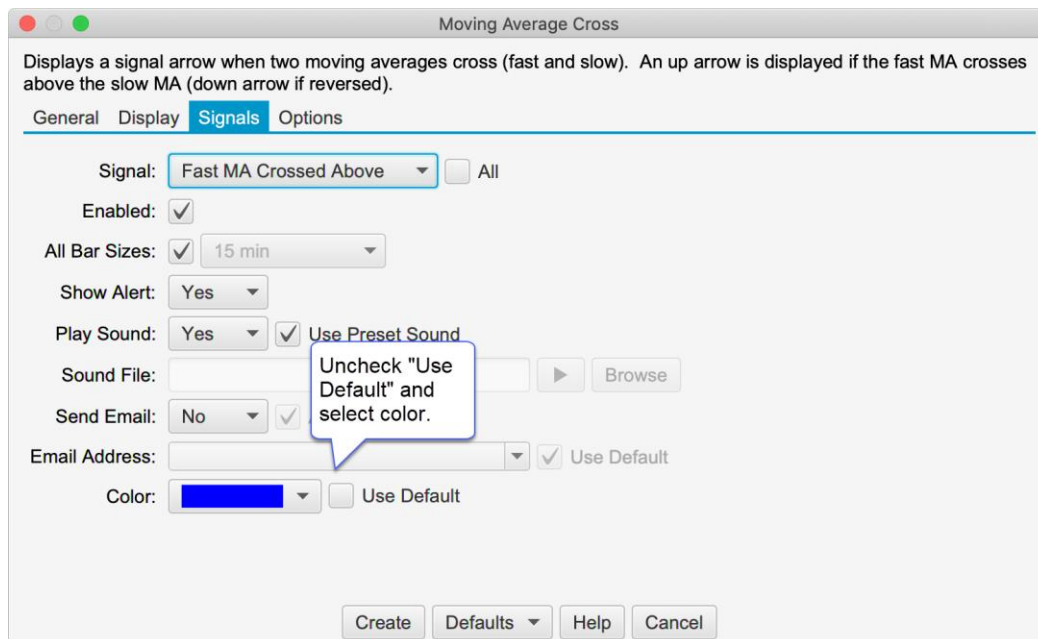
This color is displayed as a background color for the alert on the price chart, Alerts panel and the Alert History window:

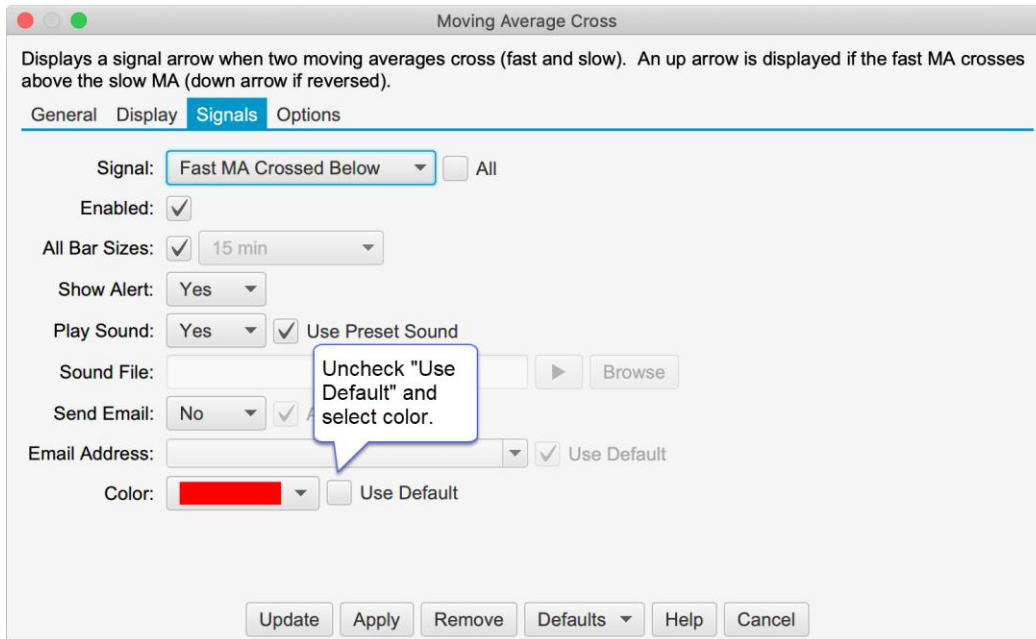




## 20.6.2 Study Signals

Colors for signals generated by studies can be set from the Signals tab of the Study Dialog. The example below shows a blue color assigned when the Fast MA crosses above the Slow MA and a red color assigned when the Fast MA crosses below the Slow MA (using the Moving Average Cross study).





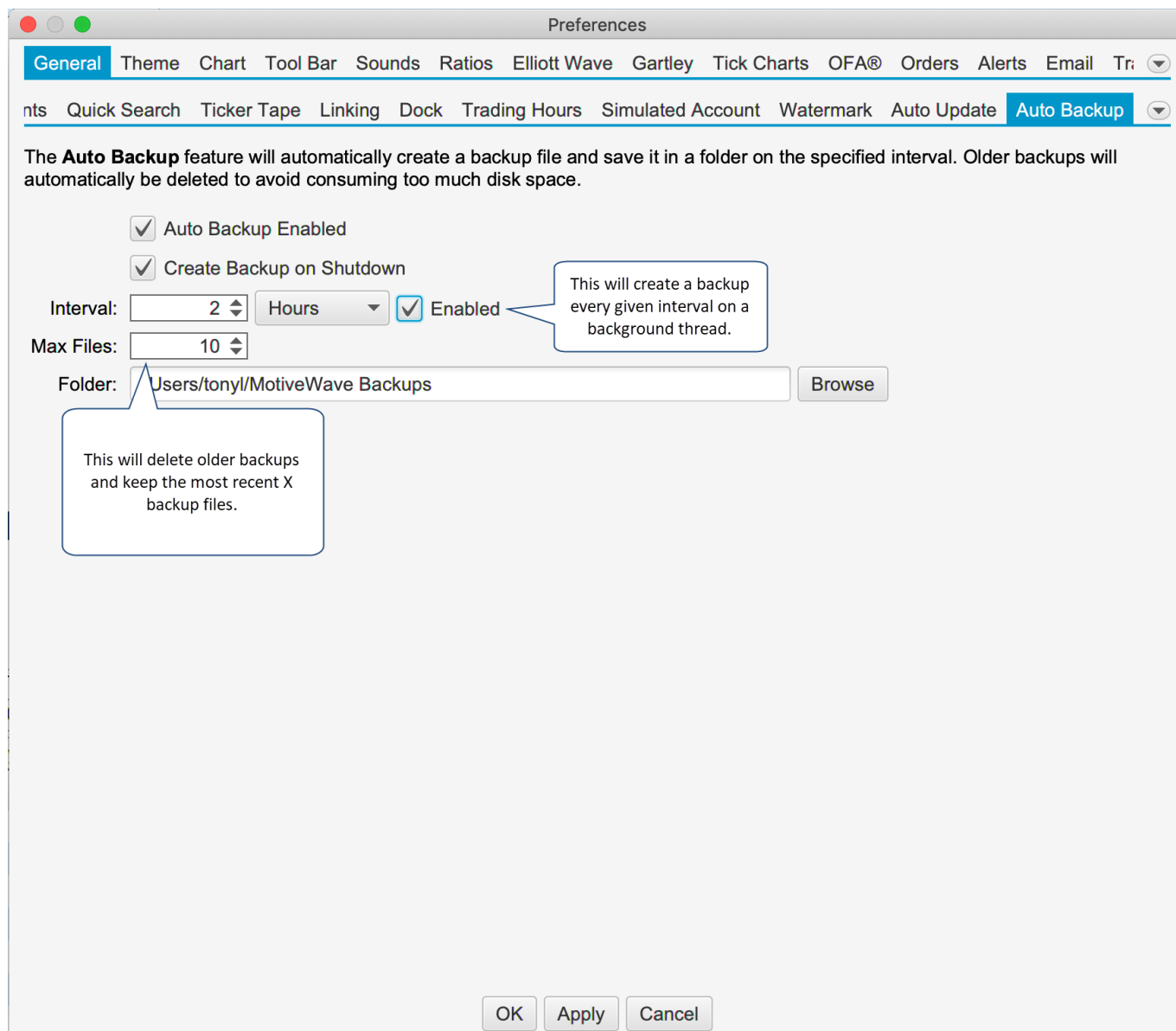
## 20.7 CryptoCompare API Key

The CryptoCompare connector has been updated to accept an API key. An API key is not currently required, but may be required in the near future. For details see: <https://min-api.cryptocompare.com/faq>

## 20.8 Auto Backup

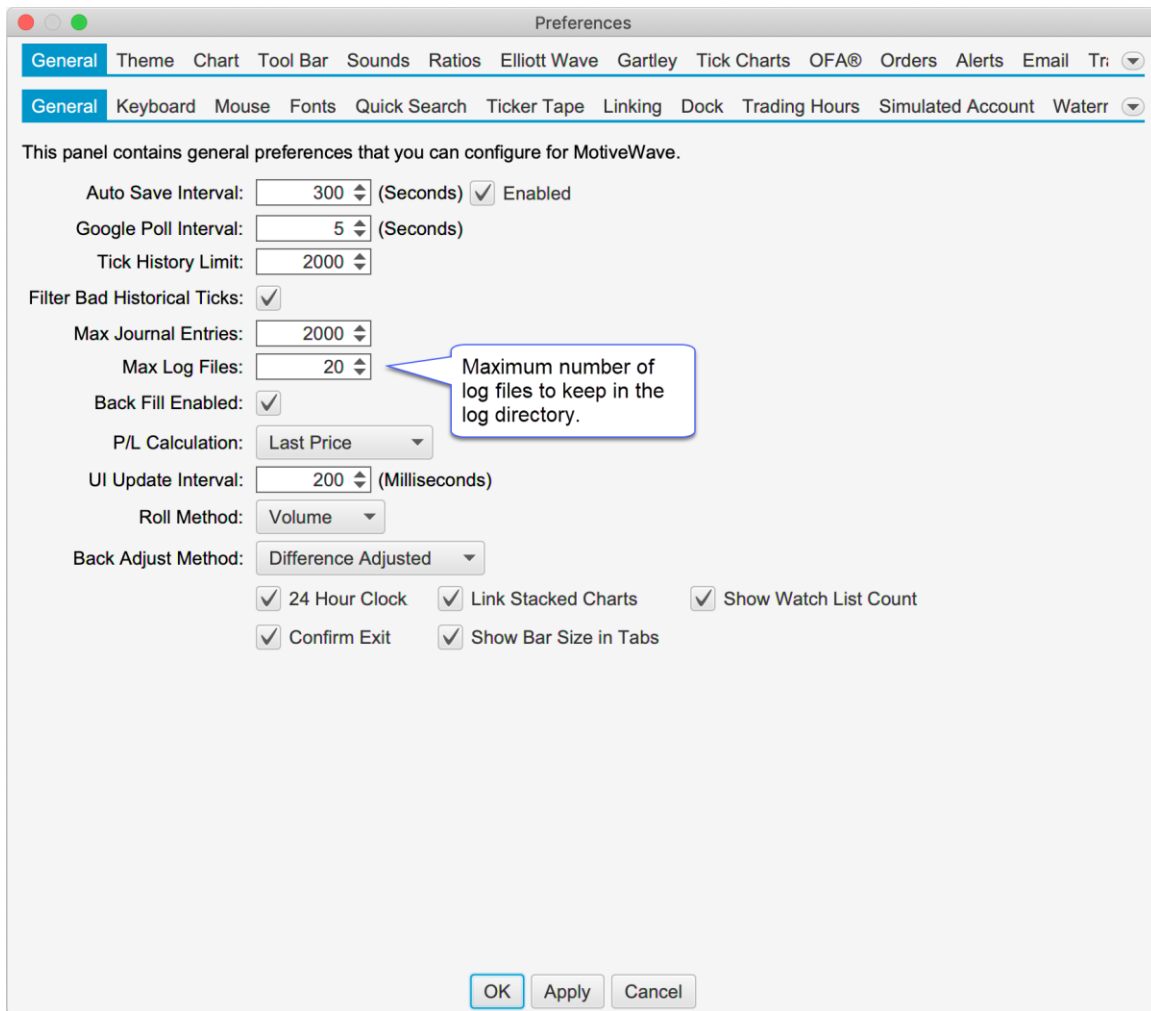
The auto backup feature will automatically create a backup of your open workspace on a given interval. Choose *Configure -> Preferences* from the Console menu bar and click on **General**, then on **Auto Backup** (see below).

The max files option will limit the number of backup files in the saved folder. When the limit is reached, the oldest backup file is removed from the folder (deleted).



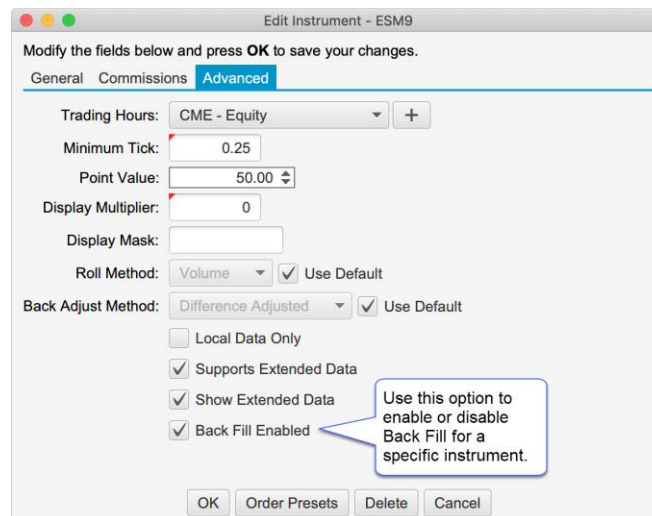
## 20.9 Log File Trimming

Every time MotiveWave™ is started a log file is created in the Log Folder (choose **Help** -> **Log Files** from the Console menu bar, or **Options** -> **Log Files** from the startup screen). Over time the number of log files in this folder can become quite large. As part of version 6, the number of files in this folder is trimmed to 20 (newest files are kept). You can change the number of log files that are kept (minimum of 5) in the **Preferences Dialog** (**Configure** -> **Preferences** from the Console menu bar, see **General** -> **General** tab).



## 20.10 Backfill Settings

Back Fill may be enabled (or disabled) per instrument in addition to globally. This option can be found in the Instrument Dialog (right click on a chart and choose **Edit Instrument**, see **Advanced** tab):



## 20.11 Reversal Bars

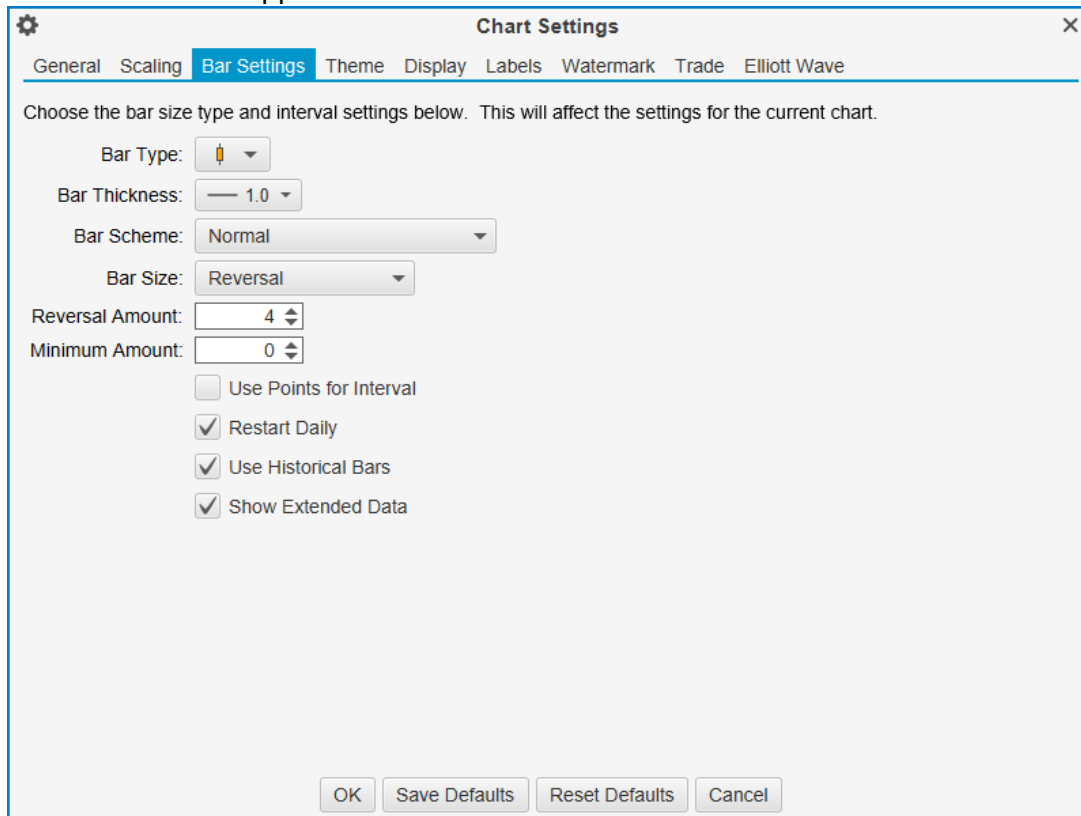
This new bar type has been added that has the following parameters:

- a. **Reversal Amount** – price movement in ticks from the high or low of the bar for the



bar to complete. The bar is considered complete when the close has reversed from the high/low by an amount equal or greater than this amount. Reversal bars alternate between reversing from the high and low (ie if one bar reverses from the high, the next bar will reverse from the low)

- b. **Minimum Amount** – Minimum range for the bar (high – low) before the reversal amount is applied.



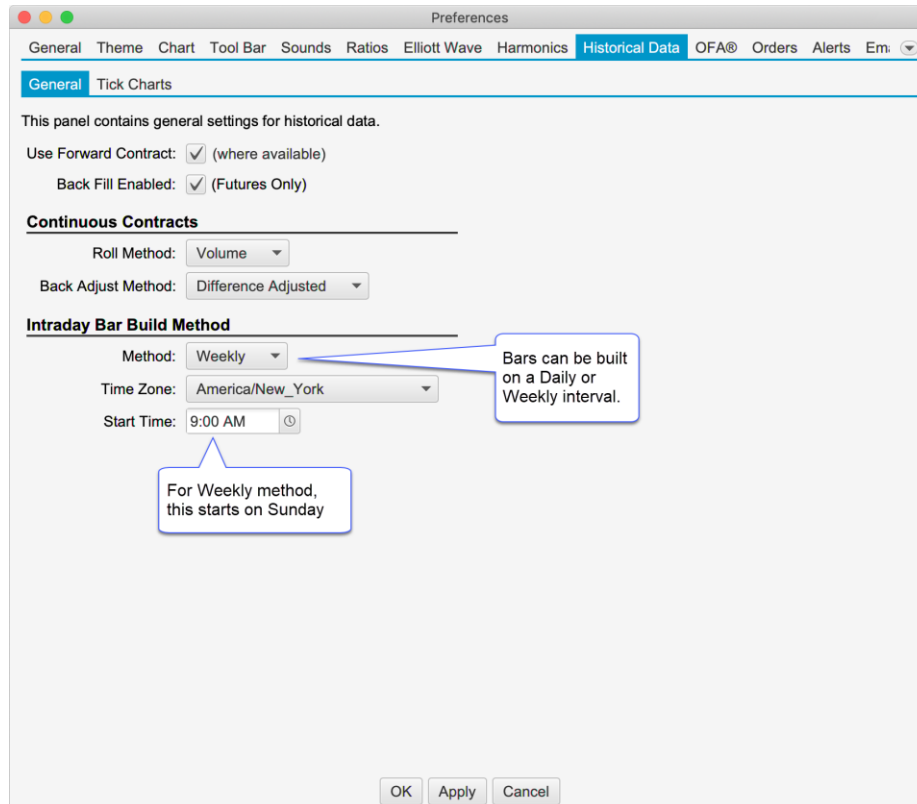
## 20.12 Intraday Bar Build Method

Depending on which broker/data service you are using, MotiveWave will receive and store historical bars in one or more of the following sizes (raw bar sizes): 1 min, 5 min, 30 min and 120 min.

All other bar sizes are built by combining data from the raw bars. By default, these bars are built on a weekly interval starting at 9:00 am on Sunday (EST).

This feature is now configurable in the Preferences Dialog (**Configure** -> **Preferences** from the Console menu bar, see **Historical Data** -> **General** tab). The following options are available:

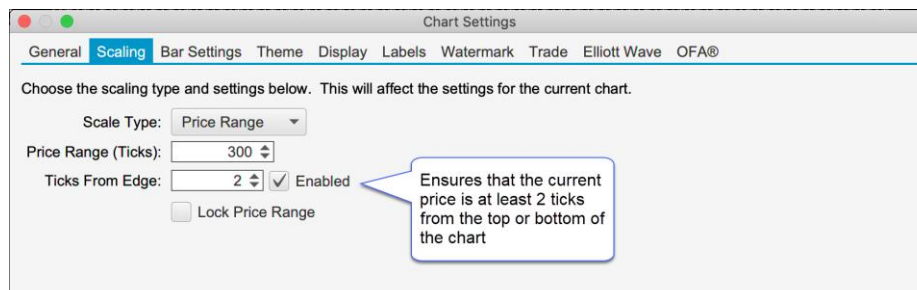
1. **Method** – Weekly or Daily. For weekly the bars will be built starting at the given time on Sunday
2. **Time Zone** – Relative timezone for the start time
3. **Start Time** – Time of day to start building the bars (using the time zone above).



### 20.13 Price Scaling Ticks From Edge

A new option has been added to the Price Range scaling option (see Chart Preferences Dialog **Scaling** tab, double click on the chart):

- **Ticks From Edge** – Keeps the current price at least X ticks away from the top or bottom of the chart. This setting only applies when the current price is shown on the chart.



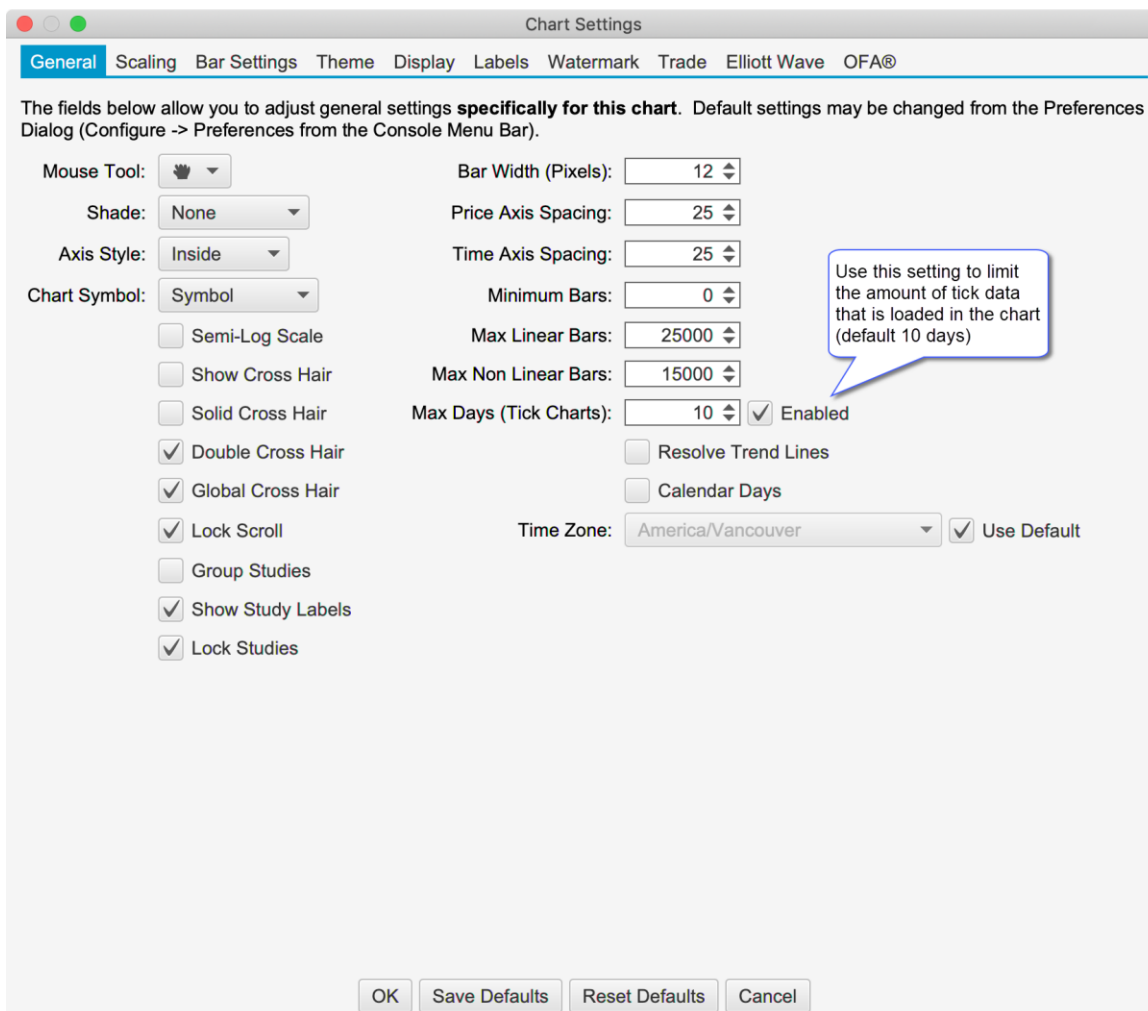
### 20.14 Tick Data Performance

Significant enhancements have been made to the loading and processing of tick data. In some cases, multiple concurrent requests for tick data are combined into a single fetch operation.

### 20.15 Non-Linear Bars

The approach to building non-linear bars (Tick, Renko, Range, Point & Figure, etc) has been re-written to be more consistent and efficient.

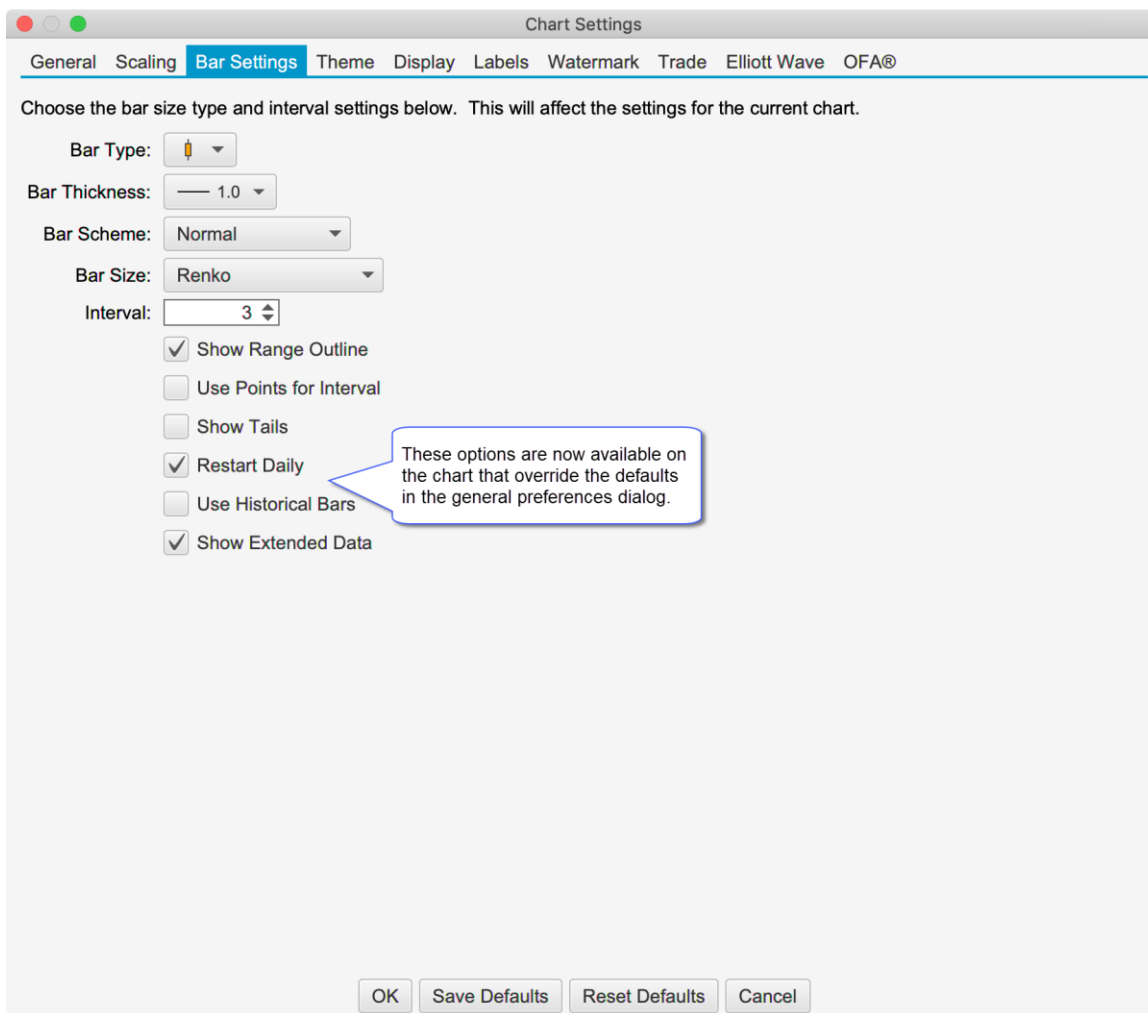
The maximum number of days of tick data (default 10 days) can be controlled from the Chart Settings dialog (see General Panel).



Two additional parameters have been added to the Bar Settings panel for Non-Linear bars:

1. **Restart Daily** – Restarts the calculation of the bars each day.
2. **Use Historical Bars** – Builds bars using historical minute bars (instead of tick data).

These settings are specific to the chart as opposed to the global settings in the general preferences dialog (Configure -> Preferences from the Console menu bar Historical Data -> Tick Charts).

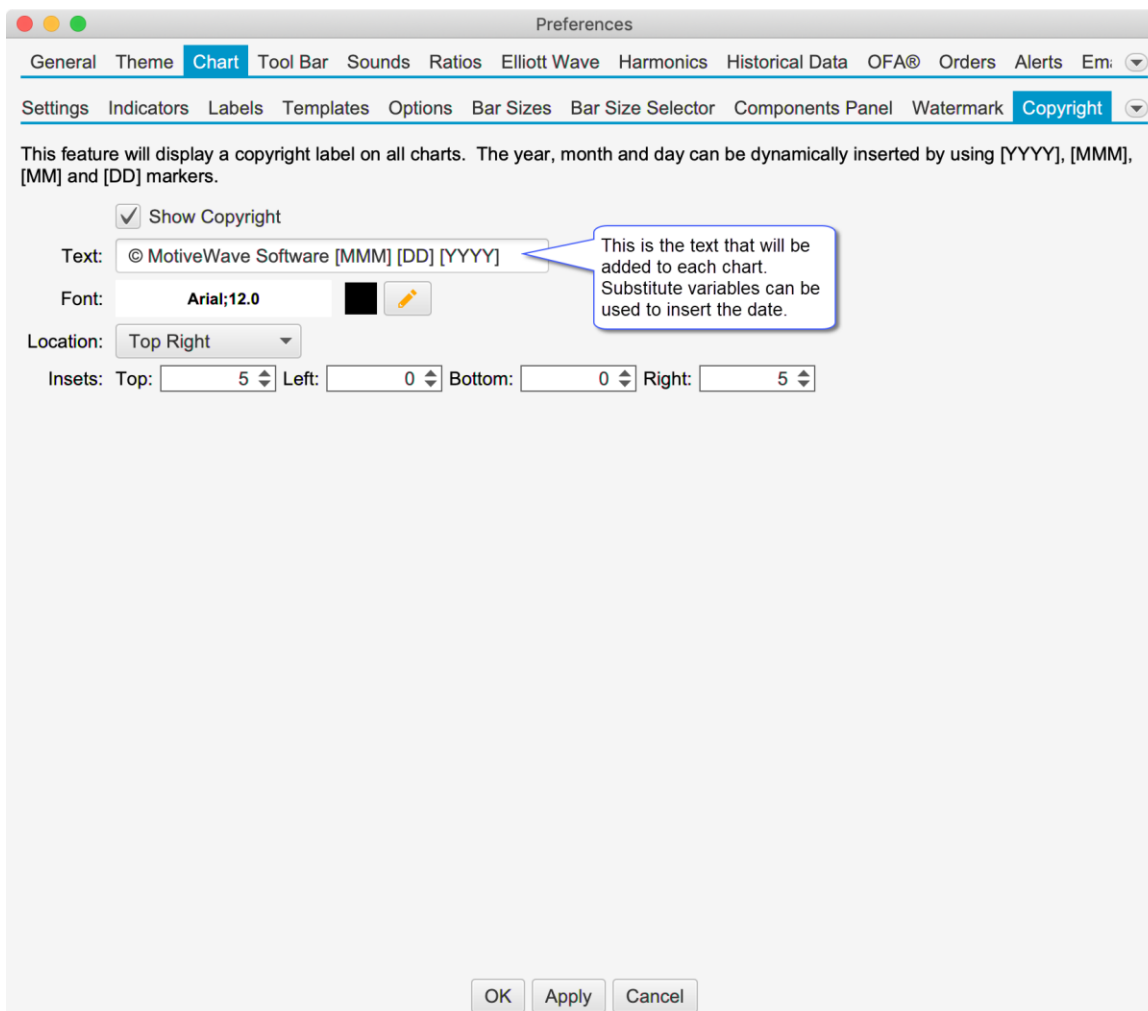


## 20.16 Copyright Watermark

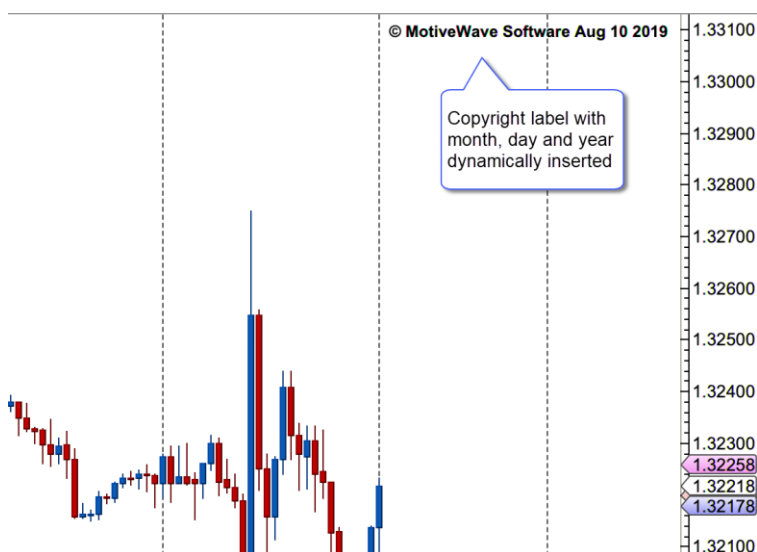
Note: this feature is only available in Professional Edition and above.

This feature is similar to the Watermark feature, but displays a copyright notice at a specific location on the chart. Day, month and year can optionally be inserted using the variables **[DD]**, **[MMM]** and **[YYYY]**. This feature is in the **General Preferences** dialog (**Configure** -> **Preferences** from the Console menu bar, click on **Chart**, then on **Copyright**).

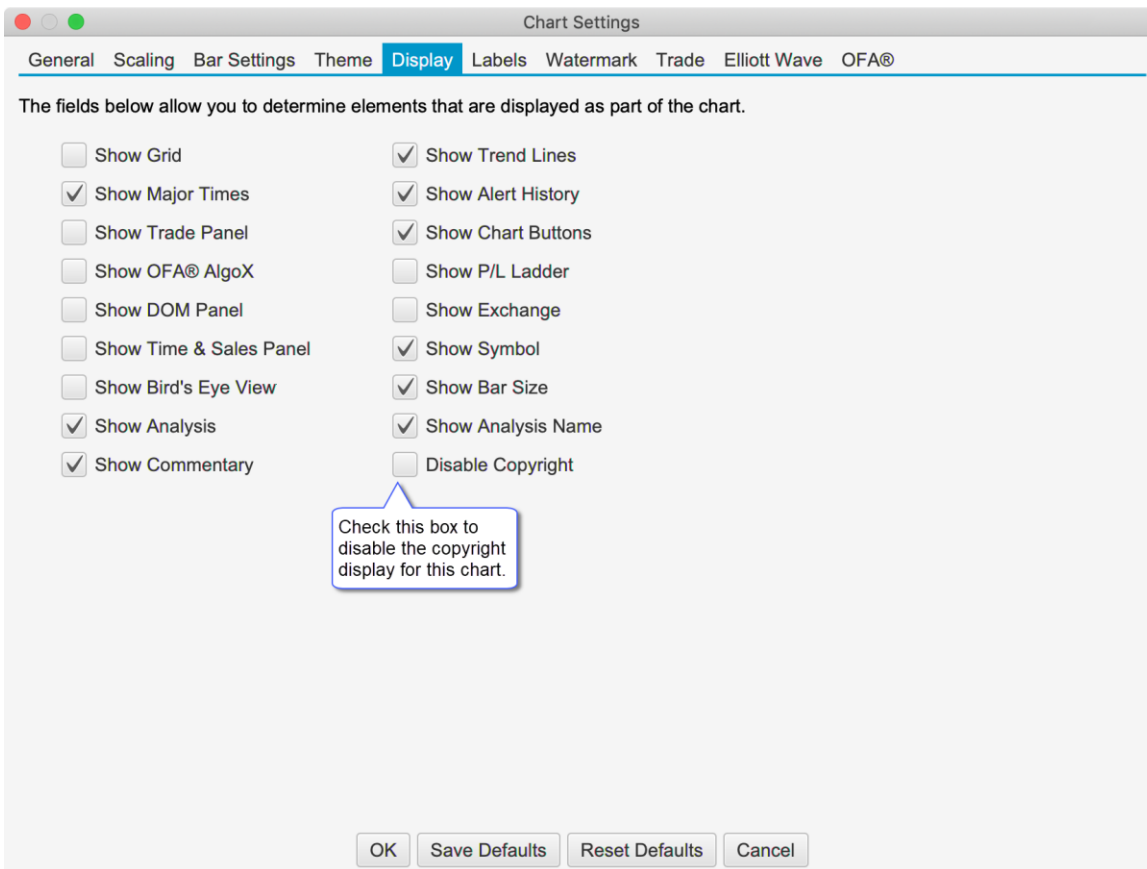
The copyright message can be moved or hidden on specific chart via the right click menu: Move Copyright -> Location.



The screen shot below shows the copyright statement on a chart (top right corner):

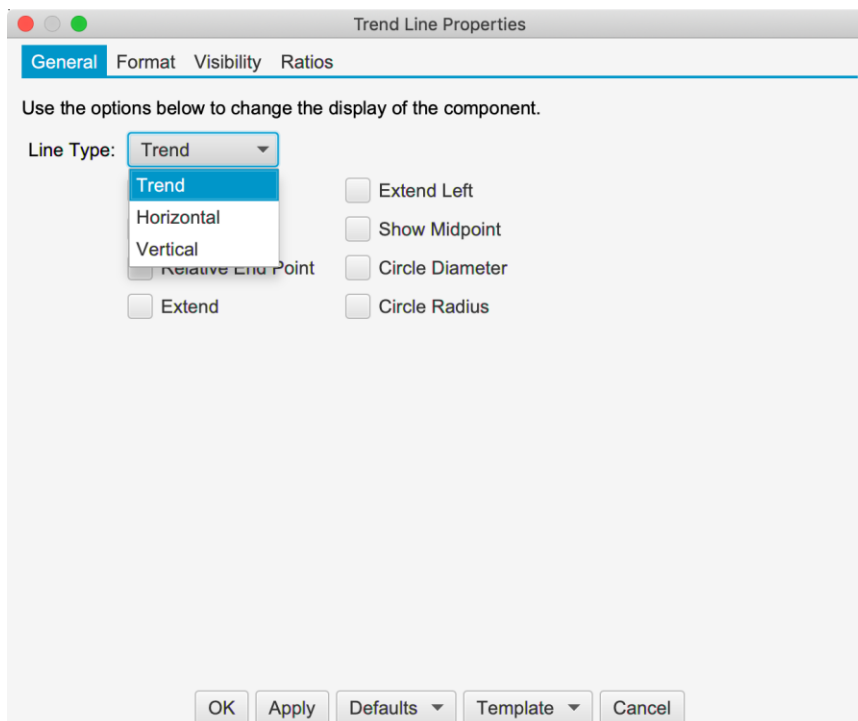


The copyright display can also be selectively disabled for a chart from the **Chart Settings** dialog (right click on chart and choose **Chart Settings**, see Display tab). Check the **Disable Copyright** box and press the **OK** button.



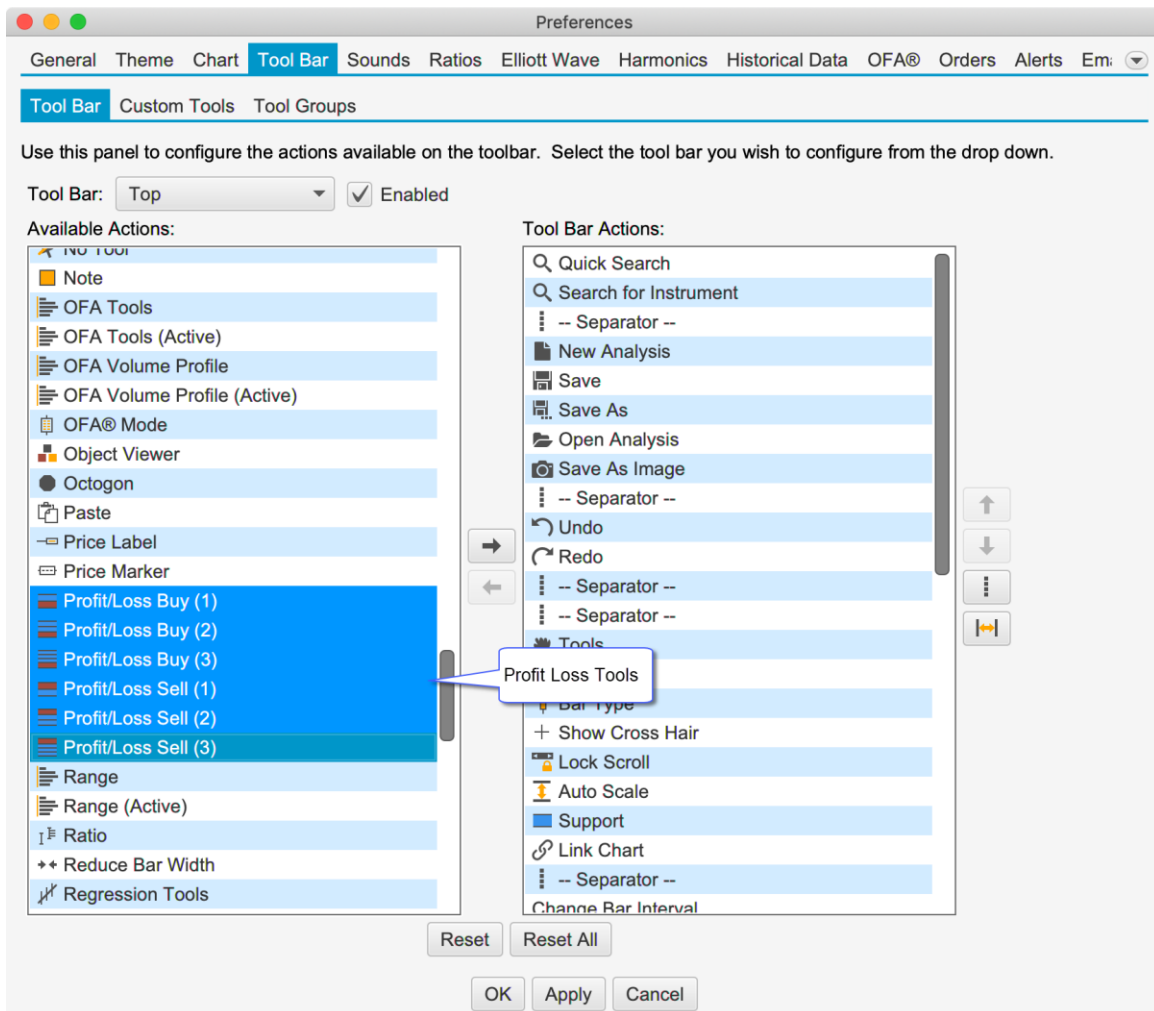
### 20.17 Trend Line Type

A Line Type option has been added to the Trend Line component (see Properties dialog). This option will allow you to set a trend line to be Horizontal or Vertical. The main purpose of this feature is to enable the creation of a custom horizontal or vertical line tool (see Custom Tools feature).



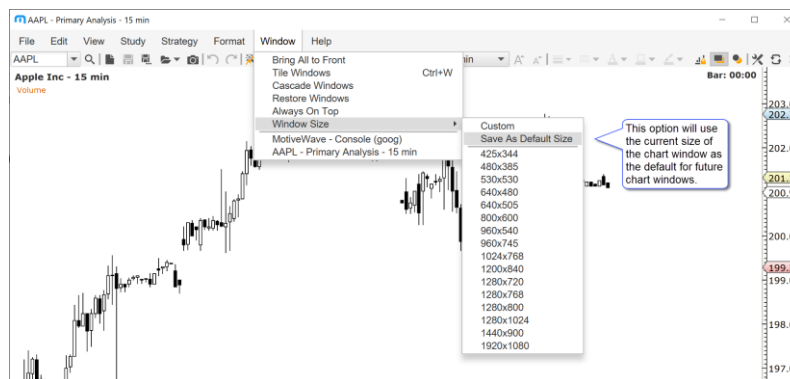
## 20.18 Profit Loss Mouse Tool

Mouse tools have been added for each of the Profit/Loss Calculator components. These tools can be added to the tool bar from the General Preferences dialog (Configure -> Preferences from the Console menu bar).



## 20.19 Chart Window Default Size

A default size can be applied to a chart window when they are created or popped out from the console.



## 20.20 Object Viewer

Components can be locked directly in the Object Viewer (View -> Object Viewer from the menu bar).

## 20.21 Scanner

Added the number of results in the “Scan Complete” message.

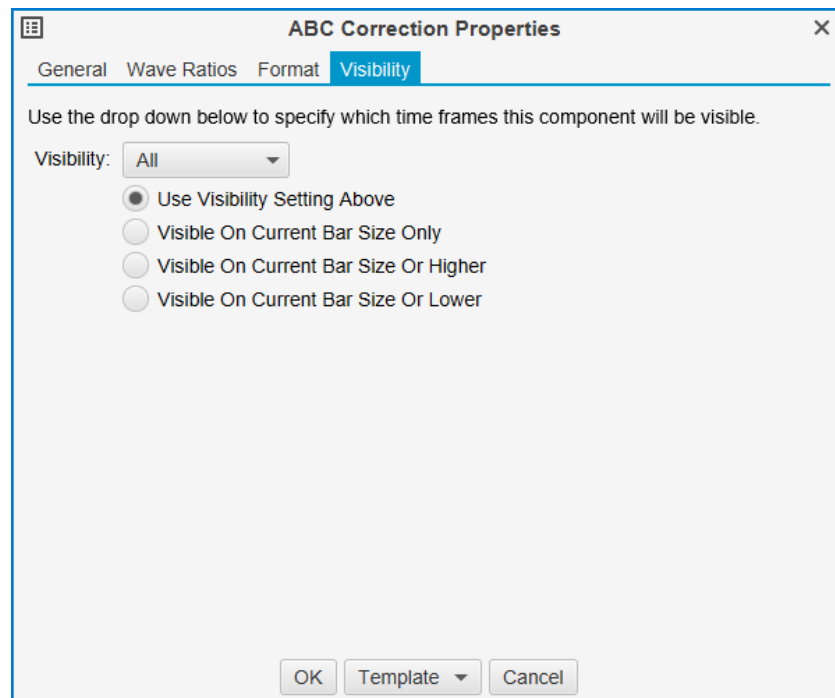
## 20.22 Save As Image Types

An additional image type has been added to the Save As Image action: GIF. The last saved type will be used as the default for future Save As Image actions. You can save as .PNG or .GIF

## 20.23 Visibility Options

Added the following visibility options to the Visibility tab (see Component Properties Dialog):

- a. **Visible On Current Bar Size Or Higher** – Sets the visibility to be GTE current bar size
- b. **Visible On Current Bar Size Or Lower** – Sets the visibility to be LTE current bar size.



## 20.24 Display Bars

The display bars setting can now be set individually for the chart. See chart settings “General” tab.



**Chart Settings**

The fields below allow you to adjust general settings **specifically for this chart**. Default settings may be changed from the Preferences Dialog (Configure -> Preferences from the Console Menu Bar).

Mouse Tool: | Bar Width (Pixels): 6

Shade: None | Price Axis Spacing: 25

Axis Style: Inside | Time Axis Spacing: 25

Chart Symbol: Symbol

Semi-Log Scale

Show Cross Hair

Solid Cross Hair

Double Cross Hair

Global Cross Hair

Lock Scroll

Group Studies

Show Study Labels

Lock Studies

Minimum Bars: 0

Max Linear Bars: 25000

Max Non Linear Bars: 25000

Max Days (Tick Charts): 10  Enabled

Display Bars: 95 % Percentage of the chart taken up by price bars

Resolve Trend Lines

Calendar Days

Time Zone: America/Denver

OK Save Defaults Reset Defaults Cancel

### 20.25 Bar Theme Price Line

The ability to change the price line for a custom bar theme has been added (when displaying a line chart vs a bar chart).

**MSFT (Close) - 15 min**

**Preferences**

General Theme Chart Tool Bar Sounds Ratios Elliott Wave Harmonics Historical Data Orders Alerts

Theme: Bar Themes Chart Themes

This panel allows you to configure custom bar themes. Click on the '+' button to define a new theme.

**Edit Bar Theme**

Name: Custom

Dark

Up Bar: Outline:  Enabled

Down Bar: Outline:  Enabled

Neutral Bar: Outline:  Enabled

Inside Bar: Outline:  Enabled

Outside Bar: Outline:  Enabled

Price Line:

Top Fill:

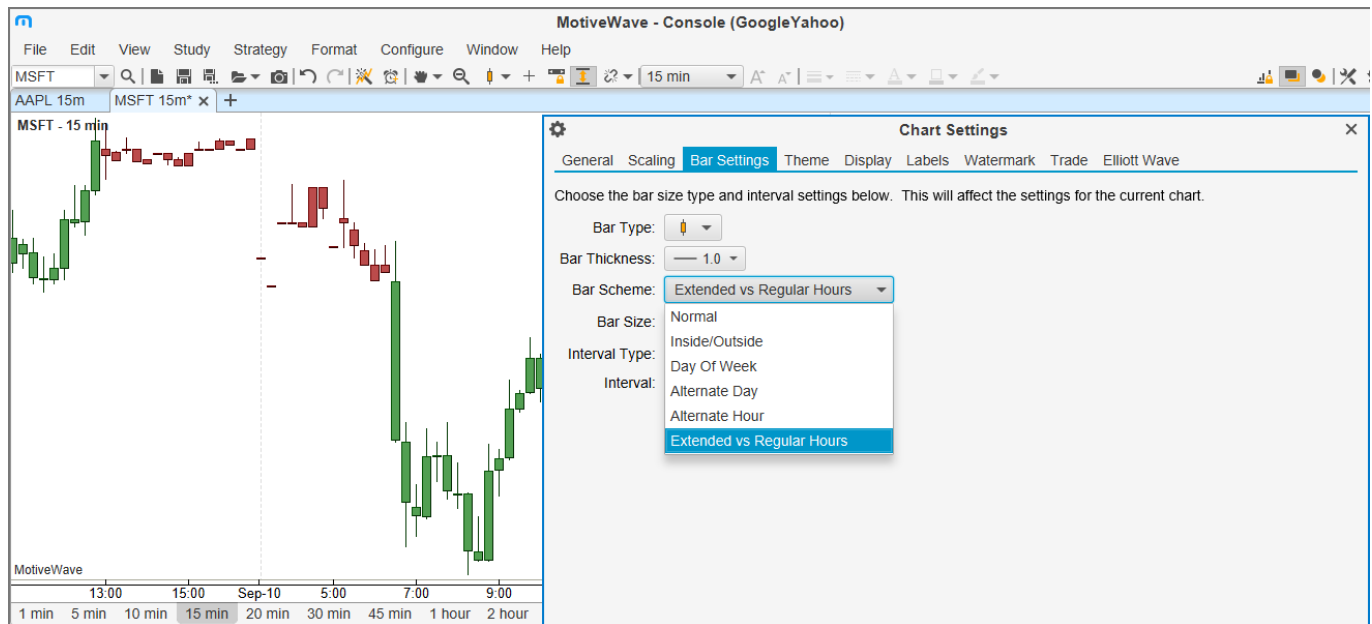
Bottom Fill:

OK Cancel

Symbol	Exchange	Last Pr...	Last Time
BIDU	NASDAQ	110.40	13:00:00
COST	NASDAQ	297.00	13:00:00
DECK	NYSE	151.38	13:02:00
FSLR	NASDAQ	62.38	13:00:00
LULU	NASDAQ	193.26	13:00:00
NFLX	NASDAQ	287.99	13:00:00

### 20.26 Extended vs Regular Bar Scheme

A new bar scheme has been added to color the extended and regular trading hours bars differently.



### 20.27 Drag Beyond Available Data


The chart can now be dragged beyond the available data leaving blank space on the left side of the chart.



### 20.28 Alert Close Position

An option has been added to close an open position when an alert is triggered (see Trade tab of the

Alert Dialog).

 Create Alert
✕

Alert
Advanced
Trade

Symbol:

Symbol	Position	Bid Size	Bid	Ask	Ask Size	Last Price
MSFT		0	136.07	136.09	0	136.08

Close Open Position on Alert Activated

Close Position Account:

Place Trade on Alert Activated

Account:

Quantity:

Type:

Expires:

Limit

Stop

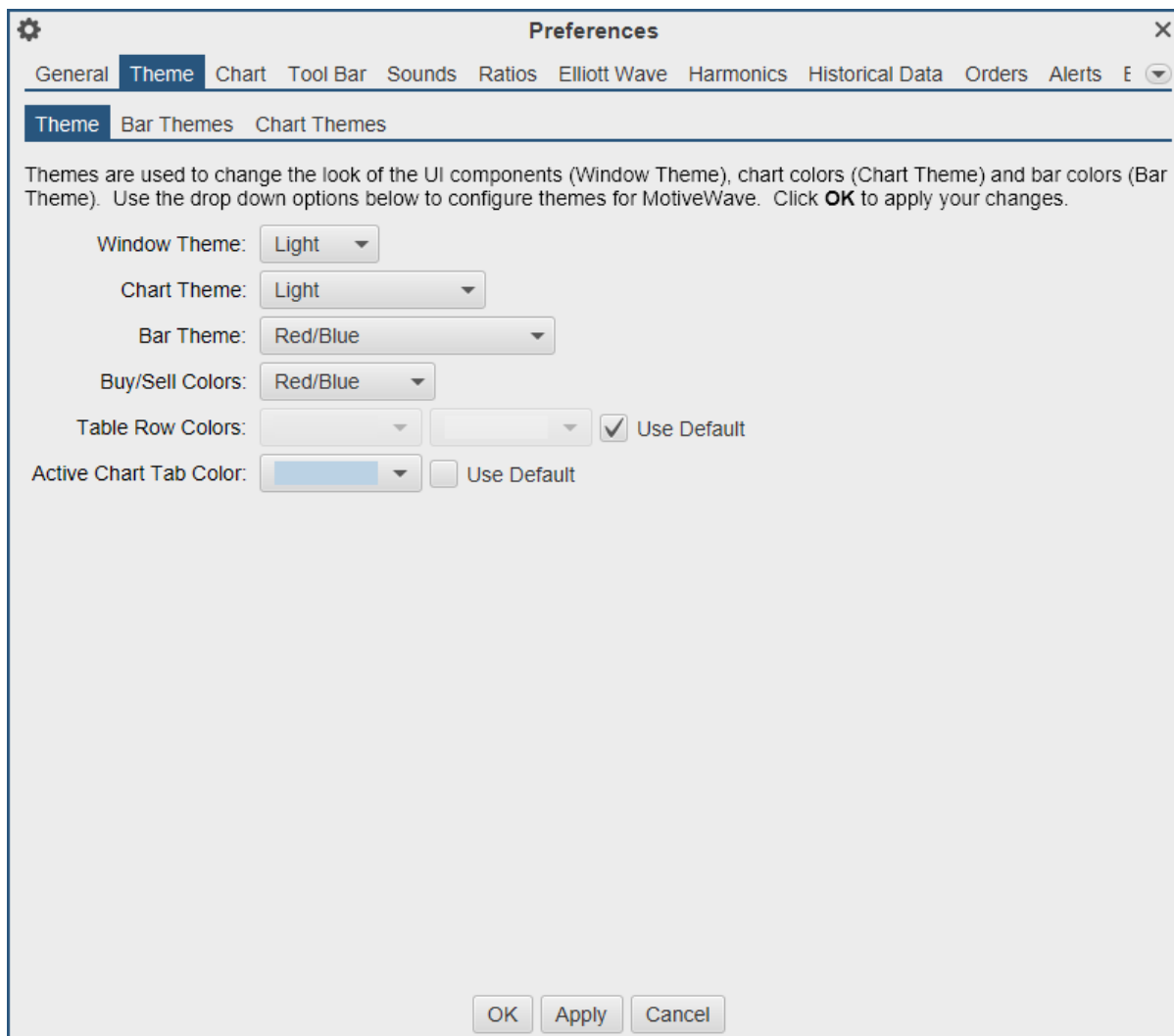
Trail

### 20.29 IQFeed Odd Lot Ticks

This option will enable “Odd Lot Ticks” to be visible in MotiveWave for IQFeed symbols (off by default). See General Preferences Dialog (Configure -> Preferences from the Console menu bar) -> “General” tab.

### 20.30 Active Chart Tab Color

The color of the dock bar/tabs for active charts can be customized in the Preferences dialog (see “Theme” -> “Theme”, “Active Chart Tab Color”).



### **20.31 Updated Window Themes**

The dark and light themes have been updated to remove station borders and present a flatter look and feel.

### **20.32 StockWatch Connector**

This data service connector has been removed in this update since they no longer support third party applications.

### **20.33 Java Update**

Updated to the latest version of Java and JavaFX (12.0.2).

## 21 Software Development Kit

### 21.1 SDK Enhancements

The methods: `getBars(...)` and `forEachBar(...)` in the **Instrument** interface now support non-linear bars.

### 21.2 SDK Market By Order

Market by Order information has been added to the Depth of Market (DOM) classes. For each `DOMRow`, a list of orders (`DOMOrder`) is available.

Figure 1 DOMRow Interface

```

package com.motivewave.platform.sdk.common;

import java.util.List;

/** Represents a row in the Depth of Market (DOM) with a price
    and aggregate size. */
public interface DOMRow
{
    /** Gets the price for this row.
        @return price for this row */
    float getPrice();
    /** Gets the size for this row. For some instruments [such as crypto
        currencies] this can contain floating point values.
        @return size for this row */
    float getSize();
    /** Gets the number of active limit orders at this price. Zero (0) will
        be returned if this feature is not supported by the broker.
        @return number of active orders at this price */
    int getOrderCount();
    /** Gets the list of active limit orders at this price (ordered by priority,
        first order is at the front of the queue). This is only available if
        your broker supports Market By Order.
        @return active limit orders (ordered by priority) for this price */
    List<DOMOrder> getOrders();
}

```

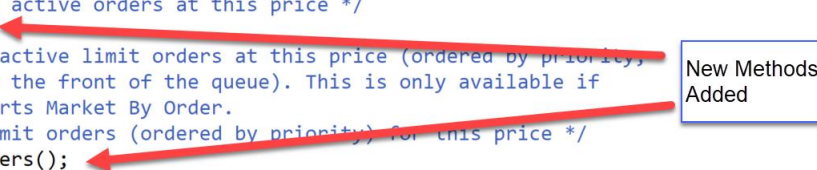


Figure 2 DOMOrder Interface

```

package com.motivewave.platform.sdk.common;

/** Represents an order in a Depth of Market Row (DOMRow).
    These orders are only available if your broker supports Market By Order. */
public interface DOMOrder
{
    /** Gets the id of the order at the exchange.
        @return exchange order id */
    String getExchangeOrderId();
    /** Gets the displayed quantity of this order.
        @return quantity of this order */
    float getQuantity();
}

```

### 21.3 SDK Historical Data

Historical ticks and bars can be accessed directly from the Instrument interface (`com.motivewave.platform.sdk.common.Instrument`).

#### Tick Data: Use Historical Bars

For tick data, a new option has been added to the `forEachTick` method: `useHistoricalBars`. This option will generate ticks from historical bars (starting from 1 minute bars) instead of loading historical ticks.

This option is useful if tick data is not available or you need to load a large amount of data (and accuracy is not as important).

### Historical Bars

Historical bars can now be accessed directly (without the DataSeries interface). This allows you to access bars without declaring them in the SettingsDescriptor. **Note:** only linear bars  $\geq 1$  min are currently supported.

```
import java.beans.PropertyChangeListener;

/** Represents an Instrument. */
public interface Instrument
{
    :
    :
    /** Performs the given operation on each tick that occurred between the given startTime and endTime.
     * If you need a large number of ticks (> 100K), this is preferred to the getTicks method since it
     * will be less memory intensive.
     * @param startTime start time (in milliseconds since 1970)
     * @param endTime end time (in milliseconds since 1970)
     * @param rth regular trading hours
     * @param useHistoricalBars if true, ticks are generated from historical OHLC bars
     * @param operation operation to perform on each tick */
    void forEachTick(long startTime, long endTime, boolean rth, boolean useHistoricalBars, TickOperation operation);
    :
    :
    /** Performs the given operation on each bar that occurred between the given startTime and endTime.
     * Note: only linear bars are currently supported (no second base bars either)
     * @param startTime start time (in milliseconds since 1970)
     * @param endTime end time (in milliseconds since 1970)
     * @param barSize size of the bars
     * @param rth regular trading hours
     * @param operation operation to perform on each bar */
    void forEachBar(long startTime, long endTime, BarSize barSize, boolean rth, BarOperation operation) throws MException;

    /** Gets the bars that occurred between the given startTime and endTime
     * @param startTime start time (in milliseconds since 1970)
     * @param endTime end time (in milliseconds since 1970)
     * @param rth regular trading hours
     * @return list of ticks that occurred in the given time */
    List<Bar> getBars(long startTime, long endTime, BarSize barSize, boolean rth) throws MException;

    /** Loads the given number of bars from the given end time.
     * @param endTime end time (in milliseconds since 1970)
     * @param count number of bars to load
     * @param rth regular trading hours
     * @return list of ticks that occurred in the given time */
    List<Bar> getBars(long endTime, int count, BarSize barSize, boolean rth) throws MException;
}
```

```

package com.motivewave.platform.sdk.common;

/** Represents a historical bar. */
public interface Bar
{
    /** Gets the bar size for the bar.
    @return bar size for the bar. */
    BarSize getBarSize();

    /** Gets the start time for the bar (in milliseconds since 1970).
    @return the start time of the bar (in milliseconds since 1970). */
    long getStartTime();
    /** Gets the end time for the bar (in milliseconds since 1970).
    @return the end time of the bar (in milliseconds since 1970). */
    long getEndTime();

    /** Gets the open price for the bar
    @return open price for the bar */
    float getOpen();
    /** Gets the high price for the bar.
    @return high price for the bar. */
    float getHigh();
    /** Gets the low price for the bar.
    @return low price for the bar. */
    float getLow();
    /** Gets the close price for the bar.
    @return close price for the bar. */
    float getClose();
    /** Gets the volume for the bar (as a long value).
    @return trade volume for the bar (as a long value) */
    long getVolume();
    /** Gets the volume for the bar as a floating point value
    @return trade volume for the bar (as a floating point value) */
    float getVolumeAsFloat();
    /** Gets the open interest for the bar (daily bars only, if available)
    @return open interest (daily bars only) */
    int getOpenInterest();
    /** Gets the number of trades for this bar (if available)
    @return number of trades for this bar. */
    int getTrades();
    /** Gets the volume weighted average price for the bar (if available).
    @return volume weighed average price (if available) */
    float getVWAP();
}

```

## 21.4 SDK Aggregate and Filter Ticks

Two new options have been added to the Study Header (false by default). If these options are enabled, the user will be able to configure the settings in the “Options” tab of the study dialog.

- a. **allowTickAggregate** – If true, the user will be given the option aggregate tick data using the given aggregate period in milliseconds
- b. **allowTickFilter** – If true, the user will be given the option to set a min and or max trade size to be filtered before passing the data to the study.
- c. **Affected Studies** – these options have been turned on for the following studies: Volume Imprint, Delta Volume, Cumulative Delta, Bid/Ask Volume